#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 393 450 IR 055 853

AUTHOR Kyrillidou, Martha, Comp.; And Others

TITLE ARL Statistics 1994-95: A Compilation of Statistics

from the One Hundred and Nineteen Members of the

Association of Research Libraries.

INSTITUTION Association of Research Libraries, Washington,

D.C.

REPORT NO ISSN-0147-2135

PUB DATE 96

NOTE 115p.; For the 1993-94 statistics, see ED 380 139.

AVAILABLE FROM Association of Research Libraries, 21 Dupont Circle,

Suite 800, Washington, DC 20036 (subscription: ARL Members \$35/year; Nonmembers, \$65/year, plus \$5

shipping and handling).

PUB TYPE Statistical Data (110) -- Reports -

Research/Technical (143) -- Tests/Evaluation

Instruments (160)

EDRS PRICE MF01/PC05 Plus Postage.

DESCRIPTORS Annual Reports; College Libraries; Higher Education;

Interlibrary Loans; \*Library Collections; \*Library Expenditures; Library Materials; \*Library Personnel; \*Library Services; \*Library Statistics; \*Research

Libraries; Tables (Data)

IDENTIFIERS Association of Research Libraries

#### **ABSTRACT**

This annual publication describes the collections, staffing, expenditures, and public service activities for the 108 university and 11 nonuniversity members of the Association of Research Libraries (ARL) during the 1994-95 fiscal year. This particular edition offers instructions for locating interactive ARL statistics on the world wide web, a 35-item selected bibliography, summary data tables on collections, expenditures, and personnel and public services, an analysis of selected variables, and statistics on Ph.D., faculty, and enrollment. A collection of rank order tables offers statistical information on: volumes in library; volumes added (gross); current serials (totals); microform holdings; government documents; materials expenditures; salaries and wages expenditures; other operating expenditures; total library expenditures; monographs purchased (volumes); expenditures for monographs; serials purchased (subscriptions); expenditures for serials; total items loaned; total items borrowed, professional staff full-time equivalent (FTE); support staff (FTE); and total staff (FTE). A copy of the ARL statistics questionnaire is provided along with footnotes to the statistics and a list of ARL members. (BEW)

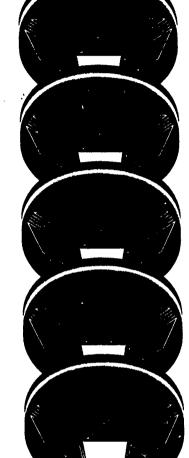
<sup>\*</sup> Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made

from the original document.

# ARI STATISTICS







U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, Office of Educational Research and Instruments' EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)

This document has been reproduced as received from the person or organization originating it

Minor changes have been made to improve reproduction quality

Points of view or opinions stated in this document do not necessarily represent official OERI position or policy

"PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

C.A. Mandel

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (ERIC)."

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

# ARL STATISTICS 1994-95

A Compilation of Statistics
FROM THE ONE HUNDRED AND NINETEEN MEMBERS OF THE
ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES

COMPILED AND EDITED BY

MARTHA KYRILLIDOU KIMBERLY A. MAXWELL KENDON STUBBS

Association of Research Libraries Washington, DC 1996



#### The ARL Statistics is published annually by

Association of Research Libraries 21 Dupont Circle, Suite 800 Washington, DC 20036 Telephone: (202) 296-2296 FAX: (202) 872-0884

email: arlhq@cni.org

Price: ARL Members \$35/year, plus \$5 shipping and handling Nonmembers \$65/year, plus \$5 shipping and handling

The following datafiles with accompanying documentation are available from the ARL Publications Office for \$15.00 each:

- Research Library Statistics, 1907-08 through 1991-92
- ARL Statistics 1992-93
- ARL Statistics 1993-94
- ARL Statistics 1994-95

The quantitative rank order tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

ISSN: 0147-2135

#### © Copyright Notice

The compilation is copyrighted by the Association of Research Libraries. Blanket permission is granted to reproduce and distribute copies of this work for nonprofit educational or library purposes, provided that the author, source, and copyright notice are included on each copy. This permission is in addition to rights of reproduction granted under Sections 107, 108, and other provisions of the U.S. Copyright Act.



The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of American National Standard for Information Sciences -- Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials, ANSI Z39.48-199X.

Printed in the United States of America



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Interactive	ARL Statistics on the World Wide Web 5	
Introduction	<b>1</b>	,
Selected 1	Bibliography17	,
ARL Librai	ry Data Tables 1994-95	
Collect	ions22	?
	Summary Data	5
Expend	liturae 3	J
	Summary Data	)
Person	nel and Public Services	3
	Summary Data4	ŧ
Analysis o	f Selected Variables4	5
•		
Ph.D., Fact	ulty, and Enrollment Statistics	/ ດ
	Summary Data4	7
	er <b>Table</b> s <b>of University Librarie</b> s ary of Rank Order Tables5	2
Indivi	dual Tables	_
1	. Volumes in Library5	5
2		16
3	. Current Serials Total	)/
4	. Microform Units	)C
5	. Government Documents	); T
6	. Total Library Materials Expenditures	л 51
7		50
. 8		63
9		64
10		6.1
11 12		61
13		6
14		6
15		6
16	5. Professional Staff (FTE)	7
17	7. Support Staff (FTE)	7
18		7



ARL S	tatistics Questionnaire, 1994-95
Footno	tes to the ARL Statistics, 1994-95
Appen	dix A. List of ARL Member Libraries 117
	GRAPHS
2. 3.	Service Trends in ARL Libraries, 1991-95



# INTERACTIVE ARL STATISTICS ON THE WORLD WIDE WEB

ARL Statistics 1994-95 are also available on the WWW, supplementing previously available data from 1992-93. Maintained and supported by the Social Sciences Data Center at the University of Virginia, this page offers researchers access to the ARL Statistics in spreadsheet format with documentation. These files can be downloaded through a browser to your local computer and then manipulated with Excel or Quattro or Lotus for local needs. The page is formatted for the Netscape 1.1 or more recent browser, but other browsers may be used to access the data.

In addition to FTP and other downloading capabilities, the page now offers maps and graphics of selected ARL data for viewing and printing. For the particularly adventurous, this page links to an interactive graphics and statistics page, allowing users to manipulate their data queries. One may choose univariate, bivariate, or multivariate statistics in addition to a vast array of selections with which to customize a query. The interactive page also includes options for regional aggregates, customized samples of observations, and even simple rank order tabulations of data.

These pages and their options may be accessed by seeking the ARL Statistics home page:

<URL: http://arl.cni.org/stats/Statistics/stat.html>

or the Social Sciences Data Center home page:

<URL: http://www.lib.virginia.edu/socsci/arl/test-arl/>

or gopher:

gopher arl.cni.org, select "Statistics and Measurement"

or FTP:

ftp arl.cni.org, login as "anonymous", cd stats



.

#### Introduction

The 1994-95 ARL Statistics is the latest in a series of annual publications that describe the collections, staffing, expenditures, and public service activities for the 119 member libraries of the Association of Research Libraries (ARL) in 1994-95. Of these, 108 are university libraries; the remaining 11 represent a mixture of public, governmental, and private research collections. A complete listing of the ARL member libraries is provided as Appendix A. ARL member libraries are the largest research libraries in North America, representing 15 Canadian and 104 U.S. research institutions. The academic libraries, which comprise 90% of the membership, include 13 Canadian and 95 U.S. libraries.

Statistics have been collected and published annually for the members of the Association of Research Libraries since 1961-62. Before that, annual statistics for university libraries were collected by James Gerould, first at Minnesota and later at Princeton. These data cover the years 1907-08 through 1961-62 and are now called the Gerould statistics. The whole data series from 1908 to the present represents the oldest and most comprehensive continuing library statistical series in North America. Currently, data since 1992-93 are available over the Internet. The electronic publication of the ARL Statistics on the World Wide Web (WWW), developed by Spencer Graf at the Social Sciences Data Center at the University of Virginia, features an interactive data analysis component that allows readers to conduct univariate, bivariate, and multivariate analysis. For more information see <URL: http://arl.cni.org/> and select ARL Statistics and Measurement.

Of all academic libraries in North America, members of the association represent a relatively small subset but they account for a large portion of academic library resources in size of assets, the budgets, and the number of users they serve. Although limited to describing only ARL member institutions, the ARL data are indicators of library trends for North America in general.

#### SERVICE TRENDS

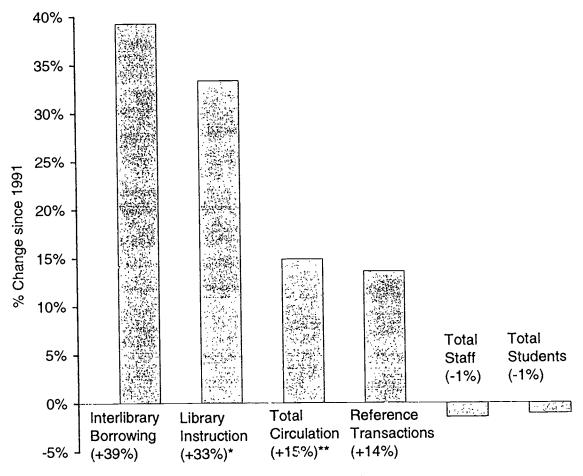
For some years, measurements of service have been collected through the ARL Supplementary Statistics questionnaire. With the increasing recognition that the success of an academic library is dependent not only on the number of books in the collection but rather on how often the books are used, the measurement of service has become increasingly important. This year's survey includes six questions about public service activities that have been collected in the past through the Supplementary Survey: circulations (initial, total, and reserve), reference transactions, and library instruction (group presentations and participants in these presentations). Together with the interlibrary loan questions, the new service questions describe a range of user-initiated activities in ARL libraries. Readers should be cautious when they use these data for comparison because local policies can influence such activities. For example, loan periods vary widely among libraries and the number of transactions a library reports depends to some extent on the length of loan periods.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Robert E. Molyneux, *The Gerould Statistics 1907/08-1961/62*. (Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1986).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Kendon L. Stubbs and Robert E. Molyneux, *Research Library Statistics 1907-08 through 1987-88* (Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1990).

Graph 1: Service Trends in ARL Libraries, 1991-95



<sup>\*</sup> Llbrary Instruction represents the number of Group Presentations

Table 1
Service Trends in ARL Libraries, 1991-1995
Median Values for Time-Series Trends

Year	Interlibrary Borrowing	Library Instruction	Total Circulation	Reference Transactions	Total Staff	Total Students	
(No. of Libraries)	(106)	(87)	(87)	(83)	(106)	(106)	
1991	10,342	512	501,128	131,441	271	18,290	
1992	11,318	535	536,039	1,32,574	267	18,273	
1993	12,486	620	559,383	139,044	263	18,450	
1994	13.996	569	570,671	152,706	266	18,287	
1995	14,403	683	575,731	149,326	267	18,089	
Annual average percent	8.6%	7.5%	3.5%	3.2%	-0,4%	-0.3%	



<sup>\*\*</sup> Total circulation includes Initial and Renewals but excludes Reserve circulation

With this in mind, it is useful to look at the growth of services in the aggregate. Graph 1 illustrates that there has been a significant increase in the aggregate of services delivered to users without a corresponding increase in the staffing of libraries. It makes clear that user demand for research library services has risen considerably faster than both numbers of users and library staffs. During the 1990s, ARL library staffs and their primary customer groups of students have remained essentially constant. But in only five years, interlibrary borrowing for students and faculty has risen by more than a third, instructional sessions in libraries by a third, and circulations and information contacts by around 15%. Other evidence indicates that the increasing availability of information in electronic form is coming closer to meeting the information needs of students and enhancing the ways in which research libraries provide service.

For example, online catalogs have made library resources more easily accessible to library users, consequently increasing circulation of materials. New information tools such as CD-ROMs have increased the number of reference questions. Perhaps most interestingly, by 1995 one of every four instructional sessions in a typical ARL library had been added since 1991. The 108 academic library members provided 68,000 teaching sessions during 1994-95. If we assume that each session was an hour or more, then, on the average, the typical ARL library offered the equivalent of 14 three-hour credit courses last year.

These increases in service activities were carried out by approximately the same number of staff as in 1991. In five years staff in ARL libraries accommodated increases of 13,000 instructional sessions, almost 10 million additional circulations, and almost 2 million additional requests for information assistance from students and faculty. Clearly a great amount of restructuring and reengineering of staff functions has been underway in ARL libraries to accommodate increases of these magnitudes in staff workloads.

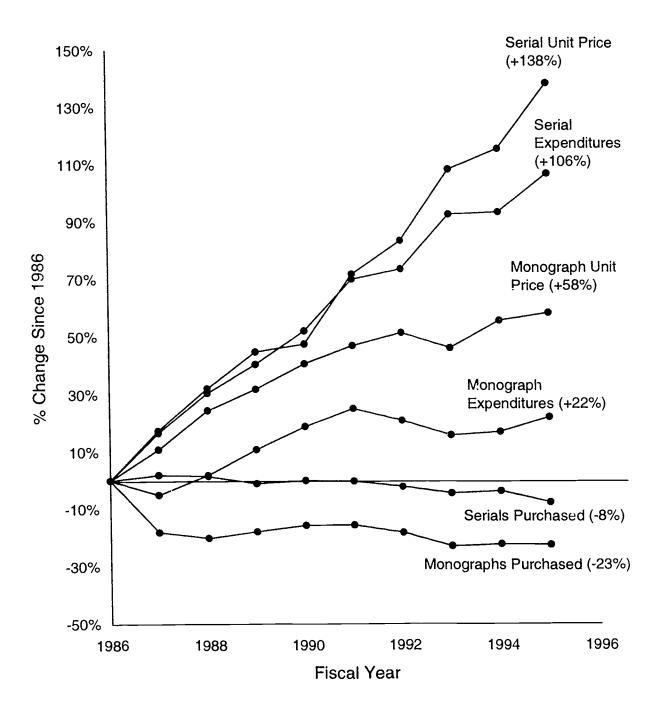
#### THE DECLINE OF OWNERSHIP

While demand for library services is increasing drastically, library budgets cannot keep up with serial and monograph inflation costs. Graph 2, entitled "Monograph and Serial Costs," tells this story. As serial subscriptions are canceled and monograph acquisitions reduced, services such as interlibrary loan are used more heavily as shown in Graph 3 and entitled "Supply and Demand." Additionally, "Resources per Student" are reduced as shown in Graph 4 which has the same descriptive title.

Although it is tempting to draw generalizations from these major trends, it would be a mistake to oversimplify. The environment of academic and research libraries is complex. To some extent, these trends are tied to the transformational nature of new technologies and networking capabilities. Although most monograph and serial titles are still produced in a paper format, traditional formats are being challenged by electronic production and dissemination of scholarly information. Electronic communication and the establishment of networks, consortia, and interinstitutional agreements are similarly making the dissemination of information more effective not only for digitized materials but for printed books and/or photocopies as well. Other possible explanations for the trends above could also include the strong emphasis on scientific and technical research, expectations for timely information, and the twigging effect of specialization in new fields of knowledge. No matter what the underlying causal relations, research libraries are exchanging some of the traditional archival imperatives for the demands of "information here and now."



# Graph 2: Monograph and Serial Costs in ARL Libraries, 1986-1995



Source: ARL Statistics 1994-95, Association of Research Libraries, Washington DC



Table 2
Monograph and Serial Costs in ARL Libraries, 1986-1995
Median Values for Time-Series Trends

Year	Serial Unit Price	Serial Expenditures	Monograph Unit Price	Monograph Expenditures	Serials Purchased	Monographs Purchased
(N.s. of Libraries)	(43)	(103)	(63)	(99)	(43)	(63)
1986	\$88.81	\$1,517,724	\$28.65	\$1,120.645	16,198	33,210
1987	\$104.30	\$1,770,567	\$31.76	\$1,064,484	16,518	27,214
1988	\$117.25	\$1.979.604	\$35.63	\$1,141,226	16,443	26,541
1989	\$128.47	\$2,130,162	\$37.74	\$1,241,133	16,015	27,268
1990	\$130.81	\$2,304,744	\$40.26	\$1,330,747	16,182	27,999
1991	\$152.43	\$2,578,309	\$42.04	\$1,400,738	16,149	28,027
1992	\$162.72	\$2,630,827	\$43.31	\$1,353.865	15,846	27.158
1993	\$184.71	\$2,919,756	\$41.78	\$1,295,807	15,463	25,583
1994	\$191.13	\$2,932,091	\$44.51	\$1,309,807	15,583	25,803
1995	\$211.29	\$3,133,885	\$45.27	\$1,365,575	14,942	25,719
Annual average percent change	11.4%	9.5%	5.9%	2.5%	-1.0%	-3.1%

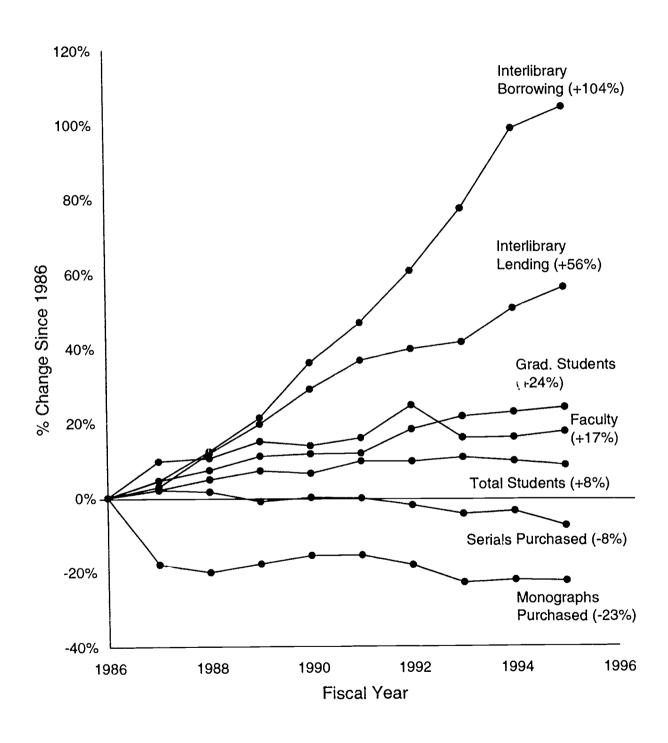
In more specific terms, ARL data show that since 1986 ARL libraries doubled expenditures for serials while buying 8% fewer serials (Table 2 and Graph 2). During the last decade, libraries shifted expenditures for monographs to meet some of the demands of increasing serial prices and reduced the number of monograph purchases by 23%, while the unit price for monographs increased by 58%.

The "serial crisis" trend has increased in an alternating manner for the last six years, years of two-digit inflation are followed by years of one-digit inflation. One may wonder why we are talking about a "crisis" as it is more than a decade since this pattern has emerged, and it seems to be the natural flow rather than an unexpected and culminating event. Serial cancellations have become the norm as libraries, publishers, and authors seem unable to put an end to this cycle. Universities, although aware of this phenomenon, have not been able to restructure the nature of scholarship, scientific publishing, and reward mechanisms in the academy to alleviate some of the effects of research publishing spiraling prices. In the meantime, we are seeing demographic forces, in the form of declining enrollments (since 1991), and economic forces, in the form of skyrocketing prices for scholarly serials and monographs that limit our choices. Since 1986 the annual average increase for the serial unit price has been 11.4% and for the monograph unit price 5.9%, which is higher than the general inflation trends in North American during the same time period. The impact of these increasing prices was felt in most libraries after 1991, as one can see from the serial cancellations that occurred during the last four years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The ARL Statistics 1985-86, based on only the data for that one year, show a median unit price of \$29.50 for monographs (p. 28) and the ARL Statistics 1994-95, based on data submitted only for that one year, show a median unit price of \$44.70. However, the annually published figures on the table entitled "Analysis of Selected Variables of University Libraries" are not appropriate indicators for a time series analysis because they are based on data from ALL ARL libraries at any specific year. Some ARL libraries did not report these data from 1986-95.



Graph 3: Supply and Demand in ARL Libraries, 1986-1995



Source: ARL Statistics 1994-95, Association of Research Libraries, Washington DC



#### THE PROMISE OF ACCESS

Although libraries are buying fewer serials and monographs than they bought nine years ago, they are called upon to serve a slightly higher number of students and faculty. In 1986, the typical ARL library subscribed to 16,198 serials and bought 33,210 monographs for 16,684 students and 1,125 faculty. However, in 1995, it bought only 14,942 serials and 25,719 monographs for 18,089 students and 1,321 faculty.

Table 3
Supply and Demand in ARL Libraries, 1986-1995
Median Values for Time-Series Trends

Year	Interlibrary Borrowing	Interlibrary Lending	Graduate Students	Teaching Faculty	Total Students	Serials Purchased	Monographs Purchased
(No. of Libraries)	(106)	(106)	(106)	(103)	(106)	(43)	(63)
1986	7,049	16,152	3,040	1,125	16,684	16,198	33,210
1987	7,362	16.608	3,177	1,234	17,029	16,518	27,214
1988	7.914	18.060	3,262	1,243	17,485	16,443	26,541
1989	8,548	19,317	3.375	1,293	17,866	16,015	27,268
1990	9,588	20,815	3,393	1,280	17,745	16,182	27,999
1991	10,342	22,056	3.397	1,303	18,290	16,149	28,027
1992	11,318	22,547	3,591	1,401	18,273	15,846	27,158
1993	12,486	22.840	3,694	1,303	18,450	15.463	25,583
1994	13,996	24,293	3.728	1.304	18,287	15,583	25,803
1995	14,403	25,201	3,765	1,321	18,089	14.942	25,719
Annual average percent change	9.3%	5.7%	2.7%	2.0%.	1.0%	-1.0%	-3.1%

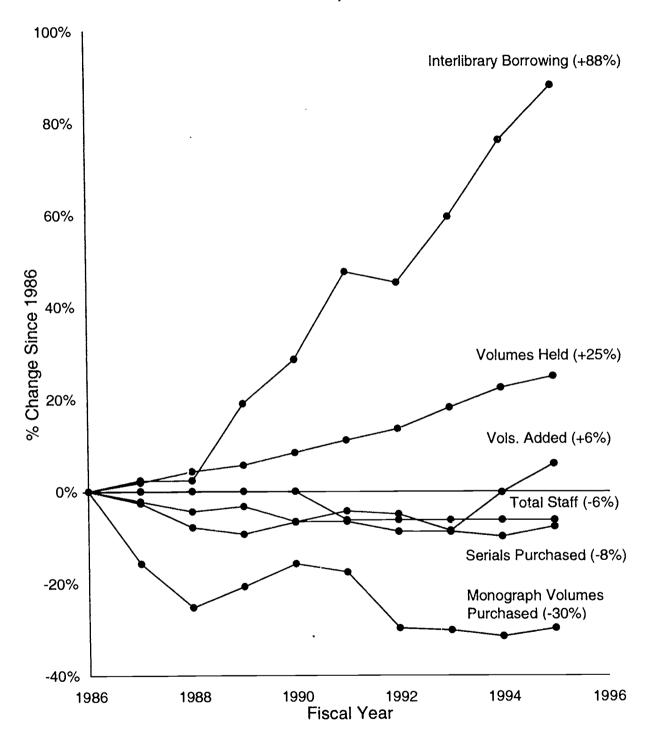
While serial subscriptions are canceled and monograph purchases are reduced, faculty and students are borrowing through interlibrary loan twice as many items in 1995 than in 1986. Libraries are also lending 56% more items today than they did nine years ago. Libraries have joined state-wide and regional consortia to meet some of these demands and to share some of the burdens of licensing information sources. They are placing more emphasis on access as the cost of access appears more affordable compared to the cost of ownership. State legislators have demonstrated a willingness to invest in state-wide library systems (e.g., OhioLINK, Illinet Online, TexShare, etc.) for more efficient use of library resources despite difficult local financial circumstances. Research libraries are pioneers in extending such cooperation beyond political boundaries, e.g., Consortium for Institutional Cooperation (CIC) crosses state boundaries, forming the beginnings of a distributed global scholarly library network.

Table 4 also shows per student borrowing activity through interlibrary loan increased 7% during the last year alone, compared to the 8.2% annual increase since 1986. By 1997 or 1998, libraries will be borrowing twice as many items on a per student basis as they did ten years ago.<sup>4</sup> Acquisition levels for both serials and monographs per student continue to slide. Libraries acquire 30% fewer monographs and 8% fewer serials per student now than they did in 1986. That is actually 840 serial titles and 1,560 monographs per 1,000 students in 1995 compared to 910 serial titles and 2,220 monographs purchased per 1,000 students in 1986.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This overall trend should not be interpreted as a rigid doubling period, however, as it falsifies the varying experiences of individual libraries.



Graph 4: Resources per Student in ARL Libraries, 1986-1995



Source: ARL Statistics 1994-95, Association of Research Libraries, Washington DC



The median number of volumes added per student increased over 1986 levels for the first time in the last decade. In 1995, the median number of volumes added was 4.43 per student compared to the 4.18 volumes added per student in 1986. Libraries are doing all this with fewer staff per student in 1995 as compared to 1986. Staffing levels per student decreased in 1991, but since then they have remained constant. In 1995, there was a median number of 15 professional librarians per 1,000 students.

Table 4
Resources per Student in ARL libraries, 1986-1995
Median Values for Time-Series Trends

Year	Interlibrary	Volumes	Volumes	Total	Serials	Monographs
	Borrowing	<u>Held</u>	Added (Gross)	Staff	Purchased	Purchased
(No. of Libraries)	(106)	(106)	(106)	(106)	(43)	(63)
1986	0.42	123.97	4.18	0.016	0.91	2.22
1987	0.43	126.34	4.07	0.016	0.89	1.87
1988	0.43	129.34	3.85	0.016	0.87	1.66
1989	0.50	131.04	3.79	0.016	0.88	1.76
1990	0.54	134.45	3.90	0.016	0.85	1.87
1991	0.62	137.79	4.00	0.015	0.85	1.83
1992	0.61	140.79	3.97	0.015	0.83	1.56
1993	0.67	146.44	3.82	0.015	0.83	1.55
1994	0.74	151.77	4.17	0.015	0.82	1.52
1995	0.79	154.82	4.43	0.015	0.84	1.56
Annual average percent change	8.2%	2.8%	-0.7%	-0.8%	-1.0%	-4.3%

In sum, purchases of fewer serials and monographs, coupled with increases in expenditures for serials and monographs, are indicators of the declining purchasing power of academic libraries. Higher levels of service activities, i.e., interlibrary loan, circulation, reference transactions, and library instruction, serve as indicators of increased access to library resources. Research libraries are doing more as technological innovation is readily adopted and barriers to access are gradually reduced.

Library roles are being redefined as the academic community undergoes changes. The ARL Statistics and Measurement Committee continues to look for new ways to describe and measure the performance of research libraries and their contribution to teaching, research, learning, and community service. In a period of rapid change and fluctuation, the information gathered in this data compilation represents only the very basic and minimum investment an organization could make to collect and disserninate information about its resources and their use. This data compilation describes the resources available in ARL member libraries and to some extent their use, but it does not assess, for example, the importance of the library to a faculty member who has just completed research or published a paper. Such answers can only be found by library staff who systematically explore with users their real needs and design better service delivery systems.

Those using the ARL Statistics to compare individual libraries should consult the "Footnotes" and the symbols in the "ARL Library Data Tables." Although definitions used in the Statistics aim for consistency, differing reporting practices do exist among member libraries. To aid



comparability in the *ARL Statistics*, expenditures of Canadian libraries are expressed in U.S. dollars, at the rate of 1.3794 Canadian dollars to one U.S. dollar. This exchange rate is the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the *Bank of Canada Review* for the period July 1994 - June 1995. Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars are given in the "Footnotes" to the *ARL Statistics*.

The quantitative rank order tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

Martha Kyrillidou Program Officer for Statistics and Measurement Association of Research Libraries Kendon Stubbs Associate University Librarian University of Virginia

February 9, 1995



#### SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### PART A: Recent Articles and Announcements Published in the ARL Newsletter

- Barrett, G. Jaia. "The Cost of Interlibrary Loan." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 166 (January 1993) 1-2.
- Daval, Nicola. "Rising Prices Continue to Plague ARL Libraries." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 174 (May 1994) 1-2.
- Hamaker, Charles. "Journal Prices in Perspective." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 153 (November 7, 1990) 1-2.
- Kyrillidou, Martha. "Preservation Activities in ARL Libraries." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 181 (August 1995) 12.
- \_\_\_\_\_. "Librarians' Salaries for 1994-95 Reported." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 180 (May 1995) 14.
- \_\_\_\_\_\_. "Trends in Research Library Acquisitions and ILL Services." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 180 (May 1995) 3-4.
- . "NCES Describes U.S. Higher Education." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 179 (March 1995) 10-11.
- \_\_\_\_\_. "ARL Statistics on the Internet." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 176 (September 1994) 13.
- and Kendon Stubbs. "Supply and Demand in ARL Libraries." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 175 (July 1994) 4-5.
- Okerson, Ann. "Faculty Respond to Serials Prices." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 160 (January 2, 1992) 1-2.
- Pritchard, Sarah M. "ARL Statistics Show Shift from Ownership to Access." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 161 (March 1992) 3.
- \_\_\_\_\_. "New Directions for ARL Statistics." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 161 (March 1992) 1-2, 4.
- \_\_\_\_\_. "ARL Statistics Show Continuing Impact of Serials Prices." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 155 (March 1991) 5.
- Stubbs, Kendon. "Trends in University Funding for Research Libraries." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 172 (January 1994) 1-3.
- and Nicola Daval. "ARL Statistics Reflect Impact of Rising Prices." ARL: A Bimonthly Newsletter of Research Library Issues and Actions 167 (March 1993) 6-7.



#### PART B: Related Books and Articles Published in Other Sources

- Association of Research Libraries. ARL Annual Salary Survey. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1995.
- Association of Research Libraries. ARL Preservation Statistics. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1995.
- Association of Research Libraries. Report of the ARL Serials Prices Project. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1989.
- Association of Research Libraries. Research Libraries: Measurement, Management, Marketing: Minutes of the 108th Meeting, May 1-2, 1986, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1986.
- Baumol, W. J., and M. Marcus. *Economics of Academic Libraries*. Washington, DC: American Council of Education, 1973.
- Clapp, V. W. The Future of the Research Library. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1964.
- Cummings, Anthony M., et al. University Libraries and Scholarly Communication: A Study Prepared for The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1992.
- Cummings, M. M. The Economics of Research Libraries. Washington, DC: Council of Library Resources,
- Downs, Robert B. "The Growth of Research Collections." Library Trends: American Library History: 1876-1976 25 (July 1976) 55-80.
- . "Uniform Statistics for Library Holdings." Library Quarterly 16 (January 1946) 63-69.
- Drake, Miriam A. "Forecasting Academic Library Growth." College and Research Libraries 37 (January 1976) 53-59.
- Kuhlman, A. F. "Two ARL Approaches to Counting Holdings of Research Libraries." College and Research Libraries 21 (May 1960) 207-211.
- Molyneux, Robert E. "What Did Rider Do? An Inquiry into the Methodology of Fremont Rider's The Scholar and the Future of the Research Library." Libraries and Culture 29 (Summer 1994) 297-325.
- "Patterns, Processes of Growth, and the Projection of Library Size: A Critical Review of the Literature on Academic Library Growth." Library and Information Science Research 8 (January-March 1986) 5-28.
- \_\_\_\_\_. The Gerould Statistics 1907/08-1961/62. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1986.
- Piternick, George. "ARL Statistics -- Handle With Care." College and Research Libraries 38 (September 1977) 419-423.



\_\_\_\_\_. "Library Growth and Academic Quality." College and Research Libraries 24 (May 1963) 223-229.

Rider, Fremont. The Scholar and the Future of the Research Library. New York: Hadham Press, 1944.

Wilder, Stanley J. The Age Demographics of Academic Librarians: A Profession Apart. A Report Based on Data from the ARL Annual Salary Survey. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 1995.

Williams, Robert V. "The Making of Statistics of National Scope on American Libraries, 1836-1986: Purposes, Problems, and Issues." *Libraries and Culture* 26 (Spring 1991) 464-485.



ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES



#### **C**OLLECTIONS

		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Purchased (Subs.)	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question #)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
INSTITUTION	Notes			_				
ALABAMA	LM+	2,024,410	39,200	25,209	20,704	9,927	6,040	15,967
ALBERTA	BLM+	4,968,292	118,830	109,064	26,502	20,224	6,200	26,424
ARIZONA	LM+	4,225,022	108,671	98,797	54,651	21,405	3,541	24,946
ARIZONA STATE	BL+	3,101,920	85,708	82,054	60,679	21,546	13,545	35,091
AUBURN	+	2,303,326	83,599	69,599	27,387	8,045	11,365	19,410
BOSTON	LM+	2,004,356	63,498	54,786	22,188	17,380	11,478	28,858
BRIGHAM YOUNG	+	2,371,281	56,109	45,258	45,497	9,434	7,588	17,022
BRITISH COLUMBIA	LM+	3,647,548	147,388	114,465	54,805	15,216	5,013	20,229
BROWN	+	2,762,196	55,059	52,464	29,700	10,230	2,927	13,157
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	L+	8,242,196	155,586	137,195	U/A	U/A	U/A	87,368
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	bLM+	2,807,863	92,536	82,561	U/A	U/A	U/A	47,133
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	M+	1,875,065	50,125	50,125	19,560	U/A	U/A	15,873
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	LM+	6,606,361	156,962	140,098	138,406	U/A	U/A	96,121
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	+	1,753,705	39,161	36,079	25,719	7,420	6,173	13,593
CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	M+	2,366,019	85,076	68,748	63,336	16,407	7,499	23,906
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	+	2,247,826	87,968	83,670	26,261	10,976	5,529	16,505
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	£M+	1,915,674	39,388	33,867	13,163	11,797	2,311	14,108
CHICAGO	bLM	5,854,014	153,202	144,011	70,728	U/A	U/A	45,589
CINCINNATI	LM+	2,035,167	57,598	50,375	22,414	U/A	U/A	21,518
COLORADO	L+	2,624,243	49,635	48,953	40,657	18,161	11,245	29,406
COLORADO STATE	+	1,606,642	57,650	53,296	.21,387	8,856	12,179	21,035
COLUMBIA	LM+	6,664,748	175,890	132,682	U/A	37,746	24,802	62,548
CONNECTICUT	BGLM+	2,546,979	88,955	69,964	21,855	17,425	784	18,209
CORNELL	131 +	5,835,235	156,331	137,710	U/A	U/A	U/A	61,705
DARTMOUTH	M+	2,130,672	77,428	73,251	22,109	16,773	3,515	20,288
DELAWARE	G+	2,213,548	47,439	45,351	33,332	12,850	1,612	14,462
DUKE	GLM+	4,415,525	140,626	130,861	55,237	U/A	U/A	33,405
EMORY	BLM+	2,183,942	48,326	37,114	U/A	16,863	7,725	24,588
FLORIDA	1.M+	3,174,460	90,670	71,232	44,493	18,800	8,509	27,309
FLORIDA STATF	BGL+	2,116,510	55,181	50,846	U/A	U/A	<b>U/A</b>	18,296
GEORGETOWN	GLM+	2,071,359	67,872	53,522	31,205	24,442	2,030	26,472
GEORGIA	L+	3,303,268	91,359	87,551	46,118	U/A	U/A	48,190
GEORGIA TECH	+	1,865,727	54,442	54,025	13,959	6,130	6,583	12,713
GUELPH	b+	2,056,867	27,852	22,562	15,406	7,351	4,512	11,863
HARVARD	LM+	13,143,330	277,176	248,156	,U/A	U/A	U/A	96,353
HAWAII	4	2,854,225	71,624	67,373	36,573	22,322	12,563	34,885
HOUSTON	Gl+	1,846,757	46,745		29,392	14,364		15,178
HOWARD	GLM+	2,235,764			14,688			12,006
ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	M+	1,873,252			27,206	15,085	793	15,878
ILLINOIS, URBANA	L+	8,665,814						90,969



<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes L - Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count B - Includes Branch Campuses b - Bibliographic Count

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

# Collections

Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Archives and Manus.	Carto- graphic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Video and Film	
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(Survey Question #)
								INSTITUTION
3,136,608	1,138,599	1,804	24,917	262,898	177,804	18,902	2,690	ALABAMA
3,625,992	430,405	5,430	9,815	1,360,000	U/A	U/A	U/A	ALBERTA
4,785,963	0	1,996	6,810	267,636	340,083	34,377	9,039	ARIZONA
6,355,681	714,850	1,676	15,101	184,906	577,068	47,446	21,224	ARIZONA STATE
2,910,999	393,421	479	7,510	135,340	328,670	14,172	5,278	AUBURN
3,444,435	U/A	548	36,777	1,700	21,300	42,619	251	BOSTON
2,133,986	342,042	2,195	15,232	215,479	18,361	49,795	2,039	BRIGHAM YOUNG
4,353,956	823,302	2,977	9,659	501,829	444,883	128,369	6,783	BRITISH COLUMBIA
1,508,020	0	919	5,488	131,730	847,398	49,124	2,891	BROWN
5,563,213	106,563	3,054	U/A	390,769	2,937,954	63,772	13,127	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
3,568,949	102,401	1,589	9,823	232,525	210,215	13,937	455	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
2,143,814	311,265	2,699	1,745	8,901	71,672	12,518	2,282	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE
5,716,979	69,867	2,467	76,783	619,943	4,354,405	144,773	14,733	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
1,597,013	358,645	1,505	2,091	85,045	21,179	13,940	2,652	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE
2,537,098	240,100	7,426	6,432	211,338	275,246	70,614	3,716	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
3,890,573	325,836	2,837	8,681	3,534,469	7,320	94,902	2,670	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA
2,181,405	31,207	1,499	942	63,883	72,165	27,238	4,960	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
2,178,083	U/A	311	20,606	379,651	0	18,294	417	CHICAGO
2,919,096	347,185	2,478	17,035	123,405	347,265	39,048	11,254	CINCINNATI
5,389,160	1,596,135	27,841	26,045	193,502	333,417	46,791	7,488	COLORADO
2,277,828	319,764	2,135	2,124	57,281	2,346	6,593	62	COLORADO STATE
4,994,833	170,925	U/A	208,652	128,776	571,876	U/A	U/A	COLUMBIA
3,669,956	U/A	971	15,900	164,466	4,701	27,696	6,835	CONNECTICUT
6,773,020	U/A	3,278	54,823	218,360	31,631	73,411	9,848	CORNELL
2,404,712	0	2,299	11,413	170,180	358,557	25,362	2,749	DARTMOUTH
2,745,416	414,397	939	2,613	128,624	583	1,336	6,475	DELAWARE
3,181,567	1,522,801	4,358	19,231	125,952	1,141	22,684	5,845	DUKE
3,076,611	77,775	1,738	9,241	25,470	2,671	15,097	7,401	EMORY
5,864,399	1,222,673	11,188	7,245	672,356	121,671	18,616	6,275	FLORIDA
4,402,643		1,623	2,455	166,621	421	36,085	3,700	FLORIDA STATE
2,747,571	443,844	3,381	14,386	1,140	81,341	50,402	8,211	GEORGETOWN
5,373,412		2,080	33,921	585,247	U/A	44,366	21,136	GEORGIA
3,721,197		2,658	7,842	177,550	98,897	1,866	1,967	GEORGIA TECH
1,419,324		155	6,401	72,607	U/A	9,802	6,299	GUELPH
7,558,615		U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A	HARVARD
5,565,078		1,100	3,184	237,473	1,761	13,427	13,644	HAWAII
3,644,416		368	1,270	362	191	346	1,137	HOUSTON
3,689,265		454	6,600	78	32,800	24,264	5,652	HOWARD
2,304,241		644	18,319	172,531	216,877	13,420	8,415	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO
4,387,714		2,152	22,868	617,659	85,587	133,559	7,451	ILLINOIS, URBANA

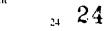
U/A - Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



#### **C**OLLECTIONS

		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Purchased (Subs.)	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question #)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
INSTITUTION	Notes							
INDIANA	L+	5,677,326	161,552	122,797	74,088	27,985	13,248	41,233
IOWA	LM+	3,655,496	95,274	88,269	40,322	19,291	17,956	37,247
IOWA STATE	+	2,043,344	55,299	32,155	25,831	14,540	6,661	21,201
JOHNS HOPKINS	M+	3,118,765	66,500	57,024	41,027	15,614	4,960	20,574
KANSAS	BLM+	3,379,453	85,969	82,600	41,797	18,570	13,934	32,504
KENT STATE	В+	2,224,660	66,475	49,595	12,136	7,830	4,380	12,210
KENTUCKY	LM+	2,590,061	49,442	33,254	17,223	14.098	12,746	26,844
LAVAL	LM+	2,134,465	79,537	77,174	24,085	12,595	3,714	16,309
LOUISIANA STATE	L+	2,831,957	59,046	53,475	11,048	11,853	6,148	18,001
MCGILL	bLM+	2,878,716	102,164	54,763	25,248	12,238	5,186	17,424
MCMASTER	M+	1,737,858	38,715	38,008	22,856	9,983	3,064	13,047
MANITOBA	GLM+	1,680.837	40,138	34,426	14,432	9,230	1,399	10,629
MARYLAND	+	2,464,623	99,937	93,240	32,800	14,942	10,984	25,926
MASSACHUSETTS	+	2,696,692	63,008	62,415	29,987	10,639	5,002	15,641
МІТ	+	2,409,136	48,742	43,441	16,204	9,027	12,426	21,453
MIAMI	LM+	2,032,326	67,881	62,974	33,528	15,837	3,714	19,551
MICHIGAN	LM+	6,774,515	146,313	110,434	UA	35,958	34,160	70,118
MICHIGAN STATE	+	3,972,396	121,000	68,301	33,981	13,420	14,497	27,917
MINNESOTA	bl.M+	5,241,590	151,925	140,315	U/A	34,094	12,036	46,130
MISSOURI	LM+	2,730,756	57,681	47,190	25,695	U/A	U/A	23,598
NEBRASKA	L+	2,331,963	56,055	53,809	17,614	12,523	8,100	20,623
NEW MEXICO	bLM+	2,021,883	65,512	52,434	30,214	12,167	5,136	17,303
NEW YORK	LM+	3,385,458	97,463	88,692	61,468	28,164	1,062	29,226
NORTH CAROLINA	LM+	4,263,684	114,700	108,787	63,414	22,193	21,647	43,840
NORTH CAROLINA STATE	+	2,472,810	79,976	74,277	34,138	8,830	10,050	18,880
NORTHWESTERN	BLM+	3,775,526	76,226	66,362	U/A	U/A	U/A	38,903
NOTRE DAME	L+	2,458,987	65,288	62,336	29,345	U/A	U/A	23,131
OHIO STATE	bLM+	4,864,522	88,312	78,137	50,902	24,804	8,564	33,368
OKLAHOMA	l.M+	2,531,059	52,585	46,965	17,539	16,657	436	17,093
OKLAHOMA STATE	BM+	1,831,764	74,708	73,427	21,588	12,253	6,424	18,677
OREGON'	L+	2,143,556	62,832	60,872	32,070	12,282	4,977	17,259
PENNSYLVANIA	LM+	4,324,225	118,596	114,478	54,033	U/A	U/A	33,558
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	В+	3,632,652	120,619	97,818	U/A	21,884	10,391	32,275
PITTSBURGH	BLM+	3,627,100	105,212	90,808	U/A	U/A	U/A	25,214
PRINCETON	+	5,292,949	124,044	106,852	U/A	30,199	2,266	32,465
PURDUE	bG+	2,263,601	68,492	63,191	17,959	12,370	1,887	14,257
QUEEN'S	bGLM+	2,063,339	64,555	61,027	20,904	12,284	712	12,996
RICE	b+	1,864,335	53,232	32,781	34,211	8,893	2,722	11,615
ROCHESTER	M+	2,882,023	41,903	38,740	19,527	9,458	826	10,284
RUTGERS	BL+	3,480,920	96,912	61,153	28,020	U/A	U/A	30,217





<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes L - Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count B - Includes Branch Campuses b - Bibliographic Count

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

# Collections

Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Archives and Manus.	Carto- graphic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Video and Film	
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(Survey Question #)
								INSTITUTION
3,623,090	0	U/A	31,157	575,434	385,376	268,110	25,848	INDIANA
5,613,778	1,007,460	4,040	11,109	343,918	226,809	20,968	4,922	IOWA
2,786,780	0	992	11,049	127,127	636,080	13,964	35,111	IOWA STATE
3,386,609	0	3,182	11,764	207,321	54,360	22,672	2,841	JOHNS HOPKINS
2,898,833	657,007	1,654	15,119	310,142	2,699,421	25,783	11,410	KANSAS
1,138,048	147	1,191	8,569	240,519	34,089	21,997	18,921	KENT STATE
5,454,233	1,505,548	2,447	23,567	231,090	575,956	29,119	33,794	KUNTUCKY
1,150,064	3,500	656	0	315,540	202,346	21,814	11,872	LAVAL
4,967,768	86,624	U/A	18,308	U/A	U/A	29,884	4,177	LOUISIANA STATE
1,347,565	831,845	966	3,058	229,030	237,127	26,861	28,987	MCGILL
1,373,979	152,813	696	10,521	134,009	5,313	31,217	1,922	MCMASTER
1,254,674	507,032	891	2,283	102,704	646,160	17,975	2,197	MANITOBA
5,023,525	733,560	1,281	23,393	211,127	71,742	126,420	19,292	MARYLAND
2,131,229	314,000	958	9,854	129,498	0	13,236	112	MASSACHUSETTS
2,105,096	0	3,283	9,623	112,631	411,482	19,499	2,345	MIT
3,027,921	478,529	1,818	8,516	61,631	53,013	36,833	1,841	MIAMI
5,281,831	0	4,676	29,722	299,754	1,617,379	30,718	18,977	MICHIGAN
4,993,512	0	3,603	28,480	209,307	1,817	39,289	77	MICHIGAN STATE
5,083,218	2,917,048	3,646	38,526	388,149	U/A	U/A	U/A	MINNESOTA
5,810,794	1,720,871	1,739	U/A	U/A	U/A	15,307	2,003	Missouri
3,968,085	536,339	541	4,531	144,874	7,403	22,808	833	NEBRASKA
6,057,516	283,421	3,071	16,236	203,565	1,470,283	36,712	4,597	NEW MEXICO
3,880,821	398,287	1,283	12,230	U/A	567,861	50,507	8,866	NEW YORK
3,898,477	1,863,986	2,908	19,943	293,728	511,226	110,091	31,349	NORTH CAROLINA
4,223,418	0	3,328	3,000	35,036	72,385	2,409	5,858	NORTH CAROLINA STATE
3,130,069	0	2,128	15,583	257,095	366,761	44,490	11,918	NORTHWESTERN
2,661,435	U/A	893	U/A	71,435	0	11,838	2,699	NOTRE DAME
4,005,131	130,131	1,025	14,838	169,691	1,761,971	43,832	2,853	OHIO STATE
3,465,300	1,406,375	520	9,861	143,649	188,624	2,045	3,577	OKLAHOMA
3,265,913	13,049	5,375	5,237	260,704	180,440	8,034	10,316	OKLAHOMA STATE
1,888,835	468,072	141	57,802	815,804	983,933	49,262	5,425	OREGON
2,911,876	U/A	286	9,140	119,051	519,615	44,492	665	PENNSYLVANIA
3,318,822	0	1,308	20,095	351,618	475,830	34,835	117,805	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
3,366,693	21,763	1,946	15,377	99,810	702,556	43,055	11,371	PITTSBURGH
3,612,712	506,826	じ/A	36,022	390,751	61,578	59,110	U/A	PRINCETON
2,187,824	480,146	2,235	1,591	343,292	942	5,131	8,189	PURDUE
3,303,461	990,012	U/A	じ/ハ	144,374	26,962	U/A	U/A	QUEEN'S
2,306,413	319,698	1,501	4,322	25,328	26,742	25,181	2,838	RICE
4,060,725	546,086	3,370	15,500	98,424	7,500	63,051	866	ROCHESTER
4,996,144	2,621,905	4,245	19,689	U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A	RUTGERS

U/A - Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



#### Collections

		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Purchased (Subs.)	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question #)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
INSTITUTION	Notes							
	_						E 022	12 555
SASKATCHEWAN	LM+	1,648,536	47,900	28,434	14,002	8,533	5,022	13,555
SOUTH CAROLINA	LM+	2,714,060	79,387	74,889	37,328	U/A	U/A	17,940
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bBLM+	3,303,938	78,595	71,321	59,486	U/A	U/A	27,229
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	GL+	2,302,838	54,255	22,381	19,474	15,142	2,582	17,724
STANFORD	GLM	6,549,725	147,928	140,486	U/A	U/A	U/A	43,784
SUNY-ALBANY	B+	1,815,326	43,568	32,875	19,777	U/A	U/A	16,177
SUNY-BUFFALO	GLM+	2,937,786	84,027	73,518	27,066	17,276	4,542	21,818
SUNY-STONY BROOK	M+	1,929,968	49,483	38.889	22,164	8,206	2,875	11 381
SYRACUSE	bL+	2,826,295	63,495	46,255	1 <i>7,7</i> 51	14,659	1,650	16,309
TEMPLE	BLM+	2,262,519	47,179	39,367	24,737	11,216	4,221	15,437
TENNESSEE	Ì.+	2,110,204	49,540	37,841	39,602	16,103	3,595	19,698
TEXAS	L+	7.176,889	169,511	157,381	45,521	27,416	24,421	51,837
TEXAS A&M	bBGM+	2,281,654	62,133	55,550	22,694	14,099	2,606	16,705
TORONTO	LM+	6,713,029	214,570	149,699	116,113	31,770	8,679	40,449
TULANE	GLM+	2,029,777	59,905	28,635	28,173	U/A	U/A	14,846
UTAH	LM+	2,476,737	69,425	67,332	U/A	13,289	2,463	15,752
VANDERBILT	LM+	2,335,725	66,665	59,015	U/A	16,276	1,174	17,450
VIRGINIA	1.M+	4,165,805	113,874	97,415	65,884	23,628	22,364	45,992
VPI & SU	+	1,951,580	68,040	41,317	18,693	12,813	4,930	17,743
WASHINGTON	LM+	5,471,784	165,231	116,644	42,604	37,028	19,765	56,793
WASHINGTON STATE	+	1,797,820	41,780	40,564	20,048	U/A	U/A	24,905
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	GLM+	3,095,313	94,392	49,935	25,678	18,852	136	18,988
WATERLOO	+	1,732,615	25,625	10,107	18,655	U/A	U/Λ	16,438
WAYNE STATE	bl.M+	2,904,641	75,332	70,664	21,947	16,335	8,450	24,785
WESTERN ONTARIO	1.+	2,181,329	56,778	39,626	31,962	12,279	5,267	17,546
WISCONSIN	LM+	5,652,885	126,063	114,590	68,450	33,997	10,813	44,810
YALE	GLM+	9,599,371	123,998	113,548	114,095	U/A	U/A	56,359
YORK	BL+	2,114,510	65,204	50,733	35,976	U/A	U/A	12,837
BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY	G+	6,581,736	274,660	51,738	148,796	U/A	U/A	18,533
CANADA INST, FOR SCITECH.	B+	7,861,496	Ú/A	Ú/A	6,129	U/A	U./A	U/A
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.	bG+	3,094,458	24,571	24,571	5,035	U/A		15,016
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS	L+	23,357,670	345,424	316,336	123,529	16,413		150,000
LINDA HALL LIBRARY	+	706,218	10,388	4,957	6,231	9,674		13,548
NATL. AGRICULTURAL LIB.	b+	2,205,044	30,835	29,102	6,129			21,780
NATL, LIBRARY OF CANADA	G+	1,893,439	84,641	84,462	9,818			36,342
NATL. LIBRARY OF MEDICINE	M+	2.144.230	42,748		14,279			26,904
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY	.\. G+	7,150,523			73,774			165,872
	LM+	2,306,402						14,429
NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY	BG+	1,185,386						6,895
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	1)(1+	1,100,000	• 9,550	10,370	0,120	2,000	3,213	0,070

<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes



E. - Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count B - Includes Branch Campuses b - Bibliographic Count

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

# Collections

Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Archives and Manus.	Carto- graphic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Video and Film	
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(Survey Question #)
								INSTITUTION
2,787,714	420,049	1,055	237	67,536	59,936	10,750	1,309	SASKATCHEWAN
4,186,737	755,445	265	6,201	305,395	250,000	25,928	8,305	SOUTH CAROLINA
5,466,844	486,656	2,878	37,616	U/A	3,166,477	24,555	11,640	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
3,806,386	412,724	2,349	16,573	287,383	20,243	24,196	9,004	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
4,494,781	35,696	5,917	U/A	231,007	617,210	245,760	19,044	STANFORD
2,762,545	0	4,089	5,310	46,804	36,564	4,500	1,923	SUNY-ALBANY
4.565,039	530,112	1,112	7,400	193,600	110,000	35,285	3,900	SUNY-BUFFALO
3,402,275	232,180	998	4,928	115,331	8,162	27,353	6,336	SUNY-STONY BROOK
3,514,142	287,741	1,422	47,772	182,702	373,680	346,219	8,732	SYRACUSE
2,462,732	197,135	1,184	30,389	113,232	10,001,650	20,934	978	TEMPLE
3 232,249	743,244	1,465	7,725	356,375	140,818	26,614	6,270	TENNESSEE
5,196,391	0	2,786	80,588	335,710	6,758,743	98,786	8,163	TEXAS
4,467,201	65,519	5,895	26,651	137,641	39,662	5,392	10,984	TEXAS A&M
3,401,021	U/A	817	U/A	263,690	314,640	165,089	8,267	TORONTO
2,405,379	969,552	974	35,743	5,434	160,698	79,273	2,169	TULANE
3,273,796	749,925	1,825	16,895	185,699	556,583	35,818	13,876	UTAH
2,380,196	215,968	2,051	6,706	102,843	13,672	21,983	3,797	VANDERBILT
4,386,032	793,542	3,208	17,833	142,363	439,149	47,330	16,855	VIRGINIA
5,886,007	398,741	2,676	4,536	128,417	64,120	8,006	7,173	VPI & SU
6,255,761	U/A	5,672	51,747	324,436	775,566	63,707	8,408	WASHINGTON
3,026,361	U/A	U/A	14,260	705	268,732	7,303	22,866	WASHINGTON STATE
2,705,557	4,072	1,570	7,715	106,583	2,821	32.193	4,7()4	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS
1,296,642	UA	UA	2,645	133,544	U/A	1,371	U/A	WATERLOO
3,374,190	379,849	1,250	66,000	52,679	1,100,000	34,312	14,604	WAYNE STATE
3,139,732	0	828	9,607	2,051	52,116	39,953	2,239	WESTERN ONTARIO
4,280,297	270,151	4,174	3,263	240,923	26,975	144,483	14,821	WISCONSIN
5,044,263	1,042,016	U/A	50,843	432,069	2,206,764	176,130	3,624	YALE
3,265,009	0	25	7,575	106,862	8,632	39,069	5,224	YORK
5 457 159	1,516,853	706	<b>ι</b> . Α	U A	lγΛ	44,836	20,509	BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY
l 1		U 1A	()	0	0	0	()	CANADA INSTITOR SCITECTE
1,520,869		0	0	0	0	0	0	CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.
10,842,392		23,827	50,000	4,346,337	13,949,241	2,223,066	715,763	LIBRARY OF CONGRESS
1,205,363		194	0	74,700	()	20	8	LINDA HALL LIBRARY
1,200,503			17,534	989	779	91	1,320	NATL AGRICULTURAL LIB.
7 020,073 7 009 489			5,090	L/A	L A	168,535	1,508	NATL LIBRARY OF CANADA
391,081			L A	L·A	56,601	U A	58,722	NATL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE
			28,283	413,364	4,097,514	530,517	39,209	NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
4,480,926			25,000	202,000	54,000	U/A	U/A	NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY
6,025,213					54,000 U/A	U/A	U/A	SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION
U/A	U/A	<b>7</b> 0	U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A	0//	SHITTISCHAININ INSTITUTION

T. A. Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



# SUMMARY DATA: COLLECTIONS

	Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Purchased (Subs.)	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question #)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:							
Median	2,539,019	68,959	62,376	28,097	14,659	5,186	20,829
High	13,143,330	277,176	248,156	138,406	37,746	34,160	96,353
Low	1,606,642	25,625	10,107	11,048	6,130	136	10,284
Totals	356,411,095	9,206,134	7,822,318	3,310,531	1,329,485	595,163	2,992,304
Number of Libraries Responding	108	108	108	92	81	81	108
NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:							
Median	2,306,402	36,792	35,055	8,128	7,548	6,881	20,157
Totals	58,486,602	1,013,981	737,693	409,566	70,287	199,611	469,319
Number of Libraries Responding	11	10	10	11	7	7	10
GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES	414,897,697	10,220,115	8,560,011	3,720,097	1,399,772	794,774	3,461,623



# SUMMARY DATA: COLLECTIONS

	Video and Film	Audio Materials	Graphic Materials	Carto- graphic Materials	Archives and Manus.	Computer Files	Government Documents	Microform Units
(Survey Question #)	(15)	(14)	(13)	(12)	(11)	(10)	(9)	(8)
UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:								
Median	6,273	28,408	160,698	175,041	11,109	1,804	342,042	3,423,355
High	117,805	346,219	10,001,650	3,534,469	208,652	27,841	2,917,048	7,558,615
Low	62	346	0	78	0	25	0	1,138,048
Totals	918,940	4,709,804	56,364,152	25,425,856	1,892,353	243,559	45,084,944	393,370,377
Number of Libraries Responding	100	102	99	102	101	99	95	108
NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:								
Median	1,508	22,464	27,390	74,700	11,312	310	4,524	4,480,926
Totals	837,039	2,967,065	18,158,135	5,037,390	125,907	27,327	4,841,106	36,562,168
Number of Libraries Responding	9	8	8	7	8	9	8	9
GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES	1,755,979	7,676,869	74,522,287	30,463,246	2,018,260	270,886	49,926,050	429,932,545



#### **EXPENDITURES**

		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question #)		(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
					0T 700	1711201	122 120
ALABAMA	LM+	849,983	3,807,389	29,512	27,500	4,714,384	123,128
ALBERTA	BLM+	2,098,446	4,905,507	U/A	96,224	7,100,177	85,905
ARIZONA	LM+	2,271,056	3,331,821	869,174	301,227	6,773,278	262,389
ARIZONA STATE	BL+	2,524,034	3,526,618	418,642	232,821	6,702,115	198,206
AUBURN	+	1,200,679	2,128,030	53,611	15,400	3,397,720	108,554
BOSTON	LM+	807,916	2,841,590	132,558	40,560	3,822,624	161,466
BRIGHAM YOUNG	+	1,629,379	2,707,646	355,337	()	4,692,362	176,900
BRITISH COLUMBIA	LM+	2,603,206	3,801,396	U/A	0	6,404,603	162,939
BROWN	+	1,760,573	2,423,049	U/A	120,000	4,303,622	208,791
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	L+	4,820,509	5,570,902	U/A	U/A	10,391,411	750,059
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	LM+	2,158,763	3,205,280	260,899	334,372	5,959,314	243,125
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	M+	930,295	2,775,366	134,029	400,000	4,239,690	176,319
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	LM+	4,626,820	4,372,088	204,428	285,226	9,488,562	558,942
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	+	1,189,320	1,864,535	33,427	3,490	3,090,772	175,213
CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	M+	2,125,391	3,068,910	175,036	63,097	5,432,434	298,327
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	+	1,046,390	2,607,725	U/A	154,326	3,808,441	245,081
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	LM+	755,797	3,190,925	35,493	11,181	3,993,396	114,940
CHICAGO	1.M+	3,130,534	3,953,516	55,126	0	7,139,176	376,015
CINCINNATI	LM+	1,352,611	3,517,474	151,174	150,733	5,171,992	130,345
COLORADO	L+	1,375,934	4,065,724	701,377	343,092	6,486,127	246,094
COLORADO STATE	`+	1,040,583	2,435,688	38,123	323,656	3,838,050	145,000
COLUMBIA	LM+	3,642,035	5,279,788	U/A	0	8,921,823	639,664
CONNECTICUT	BLM+	760,150	3,369,797	537,666	77,026	4,744,639	263,857
CORNELL	BL+	3,160,831	4,741,247	878,009	180,192	8,960,279	250,909
DARTMOUTH	M+	1,204,213	2,499,261	304,173	0	4,007,647	148,355
DELAWARE	+	2,031,148	2,486,448	U/A	0	4,517,596	115,404
DUKE	LM+	2,785,624	4,339,966	342,035	17,777	7,485,402	235,028
EMORY	BLM+	2,600,277	3,397,958	184,544	395,734	6,578,513	169,925
FLORIDA .	LM+	1,611,199	3,433,955	923,593	230,271	6,199,018	182,921
FLORIDA STATF	BL+	1,240,301	3,133,885	164,131	97,587	4,635,904	218,961
GEORGETOWN	LM+	1,557,584	3,504,679	549,931	76,063	5,688,257	195,119
GEORGIA	L+	1,978,176	3,566,919	631,446	110,651	6,287,192	278,715
GEORGIA TECH	+	836,240	2,239,764	172,248	0	3,248,252	75,260
GUELPH	+	781,780	1,597,381	U/A	12,537	2,391,697	71,385
HARVARD	1 M+	6,812,121	6,385,130	1,745,154	37,007	14,979,412	987,126
HAWAII	+	1,169,329	2,027,218	325,121	0	3,521,668	239,592
HOUSTON	1 •	1,332,179	2,445,041	545,253	206,592	4,529,065	81,103
HOWARD	LM+	510,994	2,422,586	920,955	630,461	4,484,996	115,137
ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	M+	1,179,997	3,062,726	217,478	0	4,460,201	159,532
ILLINOIS, URBANA	L+		4,423,556	83,665	251,875	7,575,449	210,975



<sup>+ -</sup> See l'ootnotes L - Includes Law Library

B - Includes Branch Campuses M- Includes Medical Library

# **EXPENDITURES**

Salaries & Wages Professional Staff	Salaries & Wages Support Staff	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants	Total Salaries & Wages	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	
(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(Survey Question #)
					_	INSTITUTION
2,012,361	1,363,498	427,627	3,803,486	1,116,360	9,757,358	ALABAMA
3,192,996	5,147,778	477,685	8,818,459	1,757,255	17,761,796	ALBERTA
3,727,117	3,557,098	811,498	8,095,713	2,506,429	17,637,809	ARIZONA
3,734,940	3,793,301	706,231	8,234,472	2,353,257	17,488,050	ARIZONA STATE
2,065,676	1,476,037	343,325	3,885,038	1,093,759	8,485,071	AUBURN
2,251,824	3,057,838	339,138	5,648,800	1,599,718	11,232,608	BOSTON
3,763,296	1,005,421	1,476,939	6,245,656	1,829,679	12,944,597	BRIGHAM YOUNG
4,301,338	5,455,420	1,015,923	10,772,682	1,854,568	19,194,791	BRITISH COLUMBIA
3,113,817	2,453,374	352,837	5,920,028	2,597,513	13,029,954	BROWN
U/A	U/A	U/A	18,856,258	4,174,257	34,171,985	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
2,671,617	3,845,212	1,029,633	7,546,462	2,344,016	16,092,917	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
3,042,101	2,744,493	1,427,608	7,214,202	2,157,743	13,787,954	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE
5,796,146	9,553,864	2,350,108	17,700,118	7,417,584	35,165,206	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
1,640,254	1,881,288	564,455	4,085,997	661,617	8,013,599	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE
3,107,752	4,566,638	1,061,403	8,735,793	2,254,462	16,721,016	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
2,124,298	3,053,537	806,006	5,983,841	2,058,717	12,096,080	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA
2,324,767	1,491,529	432,065	4,248,361	913,975	9,270,672	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
1,047,187	4,737,000	989,888	8,774,075	2,734,213	19,023,479	CHICAGO
1,386,562	3,198,946	634,938	6,220,446	1,602,822	13,125,605	CINCINNATI
2,211,132	3,348,694	781,139	6,340,965	3,043,067	16,116,253	COLORADO
1, 71,487	1,831,441	544,921	3,847,849	642,350	8,473,249	COLORADO STATE
7,416,985	6,284,478	1,390,684	15,082,147	3,613,446	28,257,080	COLUMBIA
3,364,573	3,786,755	860,981	8,012,109	2,094,475	15,115,080	CONNECTICUT
6,998,664	5,314,764	1,154,337	13,467,765	3,905,671	26,584,624	CORNELL
2,206,183	2,321,827	335,286	4,863,296	1,815,387	10,834,685	DARTMOUTH
2,188,986	2,309,331	450,644	4,948,961	1,005,602	10,587,563	DELAWARE
4,762,956	3,930,541	452,380	9,145,877	3,584,310	20,450,617	DUKE
3,168,352	2,940,415	564,456	6,673,223	3,776,401	17,198,062	EMORY
4,209,340	3,204,393	715,235	8,128,968	1,685,715	16,196,622	FLORIDA
1,763,132	1,700,460	411,850	3,875,442	629,858	9,360,165	FLORIDA STATE
U/A	U/A	U/A	7,590,059	2,294,042	15,767,477	GEORGETOWN
2,988,461	3,226,546	720,391	6,935,398	1,547,681	15,048,986	GEORGIA
1,745,496	1,073,253	72,741	2,891,490	799,304	7,014,306	GEORGIA TECH
1,105,885	2,496,222	86,212	3,688,319	580,475	6,731,87 <sub>6</sub>	GUELPH
18,582,396	14,504,369	1,148,810	34.235,575	18,215,359	68,417,472	HARVARD
3,5[4,250	2,395,598	926,499	6,836,347	1,258,786	11,856,393	HAWAii
1,889,206	1,324,000	856,541	4,069,747	2,793,288	11,473,203	HOUSTON
2,200,764	2,083,179	162,956	4,446,899	512,380	9,559,412	HOWARD
3,028,264	3,290,927	437,795	6,756,986	2,011,578	13,388,297	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO
5,736,396	4,828,733	1,104,938	11,670,067	2,900,875	22,357,366	ILLINOIS, URBANA
			,	y y y	_ / /	

U/A - Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



## **EXPENDITURES**

		Current Serials	Library Materials	Materials	Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question #)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
INSTITUTION Note	s					
					0.522 - 10	202 44 1
INDIANA L-		3,883,535	1,414,559	444,896	8,532,640	282,661
IOWA LM-	•	3,128,181	851,786	230,571	6,158,143	175,563
	+ 1,367,578	2,794,658	222,950	305,217	4,690,403	170,399
JOHNS HOPKINS M	+ 2,210,214	3,305,142	1,632,911	102,925	7,251,192	143,596
KANSAS BLM	+ 1,907,306	3,050,436	177,511	0	5,135,253	173,918
KENT STATE B	+ 740,376	1,643,670	58,862	21,579	2,464,487	85,418
KENTUCKY LM	÷ 758,871	3,279,406	142,494	483,236	4,664,007	112,252
LAVAL LM	+ 824,828	3,059,818	51,540	35,768	3,971,954	81,240
LOUISIANA STATE L	+ 617,998	2,462,368	6,314	8,109	3,094,789	19,076
MCGILL LM	+ 1,179,924	2,494,016	278,404	200,294	4,152,638	179,848
MCMASTER M	+ 994,185	2,406,922	15,919	9,851	3,426,876	93,206
MANITOBA LM	+ 683,180	1,849,343	U/A	50,661	2,583,184	120,713
	+ 1,570,230	2,586,524	122,434	37,062	4,316,250	188,232
	+ 1,102,541	2,344,313	239,526	U/A	3,686,380	134,867
	+ 810,847	2,506,913	U/A	594,833	3,912,593	193,061
MIAMI LM		3,641,490	310,168	81,285	5,007,505	154,996
MICHIGAN LM		6,643,092	137,023	618,342	11,425,541	326,268
MICHIGAN STATE	+ 1,824,967	3,162,737	U/A	80,518	5,068,222	264,848
MINNESOTA LM		5,327,055	677,153	50,569	8,455,740	474,857
		3,260,701	U/A	40,567	4,512,070	97,975
		2,877,078	194,649	37,061	3,945,746	138,540
			309,338	82,817	4,237,283	159,416
NEW MEXICO LM		2,722,655	424,767	171,768	7,229,620	428,884
NEW YORK LA		4,004,430		54,990	7,591,319	280,531
NORTH CAROLINA LA		3,981,696	1,042,059			
NORTH CAROLINA STATE	+ 1,343,398	2,848,005	312,906	168,910	4,673,219	118,425
NORTHWESTERN BLM		3,528,263	276,964	330,171	5,884,783	168,993
	.+ 1,684,199	2,352,689	341,365	176,633	4,554,886	116,933
OHIO STATE LM		4,810,664	156,718	77,694	7,334,696	267,063
OKLAHOMA LN		2,910,177	104,786	146,662	3,933,736	104,906
OKLAHOMA STATE BN	1+ 861,151	2,210,141	706,153	0	3,777,445	84,897
OREGON	.+ 1,424,639	2,595,039	U/A	526,972	4,546,650	141,355
PENNSYLVANIA LN	1+ 2,580,008	3,843,116	854,863	0	7,277,987	295,542
PENNSYLVAN!A STATF	3+ 2,344,870	4,793,448	664,882	0	7,803,200	454,799
PITTSBURGH BLM	4+ 2,297,156	4,295,432	356,027	293,151	7,241,766	327,300
PRINCETON	4,076,055	3,101,297	1,270,187	281,414	8,728,953	503,151
PURDUF	+ 813,049	3,461,103	U A	O	4,274,152	118,807
QUFEN'S 1.V	.1- 1,030,985	2,529,784	19,161	0	3,579,930	136,967
RICE	+ 1,605,393	2,376,755	287,085	293,293	4,562,526	45,193
	A+ 913,716	2,838,264	70,495	179,790	4,002,265	113,205
	L+ 1,397,097	4,574,152	309,826	619,304	6,900,379	233,306



<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes 1 - Includes Law Library

B - Includes Branch Campuses M- Includes Medical Library

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

# **EXPENDITURES**

Salaries & Wages Professional Staff	Salaries & Wages Support Staff	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants	Total Salaries & Wages	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	
(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(Survey Question #)
<u> </u>						INSTITUTION
5,481,159	3,719,445	1,644,693	10,845,297	2,507,100	22,167,698	INDIANA
4,161,365	2,773,162	851,586	7,786,113	2,069,460	16,189,279	IOWA
2,023,798	2,813,763	575,223	5,412,784	2,615,245	12,888,831	IOWA STATE
3,418,619	3,926,494	513,467	7,858,580	3,574,688	18,828,056	JOHNS HOPKINS
3,083,576	2,592,996	819,553	6,496,125	1,852,605	13,657,901	KANSAS
2,128,075	2,233,024	659,101	5,020,200	1,127,505	8,697,610	KENT STATE
3,458,960	2,017,500	1,206,013	6,682,473	2,516,466	13,975,198	KENTUCKY
2,898,522	4,053,069	165,380	7,116,971	664,877	11,835,042	LAVAL
1,959,315	1,969,069	576,286	4,504,670	1,260,668	8,879,203	LOUISIANA STATE
3,388,554	4,120,768	391,485	7,900,808	1,066,457	13,299,751	MCGILL
1,627,645	2,828,358	220,833	4,676,836	514,450	8,711,368	MCMASTER
2,133,358	2,870,718	512,956	5,517,033	860,651	9,081,580	MANITOBA
3,185,777	2,720,591	1,225,502	7,131,870	2,873,723	14,510,075	MARYLAND
2,689,005	2,505,303	566,321	5,760,629	1,082,290	10,664,166	MASSACHUSETTS
3,080,186	2,889,144	315,245	6,284,575	1,773,475	12,163,704	TIM
2,999,956	2,570,357	510,722	6,081,035	1,992,837	13,236,373	MIAMI
9,007,746	3,384,737	1,732,664	14,125,147	4,082,822	29,959,778	MICHIGAN
2,471,962	3,052,265	1,205,618	6,729,845	1,009,808	13,072,723	MICHIGAN STATE
4,581,429	5,420,749	2,137,399	12,139,577	3,676,546	24,746,720	MINNESOTA
2,467,049	2,115,559	422,539	5,005,147	1,526,931	11,142,123	MISSOURI
2,000,830	2,067,486	523,209	4,591,525	985,861	9,661,672	NEBRASKA
2,921,595	3,782,416	1,183,333	7,887,344	3,200,434	15,484,477	NEW MEXICO
5,792,578	4,946,328	1,710,161	12,449,067	4,772,389	24,879,960	NEW YORK
4,927,583	4,464,300	763,044	10,154,927	2,393,751	20,420,528	NORTH CAROLINA
2,311,549	2,428,096	571,461	5,311,106	1,748,032	11,850,782	NORTH CAROLINA STATE
4,242,737	3,016,417	927,447	8,186,601	2,668,567	16,908,944	NORTHWESTERN
2,168,171	2,667,087	360,969	5,196,227	1,899,515	11,767,561	NOTRE DAME
4,478,068	3,908,868	1,192,095	9,579,031	3,188,223	20,369,013	OHIO STATE
1,885,387	1,175,375	543,320	3,604,082	1,426,198	9,068,922	OKLAHOMA
1,751,818	907,839	413,467	3,073,124	1,787,197	8,722,663	OKLAHOMA STATE
1,965,897	2,054,527	761,835	4,782,259	1,433,493	10,903,757	OREGON
4,576,813	4,931,988	851,833	10,360,634	3,756,981	21,691,144	PENNSYLVANIA
3,847,723	8,157,638	718,429	12,723,790	2,925,510	23,907,299	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
3,813,206	3,899,886	845,545	8,558,637	2,689,644	18,817,347	PITTSBURGH
5,866,151	5,631,623	582,957	12,080,731	2,900,151	24,212,986	PRINCETON
2,459,772	2,283,651	557,140	5,300,563	1,316,112	11,009,634	PURDUE
1,500,879	3,147,506	211,771	4,860,156	476,757	9,053,810	QUEEN'S
1,617,718	1,311,732	169,962	3,099,412	1,413,744	9,120,875	RICE
2,645,895	1,670,329	366,561	4,682,785	1,112,885	9,911,140	ROCHESTER
6,635,732	7,229,493	1,227,507	15,092,732	1,501,622	23,728,039	RUTGERS

U/A - Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



#### **EXPENDITURES**

		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question #)		(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
HASTITO INC.					1, 201	3,394,727	69,764
SASKATCHEWAN	l.M+	695,299	2,683,138	U/A	16,291	3,953,978	170,322
SOUTH CAROLINA	LM+	1,298,460	2,189,366	423,122	43,030		219,195
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BLM+	2,245,862	3,991,055	302,536	0	6,539,453	
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	L+	788,497	2,753,284	200,408	233,985	3,976,174	171,705
STANFORD	LM+	6,857,985	5,925,033	U/A	U/A	12,783,018	521,284
SUNY-ALBANY	B+	792,524	1,941,611	210,462	418,665	3,363,262	78,617
SUNY-BUFFALO	LM+	1,265,703	2,838,283	479,127	211,898	4,795,011	158,485
SUNY-STONY BROOK	M+	1,031,795	2,235,389	216,416	342,775	3,826,375	117,633
SYRACUSE	L+	695,490	2,419,116	368,623	52,728	3,535,957	89,779
TEMPLE	BLM+	1,156,318	2,741,647	59,955	5,826	3,963,746	146,558
TENNESSEE	1_+	1,364,516	3,452,756	U/A	93,438	4,910,710	129,968
TEXAS	1.+	2,163,527	3,848,552	741,124	9,851	6,763,054	212,301
TEXAS A&M	BM+	1,257,768	3,166,949	388,329	359,745	5,172,791	116,834
TORONTO	LM+	4,474,315	5,242,466	U/A	U/A	9,716,781	263,381
TULANE	LM+	1,231,673	2,329,345	233,103	320,489	4,114,610	125,331
UTAH	LM+	2,057,830	3,345,540	53,033	59,069	5,515,472	270,086
VANDERBILT	1.M+	1,365,575	3,267,397	300,007	0	4,932,979	165,600
VIRGINIA	LM+	2,472,529	4,003,207	1,148,873	40,000	7,664,609	227,115
VPI & SU	+	991,350	3,087,567	652,542	420,916	5,152,375	162,711
WASHINGTON	LM+	2,886,352	6,377,887	U/A	U/A	9,264,239	332,810
WASHINGTON STATE	+	696,997	2,489,084	35,718	28,487	3,250,286	95,015
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	LM+	1,122,620	3,746,912	167,688	520,346	5,557,566	107,716
WATERLOO	4.	1,031,235	1,996,332	U/A	181,236	3,208,803	86,160
WAYNESTATE	1.M+	1,426,157	2,888,156	U/A	400,890	4,715,203	129,499
WESTERN ONTARIO	1.+	1,204,775	3,018,526	U/A	U/A	4,223,301	129,105
WISCONSIN	LM+	2,547,877	4,647,713	926,967	0	8,122,557	250,807
YALE	LM+	3,511,000	4,605,000	3,795,000	U/A	11,911,000	432,000
YORK	BL+	1,202,130	2,052,523	290,475	186,265	3,731,393	149,613
BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY	+	5,286,045	818,217	298,755	0	6,403,017	64,097
CANADA INST. FOR SCITECIL	В+	808,199	5,234,968	97,035	0	6,140,202	0
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.	+		267,032	653,078	51,294	1,020,590	0
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS	L+		2,906,060	1,816,783	203,484	7,852,806	1,778,520
	+		1,651,191	27,300	0	1,887,473	63,178
LINDA HALL LIBRARY	+		1,827,320	U/A	0	2,146,064	108,996
NATL AGRICULTURAL LIB.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		719,774	486,041	40,271	1,777,149	13,669
NATL LIBRARY OF CANADA			3,692,212	237,921	U/A	4,833,581	180,000
NATL. LIBRARY OF MEDICINE	M+		3,576,353	1,179,412	432,671	9,897,672	487,756
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY	+		1,899,690	U/A	0	2,370,126	41,445
NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY	LM+		812,744	64,465	188,182	1,503,848	63,478
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	B+	438,457	012,/44	04,403	100,102	1,000,010	00,110



<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes L - Includes Law Library

B - Includes Branch Campuses M- Includes Medical Library

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

## **EXPENDITURES**

	Total	Other	Total	Salaries	Salaries	Salaries
	Library Expenditures	Operating Expenditures	Salaries & Wages	& Wages Student Assistants	& Wages Support Staff	& Wages Professional Staff
(Survey Question #)	(27)	(26)	(25)	(24)	(23)	(22)
INSTITUTION						
SASKATCHEWAN	7,646,012	455,612	2 725 000	11/1/1	0.055.500	
SOUTH CAROLINA	12,500,862		3,725,908	146,164	2,257,790	1,321,954
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	19,723,715	3,026,084 3,134,991	5,350,478	459,044	2,238,175	2,653,259
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	9,944,444	1,123,187	9,830,076 4,673,378	1,156,176	3,394,079	5,279,821
STANFORD	39,616,529	6,956,777	19,355,450	884,433	1,788,401	2,000,544
SUNY-ALBANY	8,290,971	821,286		1,694,918	9,035,189	8,625,343
SUNY-BUFFALO	13,297,920	1,469,650	4,027,806 6,874,774	517,413	1,711,592	1,798,801
SUNY-STONY BROOK	10,211,269	732,130	5,535,131	602,854	2,160,472	4,111,448
SYRACUSE	10,789,575	2,341,863	4,821,976	509,956	2,527,119	2,498,056
TEMPLE	11,006,688	1,120,205	5,776,179	258,013	2,126,017	2,437,946
TENNESSEE	12,763,084	1,844,016	5,878,390	464,291 598,849	2,260,291	3,051,597
TEXAS	22,358,324	2,761,893	12,621,076	•	2,515,661	2,763,880
TEXAS A&M	15,003,095	3,509,750	6,203,720	944,109	6,390,619	5,286,348
TORONTO	29,328,934	1,342,257	18,006,514	786,132	2,398,516	3,019,072
TULANE	9,448,539	1,218,243		1,523,070 380,331	9,633,949	6,849,495
UTAH	13,845,233	2,019,696	3,990,355 6,039,979	•	1,684,686	1,925,338
VANDERBILT	13,171,893	2,011,158		815,235	2,785,913	2,438,831
VIRGINIA	19,055,013	2,539,692	6,062,156 8,623,597	400,166	2,530,166	3,131,824
VPI & SU	10,712,160	1,131,892		862,759	3,978,504	3,782,334
WASHINGTON	25,765,220	3,638,518	4,265,182	497,579	2,110,018	1,657,585
WASHINGTON STATE	9,133,102		12,529,653	1,585,181	5,849,565	5,094,907
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	15,233,483	1,314,175	4,473,626	463,297	2,531,251	1,479,078
WATERL(X)	8,432,742	2,419,438 621,006	7,148,763	477,409	3,296,910	3,374,444
WAYNESTATE	13,091,792	1,888,639	4,516,775	358,947	2,423,537	1,734,291
WFSTERN ONTARIO	10,983,203	•	6,358,451 5,904,349	926,143	2,445,783	2,986,525
WISCONSIN	26,720,142	726,448		U/A	U/A	U/A
YALE		4,234,862	14,111,916	1,808,445	5,842,611	6,460,860
YORK	36,723,000	7,505,100	16,874,900	965,800	7,368,100	8,541,000
TORK	11,204,921	1,139,522	6,184,393	617,260	3,209,892	2,357,241
BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY	30,115,898	5,631,378	18,017,406	U/A	LA	U/A
CANADA INST. FOR SCITECH.	29,643,175	16,052,032	7,450,940	0	2,858,591	4,592,349
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.	3,465,040	808,633	1,635,817	U/A	U/A	U/A
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS	340,649,548	133,686,160	197,332,062	U/A	U/A	U/A
LINDA HALL LIBRARY	4,301,873	892,800	1,458,422	0	514,023	944,399
NATL. AGRICULTURAL LIB.	18,322,994	6,697,169	9,370,765	93,708	3,842,013	5,435,044
NATL. LIBRARY OF CANADA	25,184,382	8,087,831	15,305,732	223,127	6,874,140	8,208,465
NATL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE	26,615,581	10,183,000	11,419,000	294,200	2,478,000	8,646,800
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY	40,041,154	7,403,941	22,251,785	1,281,762	U/A	U/A
NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY	10,423,244	1,290,813	6,720,860	U/A	U/A	U/A
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	6,680,971	692,522	4,421,123	58,322	1,783,679	2,579,122

U/A - Unavailable

N/A - Not Applicable



#### SUMMARY DATA: EXPENDITURES

	Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question #)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:		,	-			
Median	\$1,365,046	\$3,114,739	\$288,780	\$82,817	\$13,204,133	\$169,459
High	6,857,985	6,643,092	3,795,000	630,461	14,979,412	987,126
Low	510,994	1,597,381	6,314	0	2,391,697	\$19,076
Totals	192,372,111	357,226,826	37,208,640	16,009,521	602,817,098	22,427,306
Number of Libraries Responding	108	108	86	101	108	108
NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:						
Median	\$531,064	\$1,827,320	\$298,755	\$20,136	\$25,184,382	\$63,478
Totals	16,650,276	23,405,561	4,860,790	915,902	45,832,529	2,801,139
Number of Libraries Responding	11	11	9	. 10	11	11
GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES	\$209,022,387	\$380,632,387	\$42,069,430	\$16,925,423	\$648,649,627	\$25,228,445



## ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

### SUMMARY DATA: EXPENDITURES

Salaries & Wages Professional Staff	Salaries & Wages Support Staff	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants	Total Salaries & Wages	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	
(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(Survey Question #)
						UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:
\$2,999,956	\$2,828,358	\$617,260	\$6,349,708	\$1,871,603	\$13,204,133	Median
18,582,396	14,504,369	2,350,108	34,235,575	18,215,359	68,417,472	High
1,105,885	907,839	72,741	2,891,490	455,612	6,731,876	Low
365,164,737	361,332,661	79,864,710	838,712,775	247,031,755	1,710,988,932	Totals
105	105	105	108	108	108	Number of Libraries Responding
						NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:
\$5,013,696	\$2,668,296	\$93,708	\$9,370,765	\$6,697,169	\$25,184,382	Median
30,406,178	18,350,447	1,951,119	295,383,912	191,426,279	535,443,859	Totals
6	6	7	11	11	11	Number of Libraries Responding
\$395,570,916	\$379,683,108	\$81,815,830	\$1,134,096,687	\$438,458,034	\$2,246,432,791	GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES



37

#### ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

ALABAMA LE ALBERTA BLE ARIZONA LE ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN	otes M+	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(22)	
ALABAMA LE ALBERTA BLE ARIZONA LE ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN						(32)	(33)
ALBERTA BLI ARIZONA LI ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN	M+						
ALBERTA BLI ARIZONA LI ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN	IVI +	40	81	. 52	193	357	5,500
ARIZONA LI ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN		60	229	35	340	U/A	U/A
ARIZONA STATE E AUBURN		76	175	88	346	1,139	
AUBURN	M+	83		62	367	866	
	BL+	100	205 99	43	193	608	
BOSTON	+	51			251	281	
	M+	63	132	56 142	291 298	1,964	
BRIGHAM YOUNG	+	103	53	142	410	1,283	
	M+	104	252	54			
BROWN	+	82	97	73	252	135	
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	L+	178	264	222	664	2,329	•
	M+	52	181	61	294	504	
,,	M+	56	93	100	249	568	
, — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.M+	126	295	181	602	2,176	
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	+	36	80	52	168	370	· ·
	M+	69	177	74	320	2,059	
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	+	50	135	45	230	U/A	
CASE WESTERN RESERVE L	.M+	61	81	41	183	282	•
CHICAGO 1.	.M+	74	193	78	345	172	
CINCINNATI L	.M+	74	118	88	280	1,362	
COLORADO	L+	63	124	68	255	933	3 14,266
COLORADO STATE	+	38	75	50	163	326	5,119
COLUMBIA	.M+	1 <i>7</i> 7	274	121	572	901	7,085
CONNECTICUT BI	-M+	66	112	78	256	760	7,743
CORNELL	B1.+	130	302	150	587	1,207	7 16,122
DARTMOUTH	M+	51	105	28	184	U/A	U/A
DELAWARE	+	52	113	54	219	287	7 7,961
DUKE I	LM+	107	172	58	337	851	1 7,671
EMORY BI	LM+	82	148	44	274	444	4 3,751
FLORIDA 1	LM+	109	204	83	396	690	0 11,566
FLORIDA STATE	B1.+	วิต	124	50	230	55	5 5,978
GEORGITOWN 1	LM+	92	123	61	276	813	8 9,849
GEORGIA	L+	82	183	82	347	33	1 6,919
GEORGIA TECH	+	52	62	6	120	24.	3 3,988
GUELPH	+	25	114	9	148	16	9 2,536
	LM+	402	589	125	1,116	Ľ//	Λ U/A
HAWAII	+	60	102	70	232		
HOUSTON	1.+	46	98	72	216		
	LM+	53	97	16	166		
ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	M+	81	161	41	283		
ILLINOIS, URBANA	L+	155	243	122	520		

<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes



<sup>1 -</sup> Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

U/A - Unavailable
N/A - Not Applicable
\* - Figures in Italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

### ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES

Reference Transactions *	Initial Circulation Transactions	Total Circulation Transactions	Reserve Circulation Transactions	Total Items Loaned (ILL)	Total Items Borrowed (ILL)	
(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(Survey Question #)
						INSTITUTION
121,130	280,813	345,292	132,089	14.749	10,517	ALABAMA
384,861	U/A	964,083	150,720	71,411	26,951	
163,918	596,839	902,061	145,778	36,052	15,662	ALBERTA ARIZONA
369,516	524,180	1,035,442	187,234	22,920	18,273	ARIZONA STATE
4,600	384,691	519,385	62,759	19,473	4,112	ANIZONA STATE
97,400	351,856	453,646	193,456	15,765	14.521	BOSTON
258,757	727,396	827,517	67,441	26,236	18,568	BRIGHAM YOUNG
295,223	U/A	3,337,137	275,581	45,239	16,291	BRITISH COLUMBIA
68,765	247,314	309,291	128,632	12,288	16,092	BROWN
218,723	1,018,048	1,366,429	204,309	63,017	21,352	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
192,373	U/A	578,552	152,428	40,840	14,522	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
142,743	318,662	335,003	151,627	20,984	24,638	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE
564,973	U/A	1,888,944	311,884	94,694	15,451	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
73,407	U/A	386,279	111,226	11,896	17,401	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE
135,383	440,792	578,679	112,394	29,275	24,721	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO
U/A	342,098	497,002	202,421	10,967	20,286	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA
110,981	136,014	168,865	50,280	59,727	23,411	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
65,504	470,341	832,767	319,167	42,671	18,657	CHICAGO
101,974	655,813	879,772	118,938	55,831	35,638	CINCINNATI
296,601	U/A	687,893	307,268	34,257	13,191	COLORADO
157,148	360,782	514,784	85,268	28,771	22,639	COLORADO STATE
154,429	511,293	682,446	315,985	31,411	16,937	COLUMBIA
106,246	U/A	345,840	122,473	42,015	18,658	CONNECTICUT
238,941	945,498	1,155,128	U/A	20,350	16,098	CORNELL
U/A	259,916	319,682	152,092	15,439	13,938	DARTMOUTH
223,491	U/A	484,341	147,719	12,120	11,910	DELAWARE
167,047	316,318	429,415	112,331	49,905	15,002	DUKE
56,858	234,319	483,380	92,178	23,211	9,088	EMORY
224,521	U/A	1,702,104	162,491	61,965	12,412	FLORIDA
225,000	349,589	397,465	99,426	36,583	13,840	FLORIDA STATE
147,023	U/A	295,467	159,211	14,296	7,714	GEORGETOWN
160,278	U/A	511,592	122,409	34,544	9,089	GEORGIA
124,092	76,359	272,497	56,431	11,967	3,277	GEORGIA TECH
70,674	U/A	378,430	190,566	3,210	4,065	GUELPH
U/A	U/A	1,489,066	Ú/Λ	69,661	18.718	HARVARD
182,283	564,334	625,126	32,922	16,153	7,192	HAWAII
242,316	259,571	355,918	56,893	23,372	16,927	HOUSTON
125,665	U/A	224,452	U/A	1,988	1,702	HOWARD
170,668	339,500	536,893	95,505	93,355	74,598	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO
451,300	U/A	1,665,013	419,667	67,752	56,838	ILLINOIS, URBANA

 $<sup>\</sup>label{eq:continuous} \frac{V/A + Vnavailable}{*- Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count}$ 



# ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Library Presentations to Groups *	Participants in Group Presentations *
(Survey Question #)		(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
		100	100	152	479	1,134	24,505
INDIANA	L+	137	190	82	298	1,004	16,542
IOWA	LM+	93	123	60	221	1,061	8,229
IOWA STATE	+	48	113		302	723	7,163
JOHNS HOPKINS	M+	87	172	43		723 U/A	U/A
KANSAS	BLM+	95	120	88	303	579	10,628
KENT STATE	B+	52	94	84	230		
KENTUCKY	LM+	96	116	111	323	1,007	12,693
LAVAL	LM+	67	191	8	266	1,117	8,395
LOUISIANA STATE	L+	51	108	58	217	770	8,012
MCGILL	LM+	80	188	47	315	774	
MCMASTER	M+	34	136	16	186	372	
MANITOBA	LM+	53	136	27	216	974	
MARYLAND	+	91	125	120	336	661	13,214
MASSACHUSETTS	+	51	89	· 42	182	248	
MIT	+	84	118	25	227	165	
MIAMI	LM+	73	134	49	256	513	
MICHIGAN	LM+	144	288	161	593	1,183	
MICHIGAN STATE	+	58	112	105	275	541	
MINNESOTA	LM+	102	192	147	441	545	
MISSOURI	LM+	57	134	50	241	673	
NEBRASKA	L+	53	117	49	219	755	
NEW MEXICO	LM+	83	169	101	353	1,511	15,738
NEW YORK	LM+	154	204	124	482	690	
NORTH CAROLINA	LM+	120	210	94	424	1,85-	4 30,858
NORTH CAROLINA STATE	+	66	120	59	245	290	3 5,608
NORTHWESTERN	BLM+	110	139	151	400	714	4 <i>6,757</i>
NOTRE DAME	L+	47	141	24	212	999	9 15,735
OHIO STATE	LM+	104	180	134	418	673	7 26,177
OKLAHOMA	LM+	52	76	58	186	350	7 6,502
OKLAHOMA STATE	BM+	51	66	67	184	65.	2 10,035
OREGON	1.+	54	92	74	220	U//	Y U/A
PENNSYLVANIA	LM+	106	184	89	379	1,02	3 12,527
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	В+	120	346	79	545	2,64	6 33,084
PITTSBURGH	BLM+	106	208	102	416	1,44	3 23,173
PRINCETON	+	119	219	57	395	U/4	A U/A
PURDUE	+	65	145	58	268	3.3	7 8,097
QUEEN'S	LM+	45	137	20	202	56	6 8,650
RICE	+		60	14	119	23	2,853
ROCHESTER	М+		92	56	210		
RUTGERS	BL+		238	105	451		



<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes L - Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

U/A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable \* - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

## ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES

Reference fransactions *	Initial Circulation Transactions	Total Circulation Transactions	Reserve Circulation Transactions	Total Items Loaned (H.L.)	Total Items Borrowed (11.L)	
(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(Survey Question #)
						INSTITUTION
643,240	U/A	1,573,655	U/Λ	63,784	33,468	INDIANA
97,425	U/A	583,477	133,015	55,110	16,985	IOWA
77,501	534,985	579,298	126,671	24,627	11,172	IOWA STATE
113,122	290,487	616,809	225,161	27,253	20,502	JOHNS HOPKINS
L A	U/A	1,551,367	Ú/A	43,042	22,501	KANSAS
74,896	285,871	308,696	44,394	20,715	27,057	KENT STATE
372,044	U/A	376,123	182,709	33,782	25,182	KENTUCKY
227,060	533,298	893,313	81,177	24,787	14,334	LAVAL
218,061	342,431	435,845	140,417	13,345	11,441	LOUISIANA STATE
216,668	706,111	915,538	344,532	22,158	9,763	MCGILL
60,512	399,783	465,544	371,912	18,749	13,014	MCMASTER
71,928	$U_{\ell}A$	657,890	295,468	22,165	10,403	MANITOBA
440,525	U/A	769,477	197,592	24,864	12,436	MARYLAND
137,074	300,739	312,204	182,587	18,343	9,428	MASSACHUSETTS
110,343	428,397	557,335	67,211	20,267	7,807	MIT
149,326	231,149	330,084	127,251	36,453	14,186	MIAMI
322,654	681,837	1,011,792	226,502	54,846	26,368	MICHIGAN
UA	U/A	684,652	66,064	23,769	13,913	MICHIGAN STATE
290,977	759,425	1,030,920	281,421	248,741	15,254	MINNESOTA
114,428	U/A	418,293	113,769	36,900	17,014	MISSOURI
103,111	361,952	591,283	70,653	12,661	19,458	NEBRASKA
206,691	462,363	684,113	262,314	29,507	24,402	NEW MEXICO
178,517	772,122	U/A	207,469	17,137	20,437	NEW YORK
319,724	L / A	1,857,482	162,097	45,312	9,275	NORTH CAROLINA
119.058	374,232	439,455	42,510	24,144	7,108	NORTH CAROLINA STATE
88,763	313,877	359,331	114,634	30,962	24,528	NORTHWESTERN
74,441	309,793	378,553	90,704	17,595	10,506	NOTRE DAME
923,676	499,146	903,185	369,197	33,285	27,627	OHIO STATE
165,662	183,831	239,107	90,570	30,547	16,525	ОКLАНОМА
126,811	UτA	393,438	U/A	22,079	12,182	OKLAHOMA STATE
44,850	442,352	514,990	143,701	23,644	11,230	ORFGON
391,332	410,965	588,101	130,572	23,793	28,556	PENNSYLVANIA
504,321	949,441	1,097,742	246,485	36,413	18,297	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
389,266	451,106	590,956	255,220	48,231	14,472	PITTSBURGH
$U \circ A$	U/A	965,097	153,266	19,042	9,895	PRINCETON
202 712	343,191	530,513	423,881	28,962	13,454	PURDUE
106,944	471,277	375,731	312,526	6,829	10,654	QUEEN'S
U/A	145,904	181,193	58,941	6,766	4,904	RICE
145,734	236,718	330,230	104,183	28,366	13,623	ROCHESTER
324,104	526,933	843,776	218,194	20,464	18,310	RUTGERS

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{lll} $A$ - Unavailable & N/A - Not Applicable \\ Ligures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count. \\ \end{tabular}$ 



#### ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staft (FTE)	Library Presentations to Groups *	Participants in Group Presentations *
(Survey Question #)		(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
SASKATCHEWAN	1.M+	42	120	10	172	227	2,465
SOUTH CAROLINA	LM+	73	115	57	245	913	10,531
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BLM+	109	136	107	352	1,287	17,739
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	L+	43	95	91	229	944	7,121
STANFORD	1.M+	163	290	91	F44	646	8,615
SUNY-ALBANY	B+	48	80	50	178	399	4,678
SUNY-BUFFALO	LM+	95	92	68	255	1,154	17,870
SUNY-STONY BROOK	M+	43	93	51	187	389	
SYRACUSE	L+	71	127	47	245	462	7,044
TEMPLE	BLM+	72	108	51	231	221	4,777
TENNESSEE	1.+	65	139	63	267	415	
IFXAS	1.+	141	382	82	605	1,119	
TEXAS A&M	BM+	85	145	86	316	1,695	
TORONTO	LM+	154	373	85	612	743	
TULANE	LM+	55	90	49	194	452	•
UTAH	LM+	70	161	85	316	992	
VANDERBILT	1 M+	86	139	73	298	606	
VIRGINIA	LM+	91	194	74	359	1,053	
VPI & SU	+	41	102	63	206	636	
WASHINGTON	LM+	131	226	126	483	1,612	
WASHINGTON STATE	4.	38	93	41	172	411	
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	LM+	78	154	58	290	245	
WATERLOO	+	42	116	21	179	246	•
WAYNESTATE	LM+	80	101	79	260	453	
WESTERN ON FARIO	1 +	40	171	18	235	5()=	
WISCONSIN	LM+	155	218	166	539		
YALE	LM+	193	321	97	611	433	
YORK	BL+	51	137	51	239	564	·
BOSTON PUBLIC HBRARY	•	206	268	80	554	4,()5	138,639
CANADA INST. FOR SCITECTI.	В+	117	132	0	249		
		33	35	13	81		1 35
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.	+			13	4,544		
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS LINDA HALL LIBRARY	L+	1,543	2,988	0	4,344	-	•
	+	25	41				•
NATE, AGRICULTURAL LIB.	•	120	84	4	208		·
NATE LIBRARY OF CANADA	*	224	276	17	513	•	•
NATL LIBRARY OF MEDICINE	M+	167	89	17	273		_,
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY	+	273	443	138	854		
NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY	LM+	79	108	0	187		•
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION	В+	60	49	4	113	N//	N/A

<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes



L - Includes Law Library M- Includes Medical Library

U/A - Unavailable N, A - Not Applicable  $^*$  - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count

### ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES

	fotal Items	Total	Reserve Circulation	Total	Initial	Reterence
	Borrowed (H.L.)	ltems Loaned (ILL)	Transactions	Circulation Transactions	Circulation Transactions	Transactions *
(Survey Question #	(39)	(38)	(37)	(36)	(35)	(34)
INSTITUTIO:						
SASKATCHEWA?	10,184	9,306	U/A	1,317,535	614,860	85,746
SOUTH CAROLINA	19,690	14,659	80,968	891,298	U/A	156,419
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	13,618	13,066	114,217	794,877	609,453	158,098
SOUTHERN ILLINOI	17,700	34,626	45,002	304,553	223,036	130,460
STANFOR	9,133	18,209	U/A	1,164,242	U/A	297,134
SUNY-ALBAN	13,360	20,190	61,926	286,390	219,130	127,588
SUNY-BUFFAL	13,174	40,939	89,221	505,887	425,340	141,970
SUNY-STONY BROO	10,048	36,302	77,502	387,011	330,301	125,107
SYRACUS	9,413	13,143	111,455	234,755	190,305	81,043
TEMPL	11,253	11,067	128,780	303,038	U/A	U/A
TENNESSF	24,271	19,233	129,991	768,185	449,188	99,645
TEXA	25,347	34,344	367,632	2,690,871	1,696,268	487,775
TEXAS A&!	25,106	45,079	126,942	1,019,890	U/A	282,524
TORONT	9,365	25,539	212,780	2,463,697	1,917,948	411,622
TULAN	11,355	12,918	10,155	316,289	276,958	73,449
UTA	13,342	29,497	161,605	419,718	324,026	U/A
VANDERBII	12,807	15,930	81,069	358,998	29(),43()	119,490
VIRGINI	26,765	46,276	329,554	885,132	524,974	200,000
VPI & S	14,041	29,579	179,640	437,346	315,890	104,815
WASHINGTO	10,006	81,392	85,747	1,342,975	U/A	109,712
WASHINGTON STAT	7,408	29,061	64,387	383,568	240,487	96,265
WASHINGTON UST. LOU	26,155	48,314	84,900	406,705	208,691	133,644
WATERLO	6,186	8,833	130,993	612,567	466,357	59,030
WAYNE STAT	12,008	46,099	109,289	398,925	326,296	1,161,212
WESTERN ONTARI	3,616	11,324	UzA	869,510	U/A	184,423
WISCONSI	24,604	98,475	325 <b>,9</b> 99	1,161,502	8 <b>79,</b> 955	452,952
YAI	14,310	14,843	41,208	736,214	640,643	358,164
YOR	4,387	18,537	91,775	1,215,625	870,736	158,637
BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRAE	8,510	26,536	UΑ	2,385.422	L/A	1,459,771
CANADA INST. FOR SCITEC	2,784	378,851	N/A	3,179	U/A	7,726
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIE	0	29,813	N/A	96,213	96,213	N/A
LIBRARY OF CONGRE	353	20,869	N/A	U/A	204,031	1,660,673
LINDA HALL LIBRAI	50	47,003	U/A	3,313	3,313	30,241
NATL. AGRICULTURAL L	11,723	25,651	N/A	12,326	10,394	51,892
NATL LIBRARY OF CANAL	857	37,052	N/A	63,607	60,381	255,156
NATL LIBRARY OF MEDICIN	217	245,078	U/A	U/A	U/A	68,267
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRAI	3,647	3,695	U/A	U/A	U/A	U/A
NEW YORK STATE LIBRAI	3,882	57,808	U/A	52,000	44,100	85,941
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTIO	18,547	21,741	N/A	243,855	226,508	56,682

U. A - Unavailable N/A - Not Applicable

• Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count



### ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

### SUMMARY DATA: PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Library Presentations to Groups	Participants in Group Presentations
(Survey Question #)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
		_		-		
UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:						
Median	73	136	63	268	673	8,456
High	402	589	222	1,116	2,646	42,222
Low	25	53	6	119	112	2,183
Totals	9,061	17,005	7,870	33,936	78,520	1,092,092
Number of Libraries Responding	108	108	108	108	101	100
NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:						
Median	120	108	13	249	358	12,059
Totals	2,847	4,513	282	7,642	8,747	274,263
Number of Libraries Responding	11	11	11	11	8	8
· ·						
GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES	11,908	21,518	8,152	41,578	87,267	1,366,355



44

# ARL LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1994-95

# SUMMARY DATA: PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

Reference Transactions	Initial Circulation Transactions	Total Circulation Transactions	Reserve Circulation Transactions	Total Items Loaned (ILL.)	Total Items Borrowed (ILL)	
(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(Survey Question #)
						UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:
156,419	379,462	578,552	130,572	25,202	14,403	Median
1,161,212	1,917,948	3,337,137	423,881	248,741	74,598	High
4,600	76,359	168,865	10,155	1,988	1,702	Low
20,845,257	35,503,344	78,576,969	15,716,909	3,552,579	1,769,220	Totals
99	76	107	99	108	108	Number of Libraries Responding
						NONUNIVERSITY LIBRARIES:
68,267	60,381	57,804	N/A	29,813	2,784	Median
3,676,349	644,940	2,859,915	N/A	914,097	50,570	Totals
9	7	8	0	11	11	Number of Libraries Responding
24,521,606	36,148,284	81,436,884	15,716,909	4,466,676	1,819,790	GRAND TOTALS: ALL ARL LIBRARIES



#### Analysis of Selected Variables of ARL University Libraries

The percentages and ratios below are select indicators that describe the condition of ARL university libraries. The high and low figures indicate the range, while the mean and median indicate the central tendency of the distributions for ARL university libraries. Note that a distribution is normal when the mean and the median figures are identical. If the mean is larger than the median then the distribution is positively skewed, and if the opposite is true the distribution is negatively skewed.

	Category	High	Mean	Median	Low	Number of libraries reporting
1.	Professional Staff as percent of Total Staff	43.33	26.47	25.82	16.89	108
2.	Support Staff as percent of Total Staff	77.03	50.36	50.21	17.79	108
3.	Student Assistant Staff as percent of Total Staff	47.65	23.17	23.47	3.01	108
4.	Ratio of Professional to Support Staff (excluding Student Assistant Staff)	1.94	0.56	0.52	0.22	108
5.	Ratio of Items Loaned to Items Borrowed	16.31	2.21	1.85	0.54	108
6.	Serial Expenditures as percent of Total Library Materials Expenditures	80.98	61.43	60.49	35.53	108
7.	Total Library Material Expenditures as percent of Total Library Expenditures	50.02	36.66	36.80	21.89	108
8.	Contract Binding as percent of Total Library Expenditures	2.34	1.28	1.24	0.21	108
9.	Salary and Wages Expenditures as percent of Total Library Expenditures	63.61	48.49	48.33	33.98	108
10.	Other Operating Expenditures as percent of Total Library Expenditures	26.62	13.56	13.60	4.58	108
11.	Unit cost of monographs (per volume)	\$79.18	\$45.07	\$44.70	\$23.07	92
12.	Unit cost of serials (per title)	\$383.54	\$210.71	\$205.94	\$90.82	81



### Ph.D., FACULTY, AND ENROLLMENT STATISTICS \*

#### ENROLLMENTS

							<del></del>	
	Ph.D.s Awarded	Ph.D. Fields	Faculty	Total FTE Full-time**	Total Part-time**	Graduate FTE Full-time	Graduate Part-time	
(Survey Question #)	(4())	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	
INSTITUTION								
ALABAMA	106	49	794	15,628	3,678	2,329	1,982	
ALBERTA +	283	59	1,579	22,252	2,538	3,110	1,278	
ARIZONA +	396	95	1,469	27,186	8,120	5,597	3,241	
ARIZONA STATE	465	53	1,818	25,168	10,711	5,571	6,560	
AUBURN	123	37	1,172	17,953	3,273	1,863	1,636	
BOSTON	193	56	1,091	22,659	6,413	7,355	3,313	
BRIGHAM YOUNG	67	3()	1,398	28,331	3,180	1,815	1,120	
BRITISH COLUMBIA	254	71	1,847	18,209	6,754	5,383	555	
BROWN	162	37	529	7,261	540	1,531	143	
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY +	797	119	1,390	26,830	2,804	7,545	1,071	
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS +	323	52	1,293	20,236	2,206	4,768	281	
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	188	23	998	15,966	1,107	3,197	279	
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	620	75	1,688	33,016	2,094	10,730	761	
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	132	32	390	8,229	362	1,321	52	
CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	274	48	1,141	16,844	930	3,245	112	
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	231	53	950	17,700	857	2,255	161	
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	161	44	1,850	6,502	3,054	3,401	2,506	
CHICAGO	378	68	1,258	9,706	1,910	6,307	1,862	
CINCINNATI +	217	55	1,742	19,862	8,896	4,594	2,949	
COLORADO	. 297	41	1,227	20,276	4,272	2,166	2,637	
COLORADO STATE +	209	39	997	15,740	2,060	2,653	1,008	
COLUMBIA	392	68	3,186	15,176	3,872	10,121	2,152	
CONNECTICUT	265	ნნ	1,073	16,330	6,634	4,339	3,906	
CORNELL +	524	74	1,532	18,811	79	5,583	45	
DARTMOUTH	45	12	911	5,119	68	1,198	37	
DELAWARE	139	39	906	15,740	5,845	1,694	1,516	
DUKE +	239	41	1,044	10,742	610	4,657	551	
EMORY	152	18	674	9,336	1,557	3,670	1,302	
FLORIDA	4(11)	71	2,258	32,334	5,943	7,007	2,791	
FLORIDA STATF +	295	67	990	23,653	5,874	3,910	2,636	
GEORGETOWN +	58	17	790	10,970	1,648	4,922	1,322	
GEORGIA	277	68	1,967	25,129	4,340		1,706	
GEORGIA TECH	189	61	660	11,425	1,476		800	
GUELPH	94	U/A	662	12,310	2,398		262	
HARVARD+	39()	73	1,708	17,390	1,162		851	
HAWAH	147	49	1,114	14,333	5,677		3,458	
HOUSTON	135	43	1,437	18,824	12,474		3,67	
HOWARD	71	23	1,352	9,063	1,269		710	
ILLINOIS, CHICAGO +	238	43	1,879	18,876	6,254		3,476	
ILLINOIS, URBANA +	731	82	1,849	33,542	5,003		2,873	
INDIANA +	315	71	1,418	29,695	5,899		2,659	
IOWA +	323	38	1,100	20,914	6,757		3,829	
IOWA +	323	אר	1,100	20,914	6,757	7,486	5,8	

<sup>\* -</sup> These figures were reported on the ARL Questionnaire and have not been verified with the U.S. NCFS IPFDS survey \*\* - Includes both undergraduate and graduate students.



<sup>+ -</sup> See Footnotes

U/A - Unavailable

## Ph.D., FACULTY, AND ENROLLMENT STATISTICS \*

#### ENROLLMENTS

	Ph.D.s Awarded	Ph.D. Fields	Faculty	Total FTE Full-time**	Total Part-time**	Graduate FTE Full-time	Graduate Part-time
(Survey Question #)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)
INSTITUTION							
IOWA STATE	318	82	1,153	21,231	3,759	2,962	1,989
JOHNS HOPKINS	242	60	823	7,307	8,275	3,613	6,687
KANSAS+	229	67	1,577	21,868	6,181	4,684	4,558
KENT STATE	174	18	841	20,140	10,130	1,899	2,942
KENTUCKY	201	51	1,228	18,418	5,204	3,454	2,762
LAVAL	223	49	1,650	24,163	7,568	4,315	2,56-
LOUISIANA STATE +	222	55	1,210	20,379	5,631	4,052	1,996
MCGILL +	276	59	1,681	22,077	9,655	5,188	1,769
MCMASTER	121	36	1,001	13,644	3,782	1,584	643
MANITOBA	121	48	1,308	17,905	6,062	2,232	959
MARYLAND	480	65	1,428	24,479	8,014	4,183	4,586
MASSACHUSETTS +	216	51	1,174	19,182	5,643	2,431	3,70
MIT	497	84	974	9,465	319	5,022	280
MIAMI	108	43	1,853	11,806	1,928	4,381	98
MICHIGAN +	675	114	2,717	32,937	3,606	10,966	2,33
MICHIGAN STATE	407	104	2,038	32,396	7,858	5,482	3,71
MINNESOTA	686	98	1,500	22,828	28,650	6,232	7,49
MISSOURI	207	61	881	17,969	4,206	3,242	2,49
NFBRASKA +	213	35	1,265	18,676	5,178	2,618	2,53
NEW MEXICO	198	37	1,417	14,529	9,815	2,014	2,25
NEW YORK	370	137	2,136	22,278	13,147	6,388	10,02
NORTH CAROLINA	357	62	2,328	19,764	4,699	4,943	3,62
NORTH CAROLINA STATE +	258	53	1,568	16,681	4,671	1,935	4,29
NORTHWESTERN	311	77	1,887	13,941	3,725	6,190	1,71
NOTRE DAME	119	25	648	10,049	2(10)	2,287	22
OHIO STATE	679	100	2,474	39,511	10,031	9,012	4,36
OKLAHOMA	165	57	1,501	16,318	5,160	3,506	3,02
OKLAHOMA STATE	110	35	1,238	18,912	8,810	1,718	2,60
OREGON +	133	45	709	14,203	2,478	2,666	77
PENNSYLVANIA	489	65	1,958	18,419	4,301	8,926	2.49
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	540	88	2,944	52,637	15,685	4,513	5,85
PITTSBURGH +	278	63	1,573	23,553	8,966	5,896	3,71
PRINCETON	300	45	734	4,524	126	1,825	
PURDUE	512	54	1,353	30,096	2,241	4,292	2,12
QUEEN'S +	146	29	720	13,181	3,360	2,084	72
RICF	121	26	110	3,988	101	1,351	·
ROCHESTER +	206	53	502	7,698	1,934	2,271	1,44
RUTGFRS	383	61	1,975	32,373	15,327	1 669	31
SASKATCHEWAN	64	42	959	14,797	3,255	1,376	45
SOUTH CAROLINA	237	49	1,400	16,789	9,965	4,379	6,34
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA +	475	78	1,629	21,081	7,104	7,496	5,60
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS +	140	28	956	18,808	4,354		2,07

<sup>\*-</sup> These figures were reported on the ARI-Questionnaire and have not been verified with the U.S. NCFS IPFDS survey.
\*\*- Includes both undergraduate and graduate students.
+- See Footnotes
U/A - Unavailable



## Ph.D., FACULTY, AND ENROLLMENT STATISTICS \*

#### ENROLLMENTS

	DV 15	DV 13	r. 1.			<. 1	
	Ph.D.s Awarded	Ph.D. Fields	Faculty	Total FTE Full-time**	Total Part-time**	Graduate FTE Full-time	Graduate Part-time
(Survey Question #)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)
INSTITUTION							
STANFORD	574	76	1,428	12,622	U/A	6,061	1,409
SUNY-ALBANY	147	34	619	12,262	4,360	2,159	3,111
SUNY-BUFFALO +	318	(1(1	1,286	18,375	6,568	4,815	3,717
SUNY-STON'Y BROOK	244	40	1,295	13,379	4,242	3,043	2,824
SYRACUSE	199	75	868	13,684	5,260	2,346	3,698
TEMPLE +	. 235	61	1,720	19,116	10,500	4,495	6,000
TENNESSEE +	239	48	1,092	19,853	6,061	4,130	3,164
TEXAS +	727	81	2,194	40,866	6,641	11,592	1,619
TEXAS A&M +	591	106	1,987	37,325	4,783	5,796	1,944
TORONTO	437	75	2,675	36,967	16,619	7,131	3,382
TULANE	73	43	934	8,864	2,002	3,918	415
UTAH	203	59	1,430	17,660	9,254	3,896	1,052
VANDERBILT +	135	39	1,581	9,491	597	3,741	542
VIRGINIA	285	46	989	17,051	4,370	5,664	3,189
VPL& SU+	.361	5()	1,466	22,505	3,337	3,851	2,762
WASHINGTON +	454	65	2,934	28,152	6,037	7,536	1,636
WASHINGTON STATE	156	44	965	16,894	2,420	2,134	1,057
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	164	46	634	8,324	3,331	3,362	2,123
WATERLOO	159	32	806	15,476	7,082	1,690	405
WAYNF STATE	22()	41	1,321	14,927	17,222	6,013	7,498
WESTERN ONTARIO	150	35	1,365	16,353	3,334	2,665	153
WISCONSIN	758	121	2,156	33,435	5,926	9,649	2,168
YALE	345	47	1,781	10,619	297	5,452	203
YORK	82	55	1,178	27,710	11,076	2,172	1,183

## SUMMARY DATA: Ph.D., FACULTY, AND ENROLLMENT STATISTICS

Median	238	53	1,315	18,089	4,370	3,984	2,034
High	797	137	3,186	52.637	28,650	11,592	10,024
Low	45	12	39(1	3,988	80	1.198	()
Totals	30,758	6,054	149,201	2,058,176	573,081	469,539	248,584
Number of Libraries Responding	108	107	108	108	107	108	108

 <sup>\*-</sup> These figures were reported on the ARL Questionnaire and have not been verified with the U.S. NCFS IPEDS survey.
 \*- Includes both undergraduate and graduate students.
 +- See Footnotes
 1/A - Unavailable



RANK ORDER TABLES OF UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES



# SUMMARY OF RANK ORDER TABLES FOR UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES

The table below presents the rank for each university library in each of the eighteen categories for which rank order tables are prepared. The table numbers in the chart below refer to the data categories listed below. The number of libraries indicates the number of ARL university libraries supplying data in each category.

ABLE DATA CATEGORY		_	N	0. OF	LIBS.		TABL	.E_D/	ATA C	'ATEG	ORY					NO	. OF L.	BS.
1 VOLUMES IN LIBRARY 2 VOLUMES ADDED (GROSS) 3 CURRENT SERIALS (TOTALS) 4 MICROFORM HOLDINGS 5 GOVERNMENT DOCUMENT 6 MATERIALS EXPENDITURES 7 SALARIES & WAGES EXPEN 8 OTHER OPERATING EXPEN 9 TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDIT	S S DETUR DITURI			10 10 10 10 10	98 98 98 95 95 98 98 98		10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	EX SE EX TO TO PE SU	CPENT CPENT OTAL OTAL COFES CPPOT	DITURI S PURO DITURI ITEMS ITEMS	ES FO CHAS ES FO S LO S BOI AL ST FF (F	RROWI 'AFF (F TE)	NOGR. 'BS.) IALS ED				92 108 81 108 108 108 108 108	
NSTITUTION			-						ΓABL	ES						_		
	1	2	3	4	5 	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
ALABAMA	89	103	84	68	10	55	102	85	86	71	88	67	29	88	81	69	99	9()
ALBERTA	18	22	40	48	38	26	26	62	30	51	34	19	9	6	8	51	15	34
ARIZONA	23	26	43	26	77	28	34	37	31	16	28	18	44	34	47	42	35	32
ARIZONA STATE	38	41	23	3	24	30	31	40	32	12	21	17	35	64	36	30	21	27
AUBURN	65	44	61	75	44	98	99	87	101	48	68	77	100	74	104	85	85	9(
BOSTON	91	()()	34	54	U/A	89	70	66	71	63	94	26	66	85	53	65	58	6.
BRIGHAM YOUNG	61	77	77	96	48	56	57	58	60	21	44	(24)	74	53	33	28	108	4-
BRITISH COLUMBIA	28	14	58	33	18	34	20	55	25	15	17	37	30	22	44	26	12	22
BROWN	48	81	97	101	77	70	65	33	59	43	41	65	88	96	46	44	87	62
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	4	10	4	12	64	5	3	7	5	U/A	3	U/A	5	10	24	3	11	2
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	47	34	12	51	65	38	41	41	39	U/A	32	U/A	49	28	52	80	32	47
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	95	87	86	95	53	72	42	45	40	74	85	U/A	70	68	16	73	91	(1-
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	9	ĸ	2	G	68	7	5	3	-1	1	4	U/A	17	3	49	15	7	(
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	103	104	95	100	46	105	95	100	105	54	69	79	105	99	38	106	101	10
CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	62	42	47	85	57	43	28	44	35	10	33	31	57	47	15	59	34	3
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	70	39	79	41	49	90	64	48	65	52	77	62	76	102	27	91	55	7
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	94	102	94	93	71	79	94	93	91	9()	101	60	5()	12	21	68	99	9
CHICAGO	11	11	15	04	U/A	25	27	29	27	6	11	U/Λ	25	25	32	52	25	3
CINCINNATI	86	75	51	73	47	45	58	65	56	62	วิเว	U/A	36	13	3	52	68	5
COLORADO	52	88	32	15	5	33	55	21	38	26	52	24	20	38	66	65	61	6
COLORADO STATE	108	74	54	91	50	87	101	101	102	69	78	73	87	50	22	104	104	10
COLUMBIA	8	4	6	23	61	10	8	14	8	U/A	8	1	7	41	41	4	10	
CONNECTICUT	54	37	66	46	U/A	53	35	46	43	67	()()	25	42	26	31	61	77	=
CORNELI.	12	Ŋ	7	2	$U/\Lambda$	()	11	c)	10	U/A	10	U/Λ	12	71	45	14	6	
DARTMOUTH	78	.10	37	88	77	77	81	59	78	หว	(1(1	29	81	86	59	85	81	·
DELAWARE	73	95	92	81	40	65	80	91	82	36	36			97	74	80	75	1
DUKE	20	16	26	66	6	19	25	15	21	14		U/A		16	51	23	36	3
EMORY	74	93	46	70	67	31	52	10	33	U/A	18	28	41	63	95	44	43	5
ELORIDA	36	36	36	7	ij	36	33	64	3(1	22	45	3 22	40	11	71	20	22	2



U/A - Unavailable

U/A - Unavailable



INSTITUTION TABLES

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	4)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
PENNSYLVANIA	21	23	25	74	L./Y	21	21	11	20	17	19	U/A	28	59	5	24	3()	26
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	29	21	30	60	77	13	12	23	15	U/A	25	16	11	32	35	16	.‡	10
PITTSBURGH	30	27	42	59	72	23	30	30	29	U/A	26	U/A	19	18	54	24	20	21
PRINCETON	16	18	29	50	32	11	17	25	14	U/A	6	7	55	76	87	18	17	25
PURDUE	68	55	93	92	34	71	76	75	74	79	92	52	38	49	48	63	44	54
QUEEN'S	83	65	99	61	13	94	82	107	96	70	81	53	79	105	80	97	5()	88
RICE	98	84	105	89	51	61	106	73	43	32	46	72	42	106	102	97	107	108
ROCHESTER	42	gg	108	37	28	78	85	86	85	75	86	18	68	51	62	67	44	86
RUTGERS	31	31	31	22	2	27	7	69	16	47	51	U/A	15	70	34	22	14	17
SASKATCHEWAN	107	94	96	77	39	99	103	108	106	88	105	75	75	103	84	101	65	101
SOUTH CAROLINA	50	47	68	36	20	83	74	22	63	29	59	U/A	99	89	28	54	73	65
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	34	48	37	13	3,3	32	23	20	2.4	13	29	$U/\Lambda$	23	93	63	20	52	30
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS :	66	$s_3$	70	43	41	80	87	83	84	7n	46	38	71	35	37	цų	89	76
STANFORD	10	13	18	28	70	2	2	4	2	$U/\Lambda$	1	$U_{+}A_{-}$	4	80	93	5	8	[1
SUNY-ALBANY	101	98	83	79	77	100	97	95	104	73	95	U/A	104	73	64	92	101	100
SUNY-BUFFALO	40	43	50	27	30	52	47	70	53	50	60	27	67	27	67	32	94	60
SUNY-STONY BROOK	93	90	106	55	58	88	71	97	83	64	79	76	97	33	85	99	91	92
SYRACUSE	46	67	81	52	54	95	83	42	79	80	104	41	40	42	9(1	5.7	59	คริ
TEMPLE	69	46	89	86	60	82	68	84	75	38	73	61	72	101	77	"6	79	72
TENNESSEE	81	89	59	เกร	22	51	67	57	62	28	55	34	39	75	20	63	47	55
TEXAS	5	5	10	18	77	29	13	28	17	20	31	10	27	37	12	11	2	5
TEXAS A&M	67	70	78	29	69	44	59	17	45	61	61	44	51	23	14	40	44	39
TORONTO	7	2	20	56	U/A	6	4	74	7	3	5	6	8	54	91	8	3	3
TULANE	88	71	91	87	[4	76	$q_{\mathbf{S}}$	79	89	46	63	۲ '۸	45	94	76	75	97	89
UTAH	50	54	87	62	21	42	63	14	48	C/A	.35	47	43	46	65	58	40	34
VANDERBILT	63	50	72	84	59	50	62	51	77	U A	54	3,3	47	84	64	34	47	44
VIRGINIA	24	25	14	32	19	16	29	34	26	5 8	23	13	22	19	9	36	24	28
VPI & SU	92	56	69	6	42	46	93	81	80	77	83	49	56	44	58	103	82	87
WASHINGTON	15	6	8	4	U/A	8	14	13	11	23	12	2	3	5	86	13	16	14
WASHINGTON STATE	102	100	44	72	$U/\Lambda$	101	91	76	4 <u>1</u>	2 72	10)7	$F^{+}J^{-}$	83	48	98	104	91	101
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	30	33	62	82	74	41	43	38	4.	2 56	74	21	3;	17	11	5()	42	48
WATERLOO	105	108	80	105	U/A	103	89	103	[0]	3 78	80	ı t A	103	104	101	101	71	ųς
WAYNE STATE	41	51	45	58	45	54	54	54	57	7 66	49	32	63	20	73	48	84	57
WESTERN ONTARIO	75	76	71	67	77	74	66	98	78	6 39	65	5 55	61	100	106	95	38	70
WISCONSIN	14	17	16	34	56	14	10	6		9 7	20	n 5	13	2	17	6	18	12
YALF	2	[9	Ŋ	20	11	3	6	2		3 4		) U A	14	87	วิถ	2	5	1
YORK	80	6-1	100	64	77	42	60	80	7.	2 31	6	7 U A	101	TS	103	85	50	69



# RANK ORDER TABLE 1: VOLUMES IN LIBRARY

RANK	Institution	Value	Rank	Institution	VALUE
1	HARVARD	13,143,330	55	OKLAHOMA	2,531,059
2	YALE	9,599,371	56		2,476,737
3	ILLINOIS, URBANA	8,665,814	57	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	2,472,810
4	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	8,242,196		MARYLAND	2,464,623
5	TEXAS	7,176,889	59	NOTRE DAME	2,458,987
6	MICHIGAN	6,774,515		MIT	2,409,136
7	TORONTO	6,713,029		BRIGHAM YOUNG	2,371,281
8 9	COLUMBIA	6,664,748	62	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	2,366,019
10	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES STANFORD	6,606,361		VANDERBILT	2,335,725
	STANFORD	6,549,725	64	NEBRASKA	2,331,963
11	CHICAGO	5,854,014	65	AUBURN	2,303,326
12	CORNELL	5,835,235	66	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS TEXAS A&M PURDUE TEMPLE	2,302,838
13	INDIANA	5,677,326	67	TEXAS A&M	2,281,654
14	WISCONSIN	5,652,885	68	PURDUE	2,263,601
15	WASHINGTON	5,471,784			2,262,519
16	PRINCETON	5,292,949	70	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	2,247,826
17 18	MINNESOTA	5,241,590	71	HOWARD	2,235,764
19	ALBERTA OHIO STATE	4,968,292		KENT STATE	2,224,660
20	DUKE	4,864,522	73		2,213,548
20		4,415,525	74	EMORY	2,183,942
21	PENNSYLVANIA	4,324,225	<i>7</i> 5	WESTERN ONTARIO	2,181,329
22	NORTH CAROLINA	4,263,684	76	OREGON	2,143,556
23	ARIZONA	4,225,022	77	LAVAL	2,134,465
24	VIRGINIA	4,165,805	78	DARTMOUTH	2,130,672
25	MICHIGAN STATE	3,972,396		FLORIDA STATE	2,116,510
26	NORTHWESTERN	3,775,526		YORK	2,114,510
27	IOWA	3,655,496	81	TENNESSEE	2,110,204
28	BRITISH COLUMBIA	3,647,548	82	GEORGETOWN	2,071,359
29 30	PENNSYLVANIA STATE PITTSBURGH	3,632,652		QUEEN'S	2,063,339
	MISBURGH	3,627,100	84	GUELPH	2,056,867
31	RUTGERS	3,480,920	85	!OWA STATE	2,043,344
32	NEW YORK	3,385,458	86	CINCINNATI	2,035,167
33	KANSAS	3,379,453	87	MIAMI	2,032,326
34	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	3,303,938	88	TULANE	2,029,777
35	GEORGIA	3,303,268	89	ALABAMA	2,024,410
36	FLORIDA	3,174,460		NEW MEXICO	2,021,883
37	JOHNS HOPKINS	3,118,765	91		2,004,356
38 39	ARIZONA STATE WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	3,101,920		VPI & SU	1,951,580
40	SUNY-BUFFALO	3,095,313		SUNY-STONY BROOK	1,929,968
40	30IVI-BOFFALO	2,937,786	94	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	1,915,674
41	WAYNESTATE	2,904,641	95	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	1,875,065
42	ROCHESTER	2,882,023	96	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	1,873,252
43	MCGILL	2,878,716	97	GEORGIA TECH	1,865,727
44	HAWAII	2,854,225	98	RICE	1,864,335
45	LOUISIANA STATE	2,831,957	99	HOUSTON	1,846,757
46	SYRACUSE	2,826,295	100	OKLAHOMA STATE	1,831,764
47	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	2,807,863	101	SUNY-ALBANY	1,815,326
48	BROWN	2.762,196	102	WASHINGTON STATE	1,797,820
49	MISSOURI	2,730,756	103	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	1,753,705
50	SOUTH CAROLINA	2,714,060	104	MCMASTER	1,737,858
51 52	MASSACHUSETTS	2,696,692	105	WATERLOO	1,732,615
52 53	COLORADO	2,624,243	106	MANITOBA	1,680,837
53 54	KENTUCKY CONNECTICUT	2,590,061 2,546,979	107	SASKATCHEWAN	1,648,536
			108	COLORADO STATE	

Figure for some institutions includes government documents. See also Rank Order Table 5: Government Documents.



# RANK ORDER TABLE 2: VOLUMES ADDED (GROSS)

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	VALUE
		277.177	55	PURDUE	68,492
1	HARVARD	277,176	56	VPI & SU	68,040
2	TORONTO	214,570	5.	MIAMI	67,881
3	illinois, urbana	198,096	58	GEORGETOWN	67,872
4	COLUMBIA	175,890	59	VANDERBILT	66,665
5	TEXAS	169,511	29 40	JOHNS HOPKINS	66,500
6	WASHINGTON	165,231		KENT STATE	66,475
7	INDIANA	161,552		NEW MEXICO	65,512
8	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	156,962		and the second s	65,288
9	CORNELL	156,331	63	NOTRE DAME YORK	65,204
10	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	155,586	64	TORK	
11	CHICAGO	153,202	65	QUEEN'S	64,555
	MINNESOTA	151,925	66	BOSTON	63,498 63,499
13		147,928	67		
14	BRITISH COLUMBIA	147,388	68		63,008
15		146,313	69		62,832
	DUKE	140,626	70		62,133
17		126,063	71		59,905 50,04
18		124,044	72	LOUISIANA STATE	59,040
19		123,998	73	MISSOURI	57,68
20		121,000	74	COLORADO STATE	57,65
21	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	120,619	75	CINCINNATI	57,59
21		118,830	76	WESTERN ONTARIO	56,77
22		118,596		BRIGHAM YOUNG	56,10
23		114,700		NEBRASKA	56,05
24		113,874		IOWA STATE	55,29
25		108,671	80		55,18
26		105,212	81		55,05
27		102,164		GEORGIA TECH	54,44
28		99,937	83		54,25
29 30		97,463	84		53,23
		96,912	85	5 OKLAHOMA	52,58
31		95,274	86		51,59
32		94,392	87		50,13
33		92,536	88		49,6
34		91,359	89		49,5
35		90,670		SUNY-STONY BROOK	49,4
36		88,955		1 KENTUCKY	49,4
33				2 MIT	48,7
3		88,312		3 EMORY	48,3
3' 4		87,968 85,969		4 SASKATCHEWAN	47,9
		85,708	9	5 DELAWARE	47,4
4	1 ARIZONA STATE	0=0=4		6 TEMPLE	47,1
	2 CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	85,076		7 HOUSTON	46,3
	3 SUNY-BUFFALO	84,027 83,599		8 SUNY-ALBANY	43,
	4 AUBURN	79,976		9 ROCHESTER	41,
	5 NORTH CAROLINA STATE		10		41,
	6 LAVAL	79,537			40,
	7 SOUTH CAROLINA	79,387	10		39,
4	8 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	78,595			39,
	19 DARTMOUTH 50 NORTHWESTERN	77,428 76,226		)3 ALABAMA )4 CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	39,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,	05 MCMASTER	38,
5	51 WAYNE STATE	75,332			27
	52 OKLAHOMA STATE	74,708		06 HOWARD	27
	53 HAWAII	71,624		07 GUELPH	25
	54 UTAH	69,425	11	08 WATERLOO	2.5



## RANK ORDER TABLE 3: CURRENT SERIALS TOTALS

RANK	Institution	Value	RANK	Institution	VALUE
1	HARVARD	96,353	55	NEBRASKA	20,623
2	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	96,121		JOHNS HOPKINS	20,574
3	ILLINOIS, URBANA	90,969	57	DARTMOUTH	20,374
4	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	87,368	58	BRITISH COLUMBIA	20,288
5	MICHIGAN	70,118	59	TENNESSEE	19,698
6	COLUMBIA	62,548		MIAMI	19,551
7	CORNELL	61,705		AUBURN	19,410
8	WASHINGTON	56,793		WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS +	18,988
9	YALE+	56,359	63	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	18,880
10	TEXAS	51,837	64	OKLAHOMA STATE	18,677
11	GEORGIA	48,190	65	FLORIDA STATE +	18,296
	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	47,133		CONNECTICUT +	18,209
	MINNESOTA	46,130	67	LOUISIANA STATE	18,001
	VIRGINIA	45,992		SOUTH CAROLINA	17,940
	CHICAGO	45,589		VPI & SU	17,743
	WISCONSIN	44,810	70	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS +	17,724
17	NORTH CAROLINA	43,840		WESTERN ONTARIO	17,546
18 19	STANFORD +	43,784		VANDERBILT	17,450
20	INDIANA TORONTO	41,233 40,449	73 74	MCGILL NEW MEXICO	17,424 17,303
21	NORTHWESTERN	38,903			
22	IOWA	37,247		OREGON OKLAHOMA	17,259
23	ARIZONA STATE	35,091		BRIGHAM YOUNG	17,093
2.1	HAWAII	34,885	77	TEXAS A&M +	17,022
25	PENNSYLVANIA	33,558	70	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	16,705
26	DUKE +	33,405	80 80	WATERLOO	16,505
27		33,368		LAVAL	16,438
28	KANSAS	32,504		SYRACUSE	16,309
29	PRINCETON	32,465		SUNY-ALBANY	16,309 16,177
30	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	32,275	84	ALABAMA	15.967
31	RUTGERS	30,217	85	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	15,878
32	COLORADO	29,406	86	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	15,873
33	NEW YORK	29,226	87	UTAH	15,752
34	BOSTON	28,858		MASSACHUSETTS	15,641
35	MICHIGAN STATE	27,917	89	TEMPLE	15,437
36	FLORIDA	27,309	90	HOUSTON +	15,178
37	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	27,229	91	TULANE +	14,846
38	KENTUCKY	26,844		DELAWARE +	14,462
39	GEORGETOWN +	26,472	93	PURDUE +	14,257
40	ALBERTA	26,424	94	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	14,108
41	MARYLAND	25,926		CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	13,593
42		25,214		SASKATCHEWAN	13,555
43	ARIZONA	24,946	97	BROWN	13,157
44	WASHINGTON STATE	24,905	98	MCMASTER	13,047
45	WAYNE STATE	24,785	99	QUEEN'S +	12,996
46	EMORY CANADISCO	24,588	100	YORK	12,837
47	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	23,906	101	GEORGIA TECH	12,713
48 49	MISSOURI	23,598	102	KENT STATE	12,210
50	NOTRE DAME SUNY-BUFFALO +	23,131 21,818	103 104	HOWARD + GUELPH	12,006 11,863
51	CINCINNATI	21.518			
52	MIT	•	105	RICE	11,615
53	IOWA STATE	21,453 21,201	106	SUNY-STONY BROOK	11,081
54	COLORADO STATE	21,201	107	MANITOBA +	10,629
•••		41,000	108	ROCHESTER	10,284

<sup>+ -</sup> Figure does not include government document serials.



# RANK ORDER TABLE 4: MICROFORM UNITS

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	Value
1	HARVARD	7,558,615	55	SUNY-STONY BROOK	3,402,275
2	CORNELL	6,773,020	56	TORONTO	3,401,021
3	ARIZONA STATE	6,355,681	57	JOHNS HOPKINS	3,386,609
4	WASHINGTON	6,255,761	58	WAYNE STATE	3,374,190
	NEW MEXICO	6,057,516		PITTSBURGH	3,366,693
	VPI & SU	5,886,007	60	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	3,318,822
7	FLORIDA	5,864,399		QUEEN'S	3,303,461
8	MISSOURI	5,810,794		UTAH	3,273,796
9	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	5,716,979	63		3,265,913
10	IOWA	5,613,778	64	YORK	3,265,009
11	HAWAII	5,565,078	65	TENNESSEE	3,232,249
	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	5,563,213	66	DUKE	3,181,567
13		5,466,844	67	WESTERN ONTARIO	3,139,752
	KENTUCKY	5,454,233		ALABAMA	3,136,608
15	COLORADO	5,389,160		NORTHWESTERN	3,130,069
16	GEORGIA	5,373,412		EMORY	3,076,611
17	MICHIGAN	5,281,831		MIAMI	3,027,921
18	TEXAS	5,196,391		WASHINGTON STATE	3,026,361
19	MINNESOTA	5,083,218		CINCINNATI	2,919,096
20	YALE	5,044,263	74	PENNSYLVANIA	2,911,876
21	MARYLAND	د5,023,52	75	AUBURN	2,910,999
22		4,996,144		KANSAS	2,898,833
23		4,994,833		SASKATCHEWAN	2,787,714
24	MICHIGAN STATE	4,993,512		IOWA STATE	2,786,780
25	LOUISIANA STATE	4,967,768		SUNY-ALBANY	2,762,545
26	ARIZONA	4,785,963		GEORGETOWN	2,747,571
27		4,565,039		DELAWARE	2,745,416
28	STANFORD	4,494,781		WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	2,705,557
29 30		4,467,201 4,402,643		NOTRE DAME VANDERBILT	2,661,435 2,580,196
			05	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	2,537,098
31		4,387,714	85 86		2,462,732
32		4,386,052	87		2,405,379
33		4,353,956	88		2,404,712
34		4,280,297 4,223,418	89		2,306,413
35		4,186,737		ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	2,304,241
36		4,060,725	91		2,277,828
37		4,005,131		PURDUE	2,187,824
38 39		3,968,085	93		2,181,405
40		3,898,477	94		2,178,083
41	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	3,890,573	95	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	2,143,814
42		3,880,821	96		2,133,986
43		3,806,386	97		2,131,229
44		3,721,197	98		2,105,096
45		3,689,265	99		1,888,839
46		3,669,956	100	) CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	1,597,013
47		3,644,416	101		1,508,020
48		3,625,992	102		1,419,324
49		3,623,090	103		1,373,979
50		3,612,712	10-	4 MCGILL	1,347,569
5	1 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	3,568,949	109		1,296,643
5:		3,514,142	10		1,254,67
5		3,465,300	10		1,150,06
	4 BOSTON	3,444,435	10	8 KEN'I STATE	1,138,04



# RANK ORDER TABLE 5: GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS

RANK	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	Value
1	MINNESOTA	2,917,048	55	NEW MEXICO	283,421
2	RUTGERS	2,621,905	56	WISCONSIN	270,151
3	NORTH CAROLINA	1,863,986	57	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	240,100
4	MISSOURI	1,720,871	58	SUNY-STONY BROOK	232,180
5	COLORADO	1,596,135	59	VANDERBILT	215,968
6	DUKE	1,522,801	60	TEMPLE	197,135
7	KENTUCKY	1,505,548	61	COLUMBIA	170,925
8	OKLAHOMA	1,406,375	62	MCMASTER	152,813
9	FLORIDA	1,222,673	63	OHIO STATE	130,131
10	ALABAMA	1,138,599	64	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	106,563
11	YALE	1,042,016	65	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	102,401
12	IOWA	1,007,460		LOUISIANA STATE	86,624
13	QUEEN'S	990,012	67		77,775
14	TULANE	969,552	68	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	69,867
15	GEORGIA	902,029	69	TEXAS A&M	65,519
16	FLORIDA STATE	867,905	70	STANFORD	35,696
17	MCGILL PRITICIL COLUMBIA	831,845		CASE WESTERN RESERVE	31,207
18	BRITISH COLUMBIA	823,302	72	PITTSBURGH	21,763
19 20	VIRGINIA	793,542	73	OKLAHOMA STATE	13,049
20	SOUTH CAROLINA	755,445	74	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	4,072
21	UTAH	749,925	75	LAVAL	3,500
22	TENNESSEE	743,244	76	KENT STATE	147
23	MARYLAND	733,560		HAWAİI	0
24	ARIZONA STATE	714,850	77	MICHIGAN	0
25	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	673,944	<i>7</i> 7	TEXAS	0
26	KANSAS	657,007	77	MICHIGAN STATE	0
27	HOUSTON	644,667	<i>77</i>	ARIZONA	0
28	ROCHESTER	546,086	77		0
29	NEBRASKA	536,339	77		0
30	SUNY-BUFFALO	530,112	77	INDIANA	0
31	MANITOBA	507,032	77	JOHNS HOPKINS	0
32	PRINCETON	506,826		PENNSYLVANIA STATE	0
33	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	486,656	77		, 0
34	PURDUE	480,146	77	WESTERN ONTARIO	0
35	MIAMI	478,529	77	NORTHWESTERN	0
36	OREGON	468,072	77	IOWA STATE	0
37	GEORGETOWN	443,844	77	SUNY-ALBANY	0
38 39	ALBERTA	430,405	77		0
40	SASKATCHEWAN DELAWARE	420,049 414,397	77 77	MIT Brown	0
41	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	412,724	77	GUELPH	()
	VPI & SU	398,741	96	HARVARD	U/A
43	NEW YORK	398,287	96	CORNELL	U/A
44	AUBURN	393,421	96		U/A
45	WAYNESTATE	379,849	96		U/A
46	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	358,645	96		U/A
47	CINCINNATI	347,185	96	CONNECTICUT	U/A
48	BRIGHAM YOUNG	342,042	96	BOSTON	U/A
49	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	325,836	96	TORONTO	U/A
50	COLORADO STATE	319,764	96	WASHINGTON STATE	U/A
51	RICE	319,698	96	PENNSYLVANIA	U/A
52	MASSACHUSETTS	314,000	96		U/A
	CALIFORNIA IBANAN				
53	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	311,265	96	CHICAGO	U/A

U/A - Unavailable



# RANK ORDER TABLE 6: TOTAL LIBRARY MATERIALS EXPENDITURES

RANK	Institution	VALUE	Rank	Institution	VALU
	VVA DVA DD	\$14,070,412		ALABAMA	\$4,714,38
	HARVARD	\$14,979,412 12,783,018		BRIGHAM YOUNG	4,692,36
	STANFORD	11,911,000		IOWA STATE	4,690,40
3	YALE	11,425,541		NORTH CAROLINA STATE	4,673,21
4	MICHIGAN			KENTUCKY	4,664,00
5	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	10,391,411 9,716,781		FLORIDA STATE	4,635,90
6	TORONTO			RICE	4,562,52
7	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	9,488,562		NOTRE DAME	4,554,88
8	WASHINGTON	9,264,239	63	OREGON	4,546,65
9 10	CORNELL COLUMBIA	8,960,279 8,921,823	64	HOUSTON	4,529,0
		8,728,953	65	DELAWARE	4,517,5
11	PRINCETON			MISSOURI	4,512,0
	INDIANA	8,532,640 8,455,740		HOWARD	4,484,9
13	MINNESOTA	8,455,740		ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	4,460,2
	V'ISCONSIN	8,122,557		MARYLAND	4,316,2
	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	7,803,200			4,303,6
	VIRGINIA	7,664,609		BROWN	4,274,1
	NORTH CAROLINA	7,591,319		PURDUE CALIFORNIA IRVINE	4,239,6
18	illinois, urbana	7,575,449		CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	4,237,2
19 20	DUKE OHIO STATE	7,485,402 7,334,696	73 74	NEW MEXICO WESTERN ONTARIO	4,223,
		7.277.007	75	MCGILL	4,152,0
21	PENNSYLVANIA	7,277,987	76		4,114,0
	JOHNS HOPKINS	7,251,192		DARTMOUTH	4,007,
	PITISBURGH	7,241,766	77 78		4,002,
	NEW YORK	7,229,620		CASE WESTERN RESERVE	3,993,
25		7,139,176		SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	3,976,
26		7,100,177			3,971,
27		6,900,379		LAVAL	3,963,
28		6,773,278		TEMPLE	3,953,
29 30		6,763,054 6,702,115	83 84		3,935, 3,945,
			85	OKLAHOMA	3,933,
31		6,578,513			3,912,
32		6,539,453	86		3,838,
33		6,486,127	87		3,826
34	BRITISH COLUMBIA	6,404,603	88		3,820
35	GEORGIA	6,287,192	89	BOSTON	3,822
36	FLORIDA	6,199,018	90		3,777
37	' IOWA	6,158,143	91		3,777
38	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	5,959,314	92		
39 40		5,884,783 5,688,257	93 94		3,686 3,579
40			O.E.	CVD A CLICE	3,535
41	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	5,557,566	95		3,521
42		5,515,472		HAWAII	3,426
43	3 CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	5,432,434	97		3,397
44	1 TEXAS A&M	5.172,791	98		3,394 3,394
45	5 CINCINNATI	5,171,992	99		
4,	′ VPI & SU	5,152,375	100		3,363
	KANSAS	5,135,253	101		3,250
	MICHIGAN STATE	5,068,222	102		3,248
49 50		5,007,505 4,932,979	103 104		3,208 3,094
					3,090
5		4,910,710	109		
5		4,795,011	100		2,583
5	3 CONNECTICUT	4,744,639	103		2,464
5	4 WAYNE STATE	4,715,203	103	B GUELPH	2,39



# RANK ORDER TABLE 7: TOTAL SALARIES & WAGES EXPENDITURES

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	VALUI
1	HARVARD	\$34,235,575	55	COLORADO	\$6,340,96
2	STANFORD	19,355,450	56	MIT	6,284,57
3	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	18,856,258		BRIGHAM YOUNG	6,245,65
4	TORONTO	18,006,514		CINCINNATI	6,220,44
	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	17,700,118		TEXAS A&M	6,203,72
5		16,874,900		YORK	6,184,39
6	YALE	15,092,732		MIAMI	6,081,03
7	RUTGERS			VANDERBILT	6,062,15
8	COLUMBIA	15,082,147		UTAH	6,039,97
9 10	MICHIGAN WISCONSIN	14,125,147 14,111,916	63 64	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	5,983,84
10	Wisconsin				
11	CORNELL	13,467,765	65	BROWN	5,920,02
12	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	12,723,790	66	WESTERN ONTARIO	5,904,34
13	TEXAS	12,621,076	67	TENNESSEE	5,878,39
14	WASHINGTON	12,529,653	68	TEMPLE	5,776,17
15	NEW YORK	12,449,067	69	MASSACHUSETTS	5,760,62
16	MINNESOTA	12,139,577	70	BOSTON	5,648,80
17	PRINCETON	12,080,731	71	SUNY-STONY BROOK	5,535,13
	ILLINOIS, URBANA	11,670,067	72		5,517,03
19	INDIANA	10,845,297		IOWA STATE	5,412,78
20	BRITISH COLUMBIA	10,772,682	74	SOUTH CAROLINA	5,350,43
21	PENNSYLVANIA	10,360,634	75	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	5,311,1
		10,154,927		PURDUE	5,300,5
	NORTH CAROLINA		76 77		5,196,2
23		9,830,076			
	OHIO STATE	9,579,031		KENT STATE	5,020,2
25	DUKE	9,145,877	79		5,005,1
26		8,818,459		DELAWARE	4,948,9
27	CHICAGO	8,774,075	81		4,863,2
28	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	8,735,793	82	~	4,860,1
29	VIRGINIA	8,623,597	83		4,821,9
30	PITTSBURGH	8,558,637	84	OREGON	4,782,2
31	ARIZONA STATE	8,234,472	85		4,682,7
32	NORTHWESTERN	8,186,601	86		4,676,8
33	FLORIDA	8,128,968	87	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	4,673,3
34	ARIZONA	8,095,713	88	NEBRASKA	4,591,5
35	CONNECTICUT	8,012,109	89	WATERLOO	4,516,7
36		7,900,808	90	LOUISIANA STATE	4,504,6
37		7,887,344	91	WASHINGTON STATE	4,473,6
38		7,858,580	92	HOWARD	4,446,8
39		7,786,113	93		4,265,1
40		7,590,059	94		4,248,3
41	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	7,546,462	95	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	4,085,9
42	•	7,214,202	96		4,069,
43		7,148,763	97 08		4,027,8
44		7,131,870	98		3,990,
45		7,116,971	99		3,885,
46		6,935,398	100		3,875,
47		6,874,774	101		3,847,
48		6,836,347	102		3,803,
49	_	6,756,986	103		3,725,
50	MICHIGAN STATE	6,729,845	104	GUELPH	3,688,
51	KENTUCKY	6,682,473	105	OKLAHOMA	3,604,
52		6,673,223	106		3,099,
53		6,496,125	197		3,073,
	WAYNESTATE	6,358,451	108		2,891,



# RANK ORDER TABLE 8: OTHER OPERATING EXPENDITURES

Rank	Institution	VALUE	Rank	Institution	Valui
1	HARVARD	\$18,215,359	55	BRITISH COLUMBIA	\$1,854,568
2	YALE	7,505,100	56	KANSAS	1,852,60!
	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	7,417,584	57	TENNESSEE	1,844,01
4	STANFORD	6,956,777		BRIGHAM YOUNG	1,829,679
5	NEW YORK	4,772,389		DARTMOUTH	1,815,38
6	WISCONSIN	4,234,862	60	OKLAHOMA STATE	1,787,19
7	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	4,174,257		MIT	1,773,47
	MICHIGAN	4,082,822		ALBERTA	1,757,25
8 9	CORNELL	3,905,671		NORTH CAROLINA STATE	1,748,03
10	EMORY	3,776,401		FLORIDA	1,685,71
11	PENNSYLVANIA	3,756,981	65	CINCINNATI	1,602,82
12	MINNESOTA	3,676,546	66	BOSTON	1,599,71
13	WASHINGTON	3,638,518		GEORGIA	1,547,68
14	COLUMBIA	3,613,446		MISSOURI	1,526,93
15	DUKE	3,584,310		RUTGERS	1,501,62
16	JOHNS HOPKINS	3,574,688	70		1,469,65
17	TEXAS A&M	3,509,750	71		1,433,49
18	NEW MEXICO	3,200,434	72		1,426,19
19	OHIO STATE	3,188,223	73	RICE	1,413,74
20	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	3,134,991	74	TORONTO	1,342,25
21	COLORADO	3,043,067	75	PURDUE	1,316,11
22	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,026,084	76		1,314,17
23	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	2,925,510		LOUISIANA STATE	1,260,66
24	ILLINOIS, URBANA	2,900,875		HAWAII	1,258,78
25	PRINCETON	2,900,151	79 79		1,218,2
26	MARYLAND	2,873,723			1,139,5
		2,793,288		VPI & SU	
27	HOUSTON				1,131,89
28	TEXAS	2,761,893		KENT STATE	1,127,50
29 30	CHICAGO PITTSBURGH	2,734,213 2,689,644	83 84	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS TEMPLE	1,123,13 1,120,2
31	NORTHWESTERN	2,668,567	85	ALABAMA	1,116,30
32		2,615,245	86		1,112,8
33		2,597,513	87		1,093,7
34	VIRGINIA	2,539,692	88		1,082,2
35	KENTUCKY	2,516,466	89		1,066,4
			_		
36	INDIANA	2,507,100	90		1,009,8
37	ARIZONA	2,506,429	91		1,005,6
38	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	2,419,438		NEBRASKA	985,8
39 40		2,393,751 2,353,257	93 94	CASE WESTERN RESERVE MANITOBA	913,9 860,6
41	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	2.344.016	95	SUNY-ALBANY	821,2
	SYRACUSE	2,341,863		GEORGIA TECH	799,3
		2,294,042			799,3 732,1
43			97 98		732,1 726,4
44		2,254,462		WESTERN ONTARIO	
45	·	2,157,743	99 100		664,8
46		2,094,475		CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	661,t
47		2,069,460	101		642,3
48	•	2,058,717		FLORIDA STATE	629,8
49 50		2,019,696 2,011,578	103 104		621,0 580,4
	·				
51 52		2,011,158	105		514,4
52		1,992,837	106		512,3
53		1,899,515	107	-	476,7
54	WAYNE STATE	1,888,639	108	SASKATCHEWAN	455,6



# RANK ORDER TABLE 9: TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES

RANK	Institution	VALUE	Rank	Institution	Value
1	HARVARD	\$68,417,472	55	VANDERBILT	\$13,171,893
2	STANFORD	39,616,529	56	CINCINNATI	13,125,605
3	YALE	36,723,000		WAYNE STATE	13,091,792
4	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	35,165,206	58	MICHIGAN STATE	13,072,723
5	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	34,171,985		BROWN	13,029,954
6	MICHIGAN	29,959, <b>77</b> 8		BRIGHAM YOUNG	12,944,597
7	TORONTO	29,328,934		IOWA STATE	12,888,831
8	COLUMBIA	28,257,080	62	TENNESSEE	12,763,084
9	WISCONSIN	26,720,142		SOUTH CAROLINA	12,500,862
10	CORNELL	26,584,624	64	MIT	12,163,704
11	WASHINGTON	25,765,220		CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	12,096,080
12 13	NEW YORK	24,879,960 24,746,720		HAWAII NORTH CAROLINA STATE	11,856,393
13	MINNESOTA PRINCETON	24,746,720		LAVAL	11,850,782
	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	23,907,299		NOTRE DAME	11,835,042 11,767,561
16	RUTGERS	23,728,039		HOUSTON	11,473,203
17	TEXAS	22,358,324		BOSTON	11,232,608
18	ILLINOIS, URBANA	22,357,366	72	YORK	11,204,921
19	INDIANA	22,167,698	73	MISSOURI	11,142,123
20	PENNSYLVANIA	21,691,144	74	PURDUE	11,009,634
21	DUKE	20,450,617	<i>7</i> 5	TEMPLE	11,006,688
22	NORTH CAROLINA	20,420,528	76	WESTERN ONTARIO	10,983,203
23	OHIO STATE	20,369,013	<i>7</i> 7	OREGON	10,903,757
24	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	19,723,715		DARTMOUTH	10,834,685
25	BRITISH COLUMBIA	19,194,791		SYRACUSE	10,789,575
26	VIRGINIA	19,055,013		VPI & SU	10,712,160
27	CHICAGO	19,023,479		MASSACHUSETTS	10,664,166
28	JOHNS HOPKINS	18,828,056		DELAWARE	10,587,563
29 30	PITTSBURGH ALBERTA	18,817,347 17,761,796	83 84		10,211,269 9,944,444
31	ARIZONA	17,637,809	85		9,911,140
	ARIZONA STATE	17,488,050		ALABAMA	9,757,358
33	EMCXY	17,198,062		NEBRASKA	9,661,672
34	NORTHWESTERN	16,908,944		HOWARD	9,559,412
35	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	16,721,016	89		9,448,539
36	FLORIDA	16,196,622		FLORIDA STATE	9,360,165
37	IOWA	16,189,279	91	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	9,270,672
38 39	COLORADO CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	16,116,253	92 93	WASHINGTON STATE RICE	9,133,102
40	GEORGETOWN	16,092,917 15,767,477	94	MANITOBA	9,120,875 9,081,580
41	NEW MEXICO	15,484,477	95	OKLAHOMA	9,068,922
	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	15,233,483		QUEEN'S	9,053,810
43	CONNECTICUT	15,115,080		LOUISIANA STATE	8,879,203
44	GEORGIA	15,048,986	98		8,722,663
45	TEXAS A&M	15,003,095	99		8,711,368
46	MARYLAND	14,510,075	100		8,697,610
47	KENTUCKY	13,975,198	101	AUBURN	8,485,071
48	UTAH	13,845,233	102		8,473,249
49	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	13,787,954	103	WATERLOO	8,432,742
50	KANSAS	13,657,901	104		8,290,971
51	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	13,388,297	105	•	8,013,599
52	MCGILL	13,299,751	106		7,646,012
53	SUNY-BUFFALO	13,297,920	107		7,014,306
54	MIAMI	13,236,373	108	GUELPH	6,731,876



# RANK ORDER TABLE 10: MONOGRAPHS PURCHASED (VOLUMES)

RANK	INSTITUTION	VALUE	Rank	Institution	Value
1	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	138,406	55	MISSOURI	25,695
1	ILLINOIS, URBANA	122,100	56	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	25,678
		116,113	57	MCGILL	25,248
	TORONTO	114,095	58	TEMPLE	24,737
	YALE	74,088	59	LAVAL	24,085
5	INDIANA	70,728	60	MCMASTER	22,856
6	CHICAGO	68,450	61	TEXAS A&M	22,69-
7	WISCONSIN'			CINCINNATI	22,41-
	VIRGINIA	65,884	63	BOSTON	22,18
9 10	NORTH CAROLINA CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	63,414 63,336	64	SUNY-STONY BROOK	22,16
	·	61,468	65	DARTMOUTH	22,10
11	NEW YORK	60,679	66	WAYNE STATE	21,94
	ARIZONA STATE			CONNECTICUT	21,85
13	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	59,486 55,007		OKLAHOMA STATE	21,58
14	DUKE	55,237			21,38
15	BRITISH COLUMBIA	54,805		COLORADO STATE	20,90
16	ARIZONA	54,651		QUEEN'S	20,70
17	PENNSYLVANIA	54,033		ALABAMA	
18	OHIO STATE	50,902		WASHINGTON STATE	20,04
19 20	GEORGIA TEXAS	46,118 45,521		SUNY-ALBANY CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	19,77 19,56
20				•	10.5
21	BRIGHAM YOUNG	45,497	75	ROCHESTER	19,53
22	FLORIDA ·	44,493		SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	19,4
<b>2</b> 3	WASHINGTON	42,604		VPI & SU	18,6
24	KANSAS	41,797		WATERLOO	18,6
25	JOHNS HOPKINS	41,027		PURDUE	17,9
26	COLORADO	40,657		SYRACUSE	17,7
27	IOWA	40,322	81	NEBRASKA	17,6
28	TENNESSEE	39,602	82	OKLAHOMA	17,5
29	SOUTH CAROLINA	37,328	83	KENTUCKY	17,2
		36,573	84	MIT	16,2
31	YORK	35,976	85		15,4
32		34,211	86	HOWARD	14,6
33	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	34,138	87	MANITOBA	14,4
34		33,981	88	SASKATCHEWAN	14.0
35		33,528		GEORGIA TECH	13,9
	DELAWARE	33,332	90	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	}~ '
37		32,800		KENT STATE	14
38		32,070	92	LOUISIANA STATE	11,0
39		31,962		STANFORD	U
40		31,205	93	_	U
41	NEW MEXICO	30,214	93	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	υ
42		29,987		PRINCETON	U
		29,700		MICHIGAN	U
43		29,392		COLUMBIA	U
44		29,345	93		U
45		28,173	9		Ū
46		28,020	9;		ŭ
47			9		Ü
48	AUBURN	27,387	9.		Ü
49 50		27,206 27,066	9.		Ŭ
		26 502	9	3 UTAH	į
51	ALBERTA	26,502 26,261			ĭ
52	· · · ·	26,261	9		į
53	IOWA STATE	25,831		3 VANDERBILT	i,
54	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	25,719	9	3 FLORIDA STATE	

U/A - Unavailable



# RANK ORDER TABLE 11: EXPENDITURES FOR MONOGRAPHS

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	Valu
1	STANFORD	\$6,857,985	55	TENNESSEE	\$1,364,5
	HARVARD	6,812,121	56	CINCINNATI	1,352,6
	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	4,820,509	57		1,343,3
4	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	4,626,820		HOUSTON	1,332,1
5	TORONTO	4,474,315	59		
6	PRINCETON	4,076,055	60		1,298,4
7	MICHIGAN	4,027,084	61	<del>-</del>	1,265,7
8	COLUMBIA	3,642,035	61	ELODIDA CTATE	1,257,7
9	YALE		62	FLORIDA STATE	1,240,3
10	CORNELL	3,511,000 3,160,831	63 64	TULANE MISSOURI	1,231,6 1,210,8
11	CHICAGO	3,130,534	۷.	MICCEPAL ONITA DIO	
			65	WESTERN ONTARIO	1,204,7
	WASHINGTON	2,886,352		DARTMOUTH	1,204,2
13	ILLINOIS, URBANA	2,816,353		YORK	1,202,1
	INDIANA	2,789,650	68	AUBURN	1,200,6
15	DUKE	2,785,624	69	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	1,189,3
16	NEW YORK	2,628,655	70	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO MCGILL	1,179,9
17	BRITISH COLUMBIA	2,603,206			1,179,9
18	EMORY	2,600,277	72	HAWAII	1,169,3
19	PENNSYLVANIA	2,580,008	73	TEMPLE	1,156,
20	WISCONSIN	2,547,877	74	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	1,122,
21	ARIZONA STATE	2,524,034	75	NEW MEXICO	1,122,
22	NORTH CAROLINA	2,512,574	76	MASSACHUSETTS	1,102,
23	VIRGINIA	2,472,529	77		1,046,
24	MINNESOTA	2,400,963		COLORADO STATE	1,040,
25	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	2,344,870	79		1,031,
26	PITTSBURGH	2,297,156		WATERLOO	
27	OHIOSTATE	2,289,620		QUEEN'S	1,031,
28	ARIZONA	2,271,056		MCMASTER	1,030,
29	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	2,245,862		VPI & SU	994,
30	JOHNS HOPKINS	2,210,214	84		991, 974,
31	TEXAS	2,163,527	85	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	020
32	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	2,158,763			930,
33				ROCHESTER	913,
	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	2,125,391	87		861,
34	ALBERTA	2,098,446	88		849,
35	UTAH	2,057,830		NEBRASKA	836,
36	DELAWARE	2,031,148		GEORGIA TECH	836,
37	GEORGIA	1,978,176	91	LAVAL	824,
38	IOWA	1,947,605	92	PURDUE	813,
39	KANSAS	1,907,306	93	MIT	810,
40	MICHIGAN STATE	1,824,967	94	BOSTON	807,
41	BROWN	1,760,573	95	SUNY-ALBANY	792,
42	NORTHWESTERN	1,749,385	96	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	788,
43	NOTRE DAME	1,684,199		GUELPH	781,
44	BRIGHAM YOUNG	1,629,379	98		772,
45	FLORIDA	1,611,199	99		760
46	RICE	1,605,393	100		758, 758,
47	MARYLAND	1,570,230	101		
48	GEORGETOWN	1,557,584		KENT STATE	755,
49	WAYNESTATE	1,426,157			740,
50	OREGON	1,424,639	103 104	WASHINGTON STATE SYRACUSE	696, 695,
51	RUTGERS	1,397,097	105	SASKATCHEWAN	
52	COLORADO				695,
53	IOWA STATE	1,375,934	106	MANITOBA	683,
23		1,367,578	107	LOUISIANA STATE	617,
54	VANDERBILT	1,365,575	108	HOWARD	510,



## RANK ORDER TABLE 12: CURRENT SERIALS PURCHASED (SUBSCRIPTIONS)

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	VALU
	COLUMBIA	37,746	55	WESTERN ONTARIO	12,27
1	COLUMBIA	37,028		OKLAHOMA STATE	12,25
_	WASHINGTON	35,958		MCGILL	12,2
	MICHIGAN			NEW MEXICO	12,10
	MINNESOTA	34,094		LOUISIANA STATE	11,85
	WISCONSIN	33,997	29	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	11,79
	TORONTO	31,770			11,2
	PRINCETON	30,199		TEMPLE	10,9
8	NEW YORK	28,164		CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	10,6
9	INDIANA	27,985		HOWARD	10,6
10	TEXAS	27,416	64	MASSACHUSETTS	
11	OHIO STATE	24,804	65	BROWN	10,2
12	GEORGETOWN	24, <del>11</del> 2		MCMASTER	9,9
13	VIRGINIA	23,628	67	ALABAMA	9,9
	HAWAII	22,322	68	ROCHESTER	9,4
	NORTH CAROLINA	22,193		BRIGHAM YOUNG	9,4
	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	21,884	70	MANITOBA	9,2
	ARIZONA STATE	21,546	71	MIT	9,0
-	ARIZONA	21,405	72	RICE	8,8
19		20,224	73	COLORADO STATE	8,8
	IOWA	19,291	74	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	8,8
21	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	18,852	75	SASKATCHEWAN	8,5
	FLORIDA	18,800	76	SUNY-STONY BROOK	8,
	KANSAS	18,570	77	AUBURN	8,
24		18,161	78	KENT STATE	7,
25		17,425		CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	7,
26		17,380	80	GUELPH	7,
27		17,276		GEORGIA TECH	6,
28		16,863		HARVARD	U
29		16,773		STANFORD	U
30		16,657	82	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	U
31	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	16,407	82	CORNELL	υ
32		16,335	82	YALE	L
33		16,276		RUTGERS	Ţ
33 34		16,103		ILLINOIS, URBANA	i
		15,837		CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	Į
35		15,614		DUKE	ι
36		15,216		PITTSBURGH	ī
37		15,142		SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	į
38		15,085		CHICAGO	ũ
39 40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14,942		PENNSYLVANIA	ũ
11		14,659	82	GEORGIA	ι
41		14,540		NORTHWESTERN	į
42		14,364	82		i
43		14,099	82		j
44		14,098	82		í
45			82		ì
46		13,420	82 82		Ţ
47		13,289			į
41		12,850	82		İ
49 50		12,813 12,595	82 82		1
		12,523	83	2 SOUTH CAROLINA	
5					1
5		12,370	83		1
51		12,284		2 WATERLOO	
5.	4 OREGON	12,282	8	2 SUNY-ALBANY	

<sup>17/</sup>A - Unavailable



# RANK ORDER TABLE 13: EXPENDITURES FOR CURRENT SERIALS

RANK	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	Value
1	MICHIGAN	\$6,643,092	55	PRINCETON	\$3,101,297
2	HARVARD	6,385,130	56	VPI & SU	3,087,567
3	WASHINGTON	6,377,887	57	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	3,068,910
4	STANFORD	5,925,033	58	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	3,062,726
5	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	5,570,902	59	LAVAL	3,059,818
6	MINNESOTA	5,327,055	60	KANSAS	3,050,436
7	COLUMBIA	5,279,788	61	WESTERN ONTARIO OKLAHOMA WAYNE STATE NEBRASKA	3,018,526
8	TORONTO	5,242,466	62	OKLAHOMA	2,910,177
9	ALBERTA	4,905,507	63	WAYNESTATE	2,888,156
10	OHIO STATE	4,810,664	64	NEBRASKA	2,877,078
11	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	4,793,448	65		2,848,005
12	CORNELL	4,741,247		BOSTON	2,841,590
13	WISCONSIN YALE RUTGERS ILLINOIS, URBANA	4,647,713	67	SUNY-BUFFALO	2,838,283
14	YALE	4,605,000	68	ROCHESTER	2,838,264
15	KUIGEKS	4,574,152	69 70	CALIFORNIA IDUNAE	2,794,658
16	CALIFORNIA LOCANICELES	4,423,556	70 71	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	2,775,366
	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES DUKE		/1 72	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	2,753,284
19	PITTSBURGH	4,339,966 4,295,432	72	LEMPLE NEW MENICO	2,741,647
20	COLORADO	4,065,724	73 74	SUNY-BUFFALO ROCHESTER IOWA STATE CALIFORNIA, IRVINE SOUTHERN ILLINOIS TEMPLE NEW MEXICO BRIGHAM YOUNG	2,722,655 2,707,646
21	NEW YORK	4,004,430	75	TEMPLE NEW MEXICO BRIGHAM YOUNG SASKATCHEWAN	2,683,138
22	VIRGINIA	4,003,207		CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	2,607,725
23	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	3,991,055	77	OREGON	2,595,039
24	NORTH CAROLINA	3,981,696	78	MARYLAND	2,586,524
25	CHICAGO	3,953,516	79	QUEEN'S	2,529,784
26	INDIANA	3,883,535	80	MIT	2,506,913
27	TEXAS	3,848,552		DARTMOUTH	2,499,261
28	PENNSYLVANIA	3,843,116		MCGILL	2,494,016
29	ALABAMA	3,807,389	83	WASHINGTON STATE	2,489,084
30	BRITISH COLUMBIA	3,801,396	84	DELAWARE	2,486,448
31	WASHINGTON UST. LOUI?	3,746,912		LOUISIANA STATE	2,462,368
32		3,641,490		HOUSTON	2,445,041
33	GEORGIA	3,566,919	87	COLORADO STATE	2,435,688
34	NORTHWESTERN	3,528,263		BROWN	2,423,049
35	ARIZONA STATE	3,526,618		HOWARD	2,422,586
36	CINCINNATI	3,517,474		SYRACUSE	2,419,116
37	GEORGETOWN	3,504,679		MCMASTER	2,406,922
38	PURDUE	3,461,103		RICE	2,376,755
39 40	TENNESSEE FLORIDA	3,452,756 3,433,955	93	NOTRE DAME MASSACHUSETTS	2,352,689 2,344,313
41	EMORY	3,397,958	95	TULANE	2,329,345
	CONNECTICUT	3,369,797		GEORGIA TECH	2,239,764
43		3,345,540	90 97	SUNY-STONY BROOK	2,235,389
44		3,331,821	98		2,210,141
45	IOHNS HOPKINS	3,305,142	99		2,189,366
46	KENTUCKY	3,279,406	100		2,128,030
47	VANDERBILT	3,267,397	101	YORK	2,052,523
48	MISSOURI	3,260,701	102		2,027,218
49	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	3,205,280	103		1,996,332
50		3,190,925	104		1,941,611
51	TEXAS A&M	3,166,949	105	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	1,864,535
52	MICHIGAN STATE	3,162,737	106	,	1,849,343
	EL ODID A C'EATE				
53	FLORIDA STATE IOWA	3,133,885	107	KENT STATE	1,643,670



## RANK ORDER TABLE 14: TOTAL ITEMS LOANED

RANK	Institution	Value	RANK	Institution	VALUE
1	MINNESOTA	248,741	55	MARYLAND	24,864
2	WISCONSIN	98,475	56	LAVAL	24,787
3	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	94,694	57	IOWA STATE	24,627
4	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	93,355	58	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	24,144
5	WASHINGTON	81,392	59	PENNSYLVANIA	23,793
6	ALBERTA	71,411	60	MICHIGAN STATE	23,769
7	HARVARD	69,661	61	OREGON	23,644
8	ILLINOIS, URBANA	67,752	62	HOUSTON	23,372
9	INDIANA	63,784	63	EMORY	23,211
10	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	63,017	64	ARIZONA STATE	22,920
11	FLORIDA	61,965	65	MANITOBA	22,165 22,158
12	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	59,727	66		22,079
13	CINCINNATI	55,831		OKLAHOMA STATE	20,984
14		55,110		CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	20,715
15		54,846		KENT STATE	20,464
16	DUKE	49,905		RUTGERS	20,350
17		48,314		CORNELL	20,267
18		48,231	72	MIT SUNY-ALBANY	20,190
19		46,276	73	· ·	19,473
20	WAYNE STATE	46,099	74	AUBURN	•
21	NORTH CAROLINA	45,312	75	TENNESSEE	19,233
22		45,239	76	PRINCETON	19,042
23		45,079	77		18,749
	KANSAS	43,042	78	YORK	18,537
	CHICAGO	42,671	79	MASSACHUSETTS	18,343
	CONNECTICUT	42,015		STANFORD	18,209
27	SUNY-BUFFALO	40,939		NOTRE DAME	17,595
	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	40,840		NEW YORK	17,137
29		36,900		HAWAII	16,153
30	FLORIDA STATE	36,583	84	VANDERBILT	15,930
31	MIAMI	36,453	85		15,765 15,439
32	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	36,413		DARTMOUTH	14,843
33	SUNY-STONY BROOK	36,302		YALE	14,749
34		36,052	89	ALABAMA SOUTH CAROLINA	14,659
35		34,626		GEORGETOWN	14,296
36		34,544		LOUISIANA STATE	13,345
37		34,344 34,257		SYRACUSE	13,143
38		33,782		SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	13,066
3 <sup>4</sup>		33,285	94		12,918
4	1 COLUMBIA	31,411	95	5 NEBRASKA	12,661
	2 NORTHWESTERN	30,962	96	5 BROWN	12,288
	3 OKLAHOMA	30,547		7 DELAWARE	12,120
	4 VPI & SU	29,579	98	B GEORGIA TECH	11,967
	5 NEW MEXICO	29,507	9	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	11,896
	6 UTAH	29,497	10		11,324
	7 CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	29,275	10		11,067
	8 WASHINGTON STATE	29,061	10	2 CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	10,967
	9 PURDUE	28,962	10		9,306
	0 COLORADO STATE	28,771	10	4 WATERLOO	8,833
5	1 ROCHESTER	28,366	10		6,829
Ģ	52 JOHNS HOPKINS	27,253	10		6,766
	3 BRIGHAM YOUNG	26,236	10		3,210
	54 TORONTO	25,539	10	8 HOWARD	1,988



## RANK ORDER TABLE 15: TOTAL ITEMS BORROWED

	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO				
		74,598	55	LAVAL	14,334
	ILLINOIS, URBANA	56,838		YALE	14,310
	CINCINNATI	35,638		MIAMI	14,186
	INDIANA	33,468		VPI & SU	14,041
	PENNSYLVANIA	28,556		DARTMOUTH	13,938
	OHIO STATE	27,627		MICHIGAN STATE	13,913
	KENT STATE	27,057		FLORIDA STATE	13,840
	ALBERTA	26,951		ROCHESTER	13,623
	VIRGINIA	26,765	63	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	13,618
	MICHIGAN	26,368		SUNY-ALBANY	13,360
11 \	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	26,155	65	UTAH	13,342
	TEXAS	25,347		COLORADO	13,191
	KENTUCKY	25,182		SUNY-BUFFALO	13,174
	TEXAS A&M	25,106		MCMASTER	13,014
	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	24,721		VANDERBILT	12,807
	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	24,638		MARYLAND	12,436
	WISCONSIN	24,604		FLORIDA	
	NORTHWESTERN	24,528	71	OKLAHOMA STATE	12,412
	NEW MEXICO	24,402	72	WAYNE STATE	12,182
	TENNESSEE	24,271		DELAWARE	12,008 11,910
21 (	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	23,411	75	LOUISIANA STATE	
	COLORADO STATE	22,639		TULANE	11,441
	KANSAS	22,501		TEMPLE	11,355
	CALIFC RNIA, BERKELEY	21,352	77	OREGON	11,253
	JOHNS HOPKINS				11,230
,		20,502	79	IOWA STATE	11,172
	NEW YORK	20,437		QUEEN'S	10,654
	CALII ORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	20,286		ALABAMA	10,517
	SOUTH CAROLINA	19,690		NOTRE DAME	10,506
	NEBRASKA HARVARD	19,458 18,718	83 84	MANITOBA SASKATCHEWAN	10,403 10,184
21	COMMECTICAL				·
	CONNECTICUT	18,658	85		10,048
	CHICAGO	18,657		WASHINGTON	10,006
	BRIGHAM YOUNG	18,568		PRINCETON	9,895
	RUTGERS	18,310		MCGILL	9,763
	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	18,297	89	MASSACHUSETTS	9,428
	ARIZONA STATE	18,273	90	SYRACUSE	9,413
	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	17,700	91	TORONTO	9,365
	CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	17,401		NORTH CAROLINA	9,275
	MISSOURI	17,014	93		9,133
40	IOWA	16,985	94	GEORGIA	9,089
	COLUMBIA	16,937	95	EMORY	9,088
	HOUSTON	16,927	96	MIT	7,807
	OKLAHOMA	16,525	97	GEORGETOWN	7,714
	BRITISH COLUMBIA	16,2 <del>9</del> 1	98	WASHINGTON STATE	7,408
	CORNELL	16,098	99	HAWAII	7,192
	BROWN	16,092	100	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	7,108
47	ARIZONA	15,662	101	WATERLOO	6,186
48	PURDUE	15,454	102	RICE	4,904
49	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	15,451	103	YORK	4,387
	MINNESOTA	15,254	104	AUBURN	4,112
51	DUKE	15,002	105	GUELPH	4,065
	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	14,522	106		3,616
	BOSTON	14,521	107	GEORGIA TECH	3,277
	PITTSBURGH	14,472	108	HOWARD	1,702
					1,702



## RANK ORDER TABLE 16: PROFESSIONAL STAFF (FTE)

RANK	Institution	Value	RANK	Institution	Value
1	HARVARD	402	 54	MIAMI	73
2	YALE	193	56	TEMPLE	72
3	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	178	57	SYRACUSE	71
4	COLUMBIA	177	58	UTAH	70
5	STANFORD	163	59	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	69
6	ILLINOIS, URBANA	155	60	LAVAL	67
6	WISCONSIN	155	61	CONNECTICUT	66
8	TORONTO	154	61	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	66
8	NEW YORK	154	63	PURDUE	65
10	MICHIGAN	144	63	TENNESSEE	65
11	TEXAS	141	65	BOSTON	63
12	INDIANA	137	65	COLORADO	63
13	WASHINGTON	131	67	ROCHESTER	62
14	CORNELL	130	68	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	61
15	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	126		HAWAII	60
16	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	120	69	ALABAMA	60
16	NORTH CAROLINA	120	71		58
18	PRINCETON	119	72	* *	57
19	NORTHWESTERN	110		FLORIDA STATE	56
20	FLORIDA	109	73	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	56
20	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	109	75 75	TULANE	55 54
22		108	76		
23		107	77		53 53
24	PENNSYLVANIA	106	77		
24	PITTSBURGH	106		HOWARD	53 52
26		104		CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	
26	_	104		KENT STATE	52
28		103		GEORGIA TECH	52 53
29 30		102 100	80 80	OKLAHOMA DELAWARE	52 52
31	KENTUCKY	96	85	AUBURN	51
32		95		DARTMOUTH	51
	SUNY-BUFFALO	95	85		51
34		93	85		51
35		92	85		51
36		91	85		51
36		91	91		50
38		87		IOWA STATE	48
39	•	86	92		48
40		85	94		47
41	MIT	84	95	WESTERN ONTARIO	46
	ARIZONA	83	95	HOUSTON	46
42		83	97		45
44		82	97		45
44		82	99		43
44		82	99		43
47		81	101		42
48	The state of the s	80	101		42
48		80	103		41
50		78	104		38
51	ALBERTA	76	104		3
53	CHICAGO	74	106		30
53	CINCINNATI	74	107		34
	4 SOUTH CAROLINA	73	108	3 GUELPH	25



## RANK ORDER TABLE 17: SUPPORT STAFF (FTE)

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	VALUE
1	HARVARD	589	55	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	135
2	TEXAS	382	56	MIAMI	134
3	TORONTO	373		MISSOURI	134
4	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	346	58	BOSTON	132
5	YALE	321		SYRACUSE	127
6	CORNELL	302		MARYLAND	
7		295			125
	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES			COLORADO	124
8	STANFORD	290		FLORIDA STATE	124
9 10	MICHIGAN COLUMBIA	288 274	63	IOWA GEORGETOWN	123 123
10			03	GEORGETOWN	123
11	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	264	65	KANSAS	120
12	BRITISH COLUMBIA	252	65	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	120
13	illinois, urbana	243	65	SASKATCHEWAN	120
14	RUTGERS	238	68	MIT	118
15	ALBERTA	229	68	CINCINNATI	118
16	WASHINGTON	226	70	NEBRASKA	112
17	PRINCETON	219	71		110
18	WISCONSIN	218		WATERLOO	110
19	NORTH CAROLINA	210	73	SOUTH CAROLINA	11!
20	PITTSBURGH	208	74	GUELPH	11-
21	ARIZONA STATE	205	75	DELAWARE	11
22	NEW YORK	204	75	IOWA STATE	11
22	FLORIDA	204	77	CONNECTICUT	11
24	VIRGINIA	194	77	MICHIGAN STATE	11
25	CHICAGO	193	 79		10
26	MINNESOTA	192		LOUISIANA STATE	
27					10
	LAVAL	191	81		10
28	INDIANA	190		HAWAII	10
29 30	MCGILL PENNSYLVANIA	188 184	82 84	VPI & SU WA YNE STATE	10 10
31	GEORGIA	183	85		9
32	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	181	86	HOUSTON	9
33	CHIOSTATE	180	87	BROWN	9
34	CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	177	87	HOWARD	9
35	ARIZONA	175	89	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	9
36	DUKE	172	90		9
36	JOHNS HOPKINS	172	91		ý
38	WESTERN ONTARIO	171	91		9
39	NEW MEXICO	169	91		9
40	ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	161	91		9
40	UTAH	161	94	ROCHESTER	ç
42	WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	154	94		ç
43	EMORY	148	97		ç
44	TEXAS A&M	145	98	MASSACHUSETTS	8
44	PURDUE	145	99	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	8
46	NOTRE DAME	141	99		
47		139	101	_	ì
47		139	101		
47		139	103		
50		139	103		
50	OUEEN'S	137	105	OVI ALIONA STATE	
	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		105		(
	MANITOBA	136	106		(
	NA A NILLONGA	136	107	RICE	(
52 52		136	107		



## RANK ORDER TABLE 18: TOTAL STAFF (FTE)

Rank	Institution	VALUE	RANK	Institution	Value
		1,116	55	TENNESSEE	263
1	HARVARD	664	56	LAVAL	260
2	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	612	57	WAYNE STATE	260
3	TORONTO	611	58	MIAMI	25
4	YALE	605	58	CONNECTICUT	25
5	TEXAS	602		COLORADO	25
6	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	593		SUNY-BUFFALO	25
7		587		BROWN	25
8	CORNELL	572		BOSTON	25
9 10	COLUMBIA PENNSYLVANIA STATE	545	64	CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	24
11	STANFORD	544	65	SYRACUSE	24 24
12	WISCONSIN	539	65	NORTH CAROLINA STATE	
13		520		SOUTH CAROLINA	24
14		483		MISSOURI	24
15		482	69	YORK	23
16		479	70		23
	RUTGERS	451		HAWAII	23
18		441	72	TEMPLE	2
19		424	73	CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	2
20		418	73	FLORIDA STATE	2
21	PITTSBURGH	416	73		2
22		410		SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	•
23		400	77		2
	FLORIDA	396		IOWA STATE	
25		395		OREGON	2
26		379		NEBRASKA	
27		367	80		2
28		359		LOUISIANA STATE	
29		353	83		:
30		352	83	B HOUSTON	•
3	1 GEORGIA	347		NOTRE DAME	
33	2 ARIZONA	346		ROCHESTER	
3:	3 CHICAGO	345		7 VPI & SU	
3.	4 ALBERTA	340		QUEEN'S	
3		337		TULANE	
	6 MARYLAND	336		O AUBURN	
	7 KENTUCKY	323		O ALABAMA	
	8 CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	320		2 SUNY-STONY BROOK	
	9 UTAH 9 TEXASA&M	316 316		3 MCMASTER 3 OKLAHOMA	
•			0	5 DAKTMOUTH	
	11 MCGILL	315		5 OKLAHOMA STATE	
4	2 KANSAS	303	7	7 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	
4	3 JOHNS HOPKINS	302		8 MASSACHUSETTS	
4	14 VANDERBILT	298		9 WATERLOO	
4	14 IOWA	298			
	44 BRIGHAM YOUNG	298	10		
	47 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	294			
4	48 WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	290	10		
	49 ILLINOIS, CHICAGO 50 CINCINNATI	283 280		3 CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE 14 HOWARD	
		276	11	05 COLORADO STATE	
	51 GEORGETOWN	275		06 GUELPH	
	52 MICHIGAN STATE	275 274		07 GEORGIA TECH	
	53 EMORY			08 RICE	
	54 PURDUE	268	1.		



ARL STATISTICS SURVEY 1994-95

QUESTIONNAIRE AND INSTRUCTIONS



# ARL STATISTICS, 1994-95 Instructions for Completing the Questionnaire

#### General Instructions

Please enter your data on the ARL Statistics diskette, if possible. The printed copy of the questionnaire is a worksheet provided for your convenience. Be sure to read the "ARL Statistics Diskette Documentation" as well as these Instructions before beginning to input data.

Definitions of the statistical categories used in this questionnaire can be found in *American National Standard for Library and Information Sciences and Related Publishing Practices - Library Statistics.* Z39.7-1983. (New York, American National Standards Institute, 1983.)

The questionnaire assumes a fiscal year ending June 30, 1995. If your fiscal year is different, please provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Please do not use decimals. All figures should be rounded to the nearest whole number.

**Please do not leave any lines blank.** If an exact figure is unavailable, use -1, i.e. "U/A". If a question is not applicable to your library, use -2, i.e. "N/A". If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use 0.

In a university that includes both main and branch campuses, an effort should be made to report figures for the main campus only. (The U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) defines a **branch campus** as one "located in a community different from that of its parent institution ... beyond a reasonable commuting distance from the main campus ... The educational activities at the location must be organized on a relatively permanent basis ... and include course offerings for one or more complete college-level programs of at least one full year.") If figures for libraries located on branch campuses are reported, please explain in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

A **branch library** is defined as an auxiliary library service outlet with quarters separate from the central library of a system, which has a basic collection of books and other materials, a regular staffing level, and an established schedule. A branch library is administered <u>either</u> by the central library <u>or</u> (as in the case of some law and medical libraries) through the administrative structure of other units within the university. Departmental study/reading rooms are not included.

#### **Specific Instructions**

Questions 1-4. Collections. Use the ANSI Z39.7-1983 definition for volume as follows:

a physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed, or processed work, contained in one binding or portfolio, hardbound or paperbound, that has been cataloged, classified, and made ready for use.

Include duplicates and bound volumes of periodicals. For purposes of this questionnaire, unclassified bound serials arranged in alphabetical order are considered classified. Exclude microforms, maps, nonprint materials, and uncataloged items. If any of these items cannot be excluded, please provide an explanatory footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Include government document volumes that are accessible through the library's catalogs regardless of whether they are separately shelved. "Classified" includes documents arranged by Superintendent of Documents, CODOC, or similar numbers. "Cataloged" includes documents for which records are provided by the library or downloaded from other sources into the library's card or online catalogs. Documents should, to the extent possible, be counted as they would if they were in



bound volumes (e.g., 12 issues of an annual serial would be one or two volumes). Title and piece counts should <u>not</u> be considered the same as volume counts. If a volume count has not been kept, it may be estimated through sampling a representative group of title records and determining the corresponding number of volumes, then extrapolating to the rest of the collection. As an alternative, an estimate may be made using the following formulae:

52 documents pieces per foot 10 "traditional" volumes per foot 5.2 documents pieces per volume

If either formulas or sampling are used for deriving your count, please indicate in a footnote.

Question 2. Volumes Added. Include only volumes cataloged, classified, and made ready for use. Include government documents if they have been included in the count of volumes on line

Question 4. Monographic Volumes Purchased. Report number of volumes purchased. Include all volumes for which an expenditure was made during 1994-95, including volumes paid for in advance but not received during the fiscal year. Include monographs in series and continuations. If only number of titles purchased can be reported, please report the data and provide an explanatory footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Note: This question is concerned with volumes purchased rather than volumes received or cataloged. Question 16 requests the expenditure for the volumes counted here.

Questions 5-7. Serials. Report the total number of subscriptions, not titles. Include duplicate subscriptions and to the extent possible, all government document serials even if housed in a separate documents collection. Verify the inclusion or exclusion of document serials in Question 48 of the questionnaire. Exclude monographic and publishers' series. A serial is

a publication issued in successive parts, usually at regular intervals, and as a rule, intended to be continued indefinitely. Serials include periodicals, newspapers, annuals (reports, yearbooks, etc.), memoirs, proceedings, and transactions of societies.

Question 6. Serials: Not Purchased. If separate counts of nonpurchased and purchased serials are not available, report only the total number of current serials received on line 7, and report -1, i.e. "U/A", for lines 5 and 6.

Question 8. Microforms. Report the total number of physical units: reels of microfilm, microcards, and microprint and microfiche sheets. <u>Include all government documents in microform;</u> provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire if documents are excluded.

Question 9. Government documents. Report the total number of physical units (pieces) of government documents in paper format that have not been counted elsewhere. Include local, state, national, and international documents; include documents purchased from a commercial source if shelved with separate documents collections and not counted above. Include serials and monographs. To estimate pieces from a measurement of linear feet, use the formula 1 foot = 52 pieces and indicate in a footnote that the count is based on this estimate. Exclude microforms and nonprint formats such as maps or CD-ROMs.

Question 10. Computer files. Include the number of pieces of computer-readable disks, tapes, CD-ROMs, and similar machine-readable files comprising data or programs that are locally held as part of the library's collections available to library clients. Examples are U.S. Census data tapes, sample research software, locally-mounted databases, and reference tools on CD-ROM, tape or disk. Exclude bibliographic records used to manage the collection (i.e. the library's owr catalog in machine-readable form), library system software, and microcomputer software used only by the library staff.

Question 11. Manuscripts and archives. Include both manuscripts and archives measured in linear feet.



Question 12. Cartographic materials. Include the numbers of pieces of two- and three-dimensional maps and globes. Include satellite and aerial photographs and images.

Question 13. Graphic materials. Include the number of pieces of prints, pictures, photographs, postcards, slides, transparencies, film strips, and the like.

Question 14. Audio materials. Include the number of pieces of audio cassettes, phonodiscs, audio compact discs, reel-to-reel tapes, and other sound recordings.

Question 15. Film and video materials. Include the number of pieces of motion pictures, video cassettes, video laser discs, and similar visual materials.

Questions 16-27. Expenditures. Report all expenditures of funds that come to the library from the regular institutional budget, and from sources such as research grants, special projects, gifts and endowments, and fees for service. (For question 25 include non-library funds; see instruction Q24-25) Do not report encumbrances of funds that have not yet been expended. Canadian libraries should report expenditures in Canadian dollars. (To determine figures in U.S. dollars, divide Canadian dollar amounts by 1.3794, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada Review for the period July 1994-June 1995.) Please round figures to the nearest dollar.

Question 16. Monographs. Report expenditures for volumes counted on line 4.

Question 17. Current Serials. Exclude monographic and publishers' series, and encumbrances.

Question 18. Other library materials. Include all materials except monographs and current serials, e.g. microforms, backfiles of serials, charts and maps, audiovisual materials, manuscripts, electronic media, etc. If expenditures for these materials are included in lines 16 and/or 17 and cannot be disaggregated, please report -1, i.e. "U/A", and provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Do not include encumbrances.

Question 19. Miscellaneous expenditures. Include any other materials funds expenditures not included in questions 16-18, e.g., expenditures for bibliographic utilities, literature searching, security devices, memberships for the purposes of publications, etc. Please list categories, with amounts, in a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Note: If your library does not use materials funds for non-materials expenditures — i.e., such expenditures are included in "Other Operating Expenditures" — report 0, not -1, i.e. "U/A", on line 19.

Question 21. Contract Binding. Include only contract expenditures for binding done outside the library. If all binding is done in-house, state this fact and give in-house expenditures in a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire; do not include personnel expenditures.

Questions 22-25. Salaries and wages. Exclude fringe benefits. If professional and support staff salaries cannot be separated, enter -1, i.e. "U/A", on lines 22 and 23 and enter total staff on line 25.

Questions 24-25. Salaries and wages: Student Assistants. Report 100% of student wages regardless of budgetary source of funds. Include federal and local funds for work study students.

**Question 26. Other operating expenditures.** Exclude expenditures for buildings, maintenance, and fringe benefits.

**Questions 28-31. Personnel.** Report the number of staff in filled positions, or positions that are only temporarily vacant. Temporarily vacant positions are those positions that were vacated during the fiscal year for which ARL data were submitted, and for which there is a firm intent to refill. You should only report positions for which there are expenditures for salaries reported on lines 22-25.

Include cost recovery positions and staff hired for special projects and grants, but provide an explanatory footnote indicating the number of such staff. If such staff cannot be included,



provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. To compute full-time equivalents of part-time employees and student assistants, take the <u>total</u> number of mours worked by part-time employees in each category and divide it by the number of hours considered by the reporting library to be a full-time work week. **Round figures to the nearest whole numbers.** 

Question 28. Professional Staff. Since the criteria for determining professional status vary among libraries, there is no attempt to define the term "professional." Each library should report those staff members it considers professional, including, when appropriate, staff who are not librarians in the strict sense of the term, for example computer experts, systems analysts, or budget officers.

Question 30. Student Assistants. Report the total FTE (see instruction Q28-31) of student assistants employed on an hourly basis whose wages are paid from funds under library control or from a budget other than the library's, including federal work-study programs. Exclude maintenance and custodial staff.

Questions 32-33. Instruction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Questions 32 and 33. Please use an asterisk (\*) to indicate if responses are based on sampling.

Question 32. Presentations to Groups. Report the total number of sessions during the year of presentations made as part of formal bibliographic instruction programs and through other planned class presentations, orientation sessions, and tours. If the library sponsors multi-session or credit courses that meet several times over the course of a semester, each session should be counted. Presentations to groups may be for either bibliographic instruction, cultural, recreational, or educational purposes. Presentations both on and off the premises should be included as long as they are sponsored by the library. Do not include meetings sponsored by other groups using library meeting rooms. Place an asterisk (\*) after your answer if you use sampling.

Question 33. Participants in Group Presentations. Report the total number of participants in the presentations reported on line 32. For multi-session classes with a constant enrollment, count each person only once. Personal, one-to-one instruction in the use of sources should be counted as reference transactions on line 34. Place an asterisk (\*) after your answer if you use sampling. Use the "Footnotes" section to describe any special situations.

Question 34. Reference Transactions. Report the total number of reference transactions. A reference transaction is

an information contact that involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the library staff. Information sources include printed and non-printed materials, machine-readable databases (including computer-assisted instruction), catalogs and other holdings, records and, through communication or referral, other libraries and institutions, and persons both inside and outside the library.

Include information and referral services. If a contact includes both reference and directional services, it should be reported as one reference transaction. When a staff member utilizes information gained from a previous use of information sources to answer a question, report as a reference transaction, even if the source is not consulted again during this transaction. Duration should not be an element in determining whether a transaction is a reference transaction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Question 34. Place an asterisk (\*) after your answer if you use sampling.

EXCLUDE SIMPLE DIRECTIONAL QUESTIONS. A directional transaction is an information contact that facilitates the logistical use of the library and that does not involve the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of any information sources other than those that describe the library, such as schedules, floor plans, and handbooks.



Questions 35-37. Circulation. For Question 35, count the number of initial circulations during the fiscal year from the general collection for use usually (although not always) outside the library. Do not count renewals. Include circulations to and from remote storage facilities for library users (i.e., do not include transactions reflecting transfers or stages of technical processing). Count the total number of items lent, not the number of borrowers. For Question 36, report total circulation for the fiscal year including initial transactions reported on line 35 and renewal transactions. On both line 35 and line 36, exclude reserve circulations; report those on line 37.

Question 37. Reserve Circulation. Count the number of circulation transactions from the reserve collection. Count the total number of items, not the number of borrowers. Exclude circulations from other restricted-circulation collections, such as special collections. The reserve collection is defined as

those materials that have been removed from the general library collection and set aside in a library so that they will be on hand for a certain course of study or activity in process. Usually, the circulation and length of loan of items in a reserve collection are restricted so that these items will be available to many users who have need of them within a limited time period.

Questions 38-39. Interlibrary Loans. Report the number of filled requests for material provided to other libraries on line 38. Report the number of filled requests for material received from other libraries or document delivery services on line 39. On both lines, include originals, photocopies, and materials sent by telefacsimile or other forms of electronic transmission. Do not include transactions between libraries covered by this questionnaire.

Questions 40-41. Ph.D. Degrees. Report the number awarded during the 1994-95 fiscal year. Please note that only the number of Ph.D. degrees are to be counted. Statistics on all other advanced degrees (e.g., D.Ed., D.P.A., M.D., J.D.) are not included in this survey. If you are unable to provide a figure for Ph.D.s only, please add a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

**Question 41. Ph.D. Fields.** For the purposes of this report, Ph.D. fields are defined as the specific discipline specialties enumerated in the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions" Survey. Although the IPEDS form requests figures for all doctoral degrees, only fields in which <u>Ph.D.s</u> are awarded should be reported on the ARL questionnaire. Any exceptions should be footnoted in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

**Question 42.** Instructional Faculty. Instructional faculty are defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education as

those members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full-time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave. Full-time counts <u>exclude</u> faculty who are employed to teach fewer than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses.

Please be sure the number reported, and the basis for counting, are consistent with those for 1993-94 (unless in previous years faculty were counted who should have been excluded according to the above definition). Please footnote any discrepancies.

Questions 43-46. Enrollment. U.S. libraries should use the Fall 1994 enrollment figures reported to the Department of Education on the form entitled "Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, Fall Enrollment 1994." The line and column numbers on the IPEDS form for each category are noted on the questionnaire. Please check these figures against the enrollment



figures reported to ARL last year to ensure consistency and accuracy. **Note:** In the past, the number of part-time students reported was FTE; the number now reported to IPEDS is a head count of part-time students. Canadian libraries should note that the category "graduate students" as reported here includes all post-baccalaureate students.

Cuestion 54. Footnotes. Reporting libraries are urged to record in the footnote section any information that would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion of branch campus libraries (see paragraph six of the "General Instructions" for definition of branch campus libraries). Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly. For your convenience, your footnotes from the ARL Statistics 1993-94 are included in the printed copy of the questionnaire. Please update these notes, delete them, or indicate that they remain valid, and return them to the ARL office. Note that the number in parentheses refers to the appropriate column on the Library Data Tables in the published ARL Statistics, not to a line number on the questionnaire.

Return the ARL Statistics diskette to the ARL Office by **October 15, 1995,** together with a copy of the final printed questionnaire. If there are any questions about the procedure to be followed in completing these questionnaires, contact the ARL Office.



|--|



# **ARL STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE, 1994-95**

<u>Please do not leave any lines blank</u>. If an exact figure is unavailable, use -1, i.e. "U/A." If a question is not applicable in your library, use -2, i.e. "N/A." If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use "0".

Reporti	ing Institution	Date Returned to ARL
Questio	onnaire Completed by (Name)	
Positio	nn	Phone
Contac	t Person (if different)	
Positio	n	Phone
COLLE	ECTIONS	
Volum	es in Library: (See instruction Q1-4)	
1a.	Volumes held June 30, 1994 (Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a/v Record figure reported last year or footnote adjusted figu	
2.	Volumes added during year Gross (See instruction Q2 (Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a	r) /v material.)
2a.	. Volumes withdrawn during year (Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a/v	material.)
3.	Volumes added during year Net (Subtract line 2a from	m line 2)
1.	Volumes held June 30, 1995 (Add line 1a to line 3)	<del></del>
4.	Number of monographic volumes purchased (Se (Volumes for which expenditures are reported on line 16	
Serials	: (See instruction Q5-7)	
5.	Number of current serials, including periodicals, purcha	nsed
6.	Number of current serials, including periodicals, received purchased (Exchanges, gifts, deposits, etc.) (See instru	ed but not uction Q6)
7.	Total number of current serials received (Add line 5 to	line 6)



COLLECTIONS (cont'd.)		
Other Library Materials: Total number of pieces held June 3	80, 1995:	
8. Microform units (See instruction Q8)		-
9. Government documents not counted elsewhere (See in	instruction Q9)	-
10. Computer files (See instruction Q10)		_
11. Manuscripts and archives (linear ft.) (See instruction C	Q11)	-
Audiovisual materials:		
12. Cartographic (See instruction Q12)	13. Graphic (See instruction Q13)	_
14. Audio 15. (See instruction Q14)	Film and Video (See instruction Q15)	_
EXPENDITURES (See instruction Q16-27) Reported in Cana	adian dollars? Yes No	
Library Materials:		
16. Monographs (Expenditures for volumes reported on lin	ne 4) (See instruction Q16)	_
17. Current serials including periodicals (See instruction (	Q17)	<b></b> .
18. Other library materials (e.g., microforms, a/v, etc.) (Se	ee instruction Q18)	_
<ol> <li>Miscellaneous (All materials fund expenditures not in (See instruction Q19)</li> </ol>	ncluded above)	_
20. Total library materials (Add lines 16, 17, 18, 19)		_
21. Contract binding: (See instruction Q21)		_
Salaries and Wages: (See instruction Q22-25)		
22. Professional staff		
23. Support staff		
24. Student assistants (See instruction Q24-25)		
25. Total salaries and wages (Add lines 22, 23, 24)		
26. Other operating expenditures: (See instruction Q26)		



27. Total library expenditures: (Add lines 20, 21, 25, 26)

•	
PERSONNEL (See instruction Q28-31. Round figures to nearest whole number.)	
28. Professional staff, FTE (See instruction Q28)	
29. Support staff, FTE	
30. Student assistants, FTE (See instruction Q30)	
31. Total FTE staff (Add lines 28, 29, 30)	
INSTRUCTION (See instruction Q32-33)	
32. Number of library presentations to groups (See instruction Q32)	
33. Number of total participants in group presentations reported on line 32 (See instruction Q33)	
REFERENCE	
34. Number of reference transactions (See instruction Q34)	
CIRCULATION (See instruction Q35-37)	
35. Number of initial circulations (excluding reserves)	
36. Total circulations (initial and renewals, excluding reserves)	
37. Number of reserve circulations (See instruction Q37)	
INTERLIBRARY LOANS (See instruction Q38-39)	
38. Total number of filled requests for materials <b>provided</b> to other libraries	
39. Total number of filled requests for materials received from other libraries	
PH.D. DEGREES (See instruction Q40-41)	
40. Number of Ph.D.s awarded in FY1994-95	
41. Number of fields in which Ph.D.s can be awarded (See instruction Q41)	
FACULTY (See instruction Q42)	
42. Number of full-time instructional faculty in FY1994-95	



ENROLLMENT FALL 1994 (TOTALS) (See instruction Q43-46; line numbers refer to IPEDS survey form)  43. Full-time students (Add line 8, columns 15 & 16, and line 14, cols. 15 & 16)  44. Part-time students (Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, cols. 15 & 16)  45. Full-time graduate students (Line 14, columns 15 & 16)  46. Part-time graduate students (Line 28, columns 15 & 16)  47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic  48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No  49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No  50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library  51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library  52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid. Note: number in ( ) refers to the column in Library Data Tables in ARL Statistics 1993-94.	
44. Part-time students (Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, cols. 15 & 16)  45. Full-time graduate students (Line 14, columns 15 & 16)  46. Part-time graduate students (Line 28, columns 15 & 16)  LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES  47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic  48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No  49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No  50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library  51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library  52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published laty year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	ENROLLMENT FALL 1994 (TOTALS) (See instruction Q43-46; line numbers refer to IPEDS survey form)
45. Full-time graduate students (Line 14, columns 15 & 16)  46. Part-time graduate students (Line 28, columns 15 & 16)  LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES  47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic  48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No  49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No  50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library  51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library  52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	43. Full-time students (Add line 8, columns 15 & 16, and line 14, cols. 15 & 16)
LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES  47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic  48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No  49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No  50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library  51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library  52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	44. Part-time students (Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, cols. 15 & 16)
LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES  47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No We do not have a Law Library So Yes No We do not have a Law Library So Yes No We do not have a Medical Library So Yes No We do not have a Medical Library So So Yes No We have only one campus So Yes No We have only one campus. If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below. If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94. For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	45. Full-time graduate students (Line 14, columns 15 & 16)
47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic  48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No  49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No  50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library  51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library  52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	46. Part-time graduate students (Line 28, columns 15 & 16)
48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials	LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES
49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No 50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library 51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library 52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below]. 53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions") Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	47. Basis of volume count is: Physical Bibliographic
50. Law Library statistics are includedYesNoWe do not have a Law Library 51. Medical Library statistics are includedYesNoWe do not have a Medical Library 52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below]. 53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions") Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries:YesNoWe have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	48. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials Yes No
51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library 52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].  53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	49. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages Yes No
<ul> <li>52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].</li> <li>53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.</li> <li>FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)</li> <li>54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.</li> <li>For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.</li> </ul>	50. Law Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Law Library
53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")  Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	51. Medical Library statistics are included Yes No We do not have a Medical Library
Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.  If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	52. Other main campus libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].
If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  If branch campus libraries are <u>not</u> included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.  FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	53. Branch Campus Libraries. (See paragraph six of the "General Instructions")
If branch campus libraries are <u>not</u> included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below. <b>FOOTNOTES</b> (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	Figures include branch CAMPUS libraries: Yes No We have only one campus.
FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)  54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	If branch campus libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.
54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.  For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	If branch campus libraries are <u>not</u> included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.
For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Statistics 1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q54)
1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.	54. Footnotes as published in the ARL Statistics 1993-94.
	1993-94 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.

PLEASE RETURN COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE TO THE ARL OFFICE BY OCTOBER 15, 1995.

ARL Statistics and Measurement Program, Association of Research Libraries, 21 Dupont Circle, Washington, D.C. 20036. (202) 296-2296; Fax (202) 872-0884. Please call or e-mail Martha Kyrillidou (martha@cni.org) for assistance with the questionnaire.



84 82

FOOTNOTES TO THE ARL STATISTICS, 1994-95



# FOOTNOTES TO THE ARL STATISTICS, 1994-95

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data from prior years not previously reported. Numbers in parentheses refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers.

Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
ALABAMA		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
	1	Excludes Government documents.
	8	Includes Government documents in microformats.
	17	Includes payment of more than one year's serial invoices during the year.
	18	Includes Law, Health Sciences, and Map libraries only; Gorgas Library (main) and branches do not separate expenditures for Audiovisual materials and Microforms.
	19	Center for Research Libraries membership.
	20	Increase due to carry-over funds, paying more than one year's serial invoices, and increases in the law library budget.
	26	lncludes bibliographic utilities, memberships (except CRL), and literature searching.
ALBERTA		All figures are as of March 3 . 1005.
		The University of Alberta Library has reconciled its library collections. Volumes held March 31, 1994 revised to 4,859,228.
		The 1994-95 statistics includes data for NEOS affiliated libraries and the various reading rooms and learning resources centers on campus. For the first time, the statistics compiled include all items within the single GATE database because access to them is contractually acquired and offered to the University seamlessly.
		Several private libraries were acquired in the past year and some departmental libraries, which were not counted previously, were included this year.
	1	Includes 669,700 from other libraries and 432,000 from NEOS libraries.
	2-3	Includes Faculte St. Jean, books from Map Collections, and Data library. Excludes St. Joseph's College Library, University of Alberta Hospital School of Nursing, and departmental reading rooms.
	6	Includes Government documents.
	16-17	Figures from base library budget. Outside-funded expenditures (trust funds, endowments and other special funds) were Monographs (16), Can \$322,383.56 and Serials (17), Can \$75,120.48. NEOS library expenditures were Can \$1,674,300 and Other library expenditures were Can \$624,502.
	16-27	Includes expenditures from research grant, special projects, gifts and endowment and fee for service in Canadian dollars: Professional salaries (22), \$5,917.05; Student assistant salaries (24), \$142,771.44; Monographs and Serials, \$397,504.04; and Other, \$202,893.24.
		Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$2,894,597; (17) \$6,766,656; (18) U/A; (19) \$132,732; (20) \$9,793,984; (21) \$118,497; (22) \$4,404,418; (23) \$7,100,845; (24) \$658,919; (25) \$12,164,182; (26) \$2,423,958; (27) \$24,500,621.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
ALBERTA (cont'd)	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	19	Includes postage expenditures.
	26	Includes operational expenditure from trusts and various accounts which had been excluded previously.
	28	Includes 10 FTE from professional staff.
	41	1993-94 figure for Ph.D. fields was incorrect.
ARIZONA		Basis of volume count in main library is bibliographic; in Law & Health Sciences libraries, it is physical.
	1, 5-7	Includes Government documents.
	5-7	Includes Health Sciences library, as opposed to previous FY report.
	6	Includes Law library, as opposed to previous FY report.
	9	Figures from Health Sciences and Law libraries are now available, as opposed to previous FY report.
	32-37	Law library data not applicable.
	35-36	Reserves are included for Health Sciences library only.
	42	Figure represents an actual count rather than an estimate as reported previously.
ARIZONA STATE		ASU West altered their 1993-94 total volume to 242,415 (192 more). Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,019,866.
		Includes Arizona State University West Campus, Architecture library, Hayden Library, Music library, Noble Library, and the Law library.
	15	Added statistics from several new departments in Hayden Library.
	18	Previous to 1993-94, electronic serials and database access was reported here.
	19	ASU West did not have capital equipment, document delivery, cataloging, or contracts expenditures.
	20	Reports filled positions.
	32-33	Statistics are down due to two instructional librarian positions vacant and one subject specialist position vacant.
	35-36	The Law library erroneously reported last year's statistics.
AUBURN		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
	1	Includes 317,101 cataloged Government documents.
	2	Includes 24,034 cataloged Government documents. Volumes withdrawn include 12,837 Government documents.
	24	Includes \$45,380 from Federal Work-Study Program.
	34	1993-94 figure for reference transactions is 3,999.
BOSTON		Includes the Theology library.
	3-5, 8	Government documents are included, except for I aw library documents.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
BOSTON (cont'd)	9	Figure represents Law library Government documents only.
	14	Audio has been adjusted since 1993-94.
BOSTON PUBLIC LIBRARY		Includes main and branch libraries.
	1	Excludes patents and prints.
	1-3, 5-7	Excludes Government documents.
BRIGHAM YOUNG		All figures are as of August 31, 1995.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	10	Figure for number of Computer files has been estimated in the past. This year's figure represents an actual piece count.
BRITISH COLUMBIA		All figures are as of March 31, 1995.
		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,533,083.
		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the main library.
	12-13	232,740 aerial photographs were counted as part of Graphics in 1993-94.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$3,590,863; (17) \$5,243,646; (18) U/A; (19)\$0; (20) \$8,834,509; (21) \$224,758; (22) \$5,933,266; (23) \$7,525,207; (24) \$1,401,364; (25) \$14,859,837; (26) \$2,558,191; (27) \$26,477,295.
	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16).
	28-31	Includes: Operating Budget, 391 FTE; Grants, 11 FTE; Cost Recovery, 6 FTE; and Projects, 2 FTE; Total, 410 FTE.
BROWN		Includes John Carter Brown, Annmary Brown, Demography, and Art Slide Libraries, as well as media services.
		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the Sciences library.
		In previous years, volume count was incorrectly reported as being bibliographic. It was physical.
	11	Includes manuscripts only.
	13	503,440 pieces of sheet music added in 1993-94.
	16	Includes documents and media (such as microforms, videos, and sound recordings).
	29	1993-94 figure for support staff was incorrect, due to double counting of staff at the John Carter Brown Library.
	32	Large increase due to the introduction of electronic materials, requiring many more formal presentations.
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 8,105,001. (Some units reporting for the first time this year.)
	8-11	Government documents are reported by material type when known, and otherwise as generic "government documents."
	13	1993-94 figure for Graphics was incorrect. Total has been amended.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (cont'd)	16	Monograph expenditures include dollars spent on all library materials except serials.
	24	Method of calculating Student assistant FTE has improved over 1993-94.
	31	FTE figures include temporary employees and reflect temporary reductions in hours due to voluntary action by career employees.
	35, 36	Disruption due to major relocation of collections (Main, Business, Gov. Docs, etc.) caused reductions in circulation.
	38	Interlibrary lending does not include photocopies provided by authorized document delivery subcontractors (e.g. Boalt Express) who fill requests using the UC Berkeley collections.
	44, 46	1993-94 figure for Part-time students revised to 2,061; figure for Part-time graduate students revised to 1,113.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		Includes Harrison Western Research Center Library (20,316 bound volumes and 107 non-document serials) in Fair Oaks, California.
		Basis of volume count in General library is bibliographic; in Law library, it is physical.
	16, 20, 27	1993-94 figure for Monograph expenditures revised to \$1,952,654; Total expenditures for library materials revised to \$5,404,724; Total library expenditures revised to \$14,504,611.
	18	Includes for Law library: RLIN, \$21,000; LEXIS and WESTLAW, \$40,386.
	42	1993-94 figure for Full-time instructional faculty revised to 1,364.
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 1,824,940.
		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the main library.
	1, 3	Includes documents cataloged as part of a conversion project.
	9	Numbers decreased significantly due to document conversion project.
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 6,466,263.
		Initial volume count in 1940s was bibliographic; subsequent counts of added volumes have been physical.
	5-7	Includes cataloged Government document serials.
	22-25	Fringe benefits are included in the expenditures for Salaries and wages.
	28	Professional staff includes Management and Professional Program employees.
CALIFORNIA, RIVERSIDE	7	The Government documents included in the bound volume count are accessible through the online catalog.
	24	Includes \$27,970 in federal work study funds.
CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	17	Includes monographic and publishers' series. Also includes all formats.
	19	Expenditures for database services (literature searches).
	31	Includes 19.57 FTE hired for cost recovery operations, special projects, and grants.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA	2, 3, 9	Increase in volumes added results from retrospective conversion of Government document titles.
	6, 7	1993-94 figure for number of serials received but not purchased was incorrect.
	22-25	Fringe benefits are included in the expenditures for Salaries and wages.
CANADA INST. FOR SCITECH.		All figures are as of March 31, 1995.
		Includes 14 branch libraries throughout Canada that serve the divisions of the National Research Council of Canada, CISTI's parent organization. One branch closed in 1994-95.
		In 1994-95 CISTI was amalgamated with the publishing arm of the National Research Council of Canada (NRC Research Press), which accounts for the large percentage increases in salaries, operating expenses, expenditures and staff.
		Volume count changed from bibliographic to physical this year.
		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the main library.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,114,830; (17) \$7,221,115; (18) 133,850; (19) \$0; (20) \$8,469,795; (21) \$0; (22) \$6,334,686; (23) \$3,943,141; (24) \$0; (25) \$10,277,827, (26) \$22,142,173; (27) \$40,889,795.
	22-25	Fringe benefits are included in the expenditures for Salaries and wages.
	32, 33	Many presentations previously done by the library are now done by the marketing group.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 1,881,807 to reflect a total physical count rather than a partial bibliographic count as in past reports.
	1-4	For University Library, Government documents figure is determined by formula in specific instructions.
	4	For University Library, does not include monographs received as part of standing orders .
	16	For Medical library, continuations are included with monographs not serials.
	18	Includes CD-ROM expenditures.
	29-30	Medical library includes 3.5 FTE Support staff, and 1 FTE Student assistant paid from grant funds.
	35	1993-94 figure for Initial circulations in Medical library was incorrect.
	36	1993-94 figure for Total circulation was incorrect.
CENTER FOR RESEARCH LIBS.	1-3, 8	Includes Government documents (number estimated).
	5-7	Excludes most Government documents in collection.
	18, 27	Includes restricted-fund expenditures.
	26	E <sup>*</sup> rludes figures related to building maintenance.
	28	Includes 11 FTE of grant funded personnel.
CHICAGO		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the science collections.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
CINCINNATI		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 1,984,792.
		Excludes libraries at Raymond Walters College and Clermont College.
	34	Excludes Law library.
	38	Includes figures for two branch campus libraries since software cannot supply separate data.
	42	Includes Medical Center faculty.
COLORADO	12	1993-94 figure for Cartographic materials was incorrect.
	18	Includes bibliographic utility expenditures, Humanities Special Purchases, online searching, etc.
	23	Includes 2.5 support staff FTE paid from auxiliary funds.
	24	Includes 37 student assistants FTE paid from work study funds.
	26	Includes $\$800,000$ university loan for new automated system and equipment.
COLORADO STATE	2	Includes 12,929 documents.
	4	1990-9 figure for number of monographs purchased revised to 21,839.
	હ	Includes 1,826,638 documents.
	19	Includes ARL (\$13,400); Access/ILL (\$102,410); networking operations (\$97,187); CNI (\$2,000); Access (\$26,000); OVID (\$68,186); bindery supplies (\$9,710); searches (IBDBS \$696); BNA (\$4,066).
	22-25	Fringe benefits are included in the expenditures for Salaries and wages.
	42	1993-94 figure for Full-time instructional faculty revised to 999.
	43, 44	1993-94 figure for Full-time students revised to 15,646; figure for Part-time students revised to 1,829.
COLUMBIA		Basis of volume count in Law library is bibliographic.
	1-8	Includes Government documents.
	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	38	ILL provided by Law library includes 1,020 as standard ILL and 5,673 as fee-based service provider.
CONNECTICUT		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,477,015 to reflect adjusted volume counts in Law and Medical libraries.
		Includes Greater Hartford Campus. Excludes Avery Point, Stamford, Torrington, and Waterbury campuses.
	1-8	Includes Government documents.
CORNELL		Includes Geneva Experiment Station.
	11	Manuscripts and archives are in cubic feet.
	28-31	Includes professional staff, support staff, and student assistants on grants and projects. $ \\$



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
CORNELL (cont'd)	36	Includes reserves.
	42	Faculty count includes only full, associate, and assistant professors. Excludes faculty at the Medical Division in New York City.
	43-46	Excludes Medical Division in New York City and students registered in absentia. Part-time enrollment reflects employee degree registrants only.
DARTMOUTH	28	Includes 3.80 FTE professional staff grant-supported.
	29	Includes 2.08 FTE support staff grant-supported.
DELAWARE		Includes Marine Studies library at the University of Delaware Marine Studies Research Complex in Lewes, Delaware.
	1-3, 8	Includes Government documents.
	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	22-25	Excludes professional and support staff in Information Technologies assigned to the library.
	27	Excludes operating budget of University of Delaware Library Associates, which was \$60,600 in FY1994-95.
DUKE		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 4,284,664.
	4	Excludes Law library.
	15	Some Film and Video included in Audio figure.
	24	Excludes some work-study money.
	31	Includes nine staff on special projects and grants.
	35-36	Includes some reserve circulations.
	37	Excludes Law and Medical Center libraries.
	42	Last year's figure included faculty for clinical medicine.
EMORY		All figures are as of August 31, 1995.
		Volume count includes Government documents for General libraries (records added to OPAC this year). Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,146,828.
		Includes Theology library and Oxford Campus.
	22	Includes 3 FTE grant-funded positions.
	23	Includes 2 FTE cost-recovery positions.
	26, 27	1993-94 figure for Other operating expenditures revised to \$4,370,463; Total library expenditures revised to \$17,239,119.
FLORIDA		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,103,228.
	5-7	Includes 3,264 cataloged Government document serials.
	6	Includes 4,299 previously unreported deposits at the Legal Information Center library.
	14	Includes 3,364 audio formats previously unreported.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
FLORIDA (cont'd)	22-25	Fringe benefits for 1993-94 were included in the expenditures for Salaries and wages.
	37	1993-94 circulation figures included 65,000 reserve circulations.
FLORIDA STATE		Includes branch campus in Panama City (holdings and materials expenditures only); excludes Developmental Research School.
	1-3	Includes most cataloged Government documents.
	16	Includes some microforms, audiovisual materials, etc.
	40	Figure represents total number of doctoral degrees awarded; number of Ph.D.s not available.
GEORGETOWN		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,017,837.
		Includes reference library of Kennedy Institute of Bioethics.
	4	1993-94 figure for number of monographs purchased revised to 29,392.
	22-24	Professional staff salaries, excluding the medical library are \$3,054,075; Support staff salaries are \$2,988,607; Student assistant wages are \$597,984.
	28	Includes 11 positions funded by grant or contracts in the Medical library.
	33	Large reduction results from exclusion of new students taking self-guided orientation tours from the count.
	34	Increase in Reference transactions results from correction of formula used to allocate category of "informational" used locally between "reference" and "directional" as used by ARL.
	36	Medical library general circulation not available.
	42	Figure is estimated.
	45-46	Law school reclassified some night school students from part to full time based on courses carried and "progress toward degree".
GEORGIA	16-18, 20-23	Includes cataloged Government documents, some of which are shelved together in the Main Science libraries.
GEORGIA TECH	1-3, 5-7	Includes Government documents that are cataloged, classified, and housed separately.
GUELPH		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.
		Volumes held April 30, 1991 revised to 1,944,813; Volumes held April 30, 1992 revised to 1,977,984; Volumes held April 30,1993 revised to 2,002,313; Volumes held April 30,1994 revised to 2,034,305.
	16	Includes non-budgetary gifts, grants, and endowments of Can \$258,638.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,078,387; (17) \$2,203,427; (18) U/A; (19) \$17,293; (20) \$3,299,107; (21) \$98,469; (22) \$1,525,458; (23) \$3,443,288; (24) \$118,921; (25) \$5,087,667; (26) \$800,707; (27) \$9,285,950.
	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	26, 27	Includes recovered expenses for the first time. 1992-93 figures revised to (26) \$1,157,400 and (27) \$9,587,727. 1993-94 figures revised to (26) \$939,080 and (27) \$9,427,834.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
GUELPH (cont'd)	28-09	The university now includes all supervisors in Professional staff category. We have reported in accord with last year's survey and have accluded only librarians and other professional appointments in Professional staff (28); other supervisors are included in support staff (29).
HARVARD	٠	Volumes held as of June 30, 1994 revised to 12,895,174.
		Includes research institutions in the District of Columbia and Italy.
		All Ph.D.s are awarded through the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences.
	1-2	Includes some Government documents.
	6	Includes some Government documents; excludes some international Government documents.
	27	Separate figures for expenditures from grants and special projects are not available. Excludes fringe benefits (\$8,923,564) and buildings and maintenance (\$3,762,369) charged to library budget. Includes cost recovery items (\$5,408,348).
	42	Excludes Medicine, Dental, and Law libraries. With Medicine and Dental, number of instructional faculty is 1,993.
HAWAII	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents; based on a formula applied to a piece count.
	16	Expenditures were lower because of significant monograph prepayment made in 1993-94. In turn this allowed increased expenditures in 1994-95 (26) to significantly upgrade hardware and software related to the library's online and distributed network computer systems.
	26	Operating expenses include one-time upgrade of computer hardware and software.
HOUSTON		All figures are as of August 31, 1995.
		Excludes branch campus libraries at Clear Lake, Victoria, and Downtown.
	26	Includes expenditure for new integrated library system and major computer expansion.
HOWARD		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,208,988.
ILLINOIS, CHICAGO	1-3	Excludes Government documents.
	4	Includes Government documents; excludes monographs in series or continuations.
	10	Count is by title, not by unit.
	13	Excludes graphics in Special Collections.
	42	Excludes clinical and visiting faculty which were previously included.
ILLINOIS, URBANA	28	Includes 35 FTE graduate assistants as well as 5 FTE graduate assistants funded from research grants or other temporary funds.
	40	1993-94 figure for Ph.D.s awarded revised to 643.
INDIANA		Excludes branch campus libraries at Richmond, New Albany, Kokomo, South Bend, Gary, Fort Wayne, Indianapolis, and Columbus.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
INDIANA (cont'd)	11	Linear feet of Manuscripts and archives revised as a result of collection weeding project and recount.
	16-27	Figures do not reflect complete information from the Kinsey Institute library.
	28	Professional staff includes all librarians and professional appointments.
	28-31	Some professional staff positions have been replaced by support staff in 1994-95. This accounts for the high support staff count.
	43	1993-94 figure for full-time students revised to 29,811.
	45	1993-94 figure for full-time graduate students revised to 4,022.
IOWA		1992-93 Volumes held adjusted upward by 164,001 to reflect movement of existing items in Government Publications.
	1-3	Excludes annuals and proceedings.
•	4	Includes music scores and some annuals.
	5, 32	Increases over 1993-94 figures are a result of Law library increases only.
	17	Excludes annuals and proceedings; includes memberships.
	22	Excludes salary for .5 FTE Associate Dean for Research in Law.
	42	There are also 775 clinical and pre-clinical faculty, with departmental appointments in addition to the 1,100 instructional faculty.
IOWA STATE	7	Includes 3,257 Government document serials.
	19	Includes OCLC, literature searching, contract conservation, preservation supplies, reformatting, postage, computer upgrade, and ILL/Document Delivery service.
	28-30	Includes cost recovery/grant/special project positions, paid out of other academic accounts: for (28) = 2.7 FTE; for (29) = 0.6 FTE; for (30) = 3.4 FTE.
JOHNS HOPKINS		Includes Eisenhower Library, Welch Medical Library, Institute of the History of Medicine, School of Hygiene and Public Health library, Peabody Conservatory library, Applied Physics Laboratory library, School of Advanced International Studies (SAIS) in Washington, DC, and Bologna, Italy, the Center for Italian Studies in Florence, Italy, the Montgomery County Center in Rockville, MD, and the School of Continuing Studies, Columbia Center and Downtown Center. Excludes SAIS in Nanjing, China.
		Data from the Applied Physics Laboratory covers January through December.
	1	Includes Government documents based on ARL formula.
	18, 19, 27	1993-94 figures for Other library materials (18) revised to \$1,703,854; Total library materials (19) revised to \$6,559,947; Total library expenditures (27) revised to \$17,679,169.
	19	Includes literature searching and postage for library materials.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
KANSAS		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,296,853.
		Includes Regents Center library, Overland Park Kansas, Health Sciences library, and Clendening History of Medicine Library in Kansas City.
		Excludes University of Kansas School of Medicine at Wichita, KS.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	22	Includes 3.7 FTE professional staff supported by grant funds of \$90,656.
	23	Includes 0 FTE support staff supported by grant funds of \$613.
	24	Includes 0.8 FTE student assistants supported by grant funds of \$7,371.
	41	Includes one joint program with Kansas State, for a total of 56 fields at Lawrence campus and 11 at Kansas City. Two fields are inter-campus programs.
KENT STATE		Includes main campus and branches at Astabula, Geauga, East Liverpool, Salem, Stark, Trumbull, and Tuscarawas.
	16-27, 28-31	Expenditure and personnel figures include Audiovisual Services and Teleproductions.
KENTUCKY		Other main campus libraries included: Agriculture, Architecture, Art, Biological Sciences, Chemistry/Physics, Education, Engineering, Geological Sciences, Mathematical Sciences, and Music.
		Excludes branch campus libraries at Lexington, Prestonburg, Madisonville, Hopkinsville, Henderson, Louisville (2), Ashland, Somerset, Maysville, Elizabethtown, Cumberland, Hazard, Owensboro, and Paducah.
LAVAL		All figures are as of May 31, 1995.
		Medical and Law library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical and Law collections are an integral part of the main library.
	6	In implementing our acquisitions module, we draw back from our files 1,179 unproductive titles (gifts and exchanges).
	14	Number of pieces increased due to a recent inventory.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,137,768; (17) \$4,220,713; (18) \$71,094; (19) \$49,338; (20) \$5,478,913; (21) \$112,062; (22) \$3,998,221; (23) \$5,590,804; (24) \$228,125; (25) \$9,817,150; (26) \$917,132; (27) \$16,325,257.
	21	Most binding is done in-house.
	28	Includes 3.2 professional staff for special projects.
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
	2	Arrearage reduction effort underway; this figure includes many prior-year acquisitions.
	6, 7	Total number of Current serials, including periodicals, received can only be estimated.
	11	Figure is an estimate.
	15	1992-93 figure for Film and Video was correct as originally published; 1993-94 figure is revised to 724,309.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
LINDA HALL		All figures are as of December 31, 1994.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	9	Government document piece count estimated.
	23	1993-94 figure for support staff salaries revised to \$501,279.
LOUISIANA STATE		Includes Law library and Veterinary Medicine library.
	7	Increased number of serials is due to added gift and exchange titles as well as reinstatements processed during 1995.
	16	Costs for Other library materials cannot be disaggregated from book expenditures.
	23	Includes \$174,964 in salaries paid to graduate assistants.
	26	Includes \$249,153 paid to SOLINET.
	41	1993-94 figure for Ph.D. fields revised to 55.
McGILL		All figures are as of May 31, 1995.
		Volumes held May 31, 1994 revised to 2,823,953.
	2	Major change in volumes added gross reflects the transfer of collections from one library to another.
	15	Slides not counted previously were added in 1994-95.
	16-27	Figures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,627,587; (17) \$3,440,246; (18) \$384,030; (19) \$276,286; (20) \$5,728,149; (21) \$248,082; (22) \$4,674,171; (23) \$5,684,188; (24) \$540,015; (25) \$10,898,374; (26) \$1,471,071; (27) \$18,345,676.
	19	Includes Tattletapes (Can. \$23,360), bibliographic searching (Can. \$153,929), and memberships (Can. \$98,997).
	26	Includes capital equipment (Can. \$76,587) and major equipment (Can \$112,459).
	43-46	1993-94 figure for number of Full-time students (43) revised to 15,593; number of Part-time students (44) revised to 5,631; number of Full-time graduate students (45) revised to 5,051; number of Part-time graduate students (46) revised to 1,950.
	44	Total Part-time student figure reported is FTE; head-count is 10,155.
McMASTER		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.
	1-8	Includes Government documents. For all areas except Health Sciences, Government documents counts are based on the linear feet $x$ 10 formula.
	13	1993-94 figure for Graphic materials revised to 5,673.
	15	1993-94 figure for Film and Video materials revised to 2,136.
	16-27	Figures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,371,379; (17) \$3,320,108; (18) \$21,958; (19) \$13,588; (20) \$4,727,03; (21) \$128,568; (22) \$2,245,174; (23) \$3,901,437; (24) \$304,617; (25) \$6,451,228; (26) \$709,632; (27) \$12,016,460.
	22	The reporting of four positions has been moved from Support staff to Professional staff.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
McMASTER (cont'd)	24	Includes all student salary payments, all shift premium payments to support staff, any additional salary payments made to full-time staff to cover delayed staff replacements, illness coverage, and any emergency staffing needs. The procedure of paying the support staff from the student assistants budget was established by the University Budget Office many years ago in order to keep regular full-time salaries separate from shift premiums and additional payments.
	24, 30	Includes library interns.
MANITOBA		All figures are as of March 31, 1995.
		Volumes held March 31, 1994 revised to 1,646,411.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$942,378; (17) \$2,550,984; (18) U/A; (19) \$69,882; (20) \$3,563,244; (21) \$166,511; (22) \$2,942,754; (23) \$3,959,869; (24) \$707,572; (25) \$7,610,195; (26) \$1,187,182; (27) \$12,527,132.
MARYLAND		Volumes held June 30, 1993 revised to 2,287,109; Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,371,383.
	6	Includes 9,467 serials received by U.S. Document Depository Library, not previously reported.
	25	Total does not include salaries of \$294,313 for contract employees and wages of \$133,779 for hourly non-student employees (totaling \$428,092). These categories include both professional and support staff. Expenditures are included in the total for (26).
	26	Includes \$428,092 for contract and hourly non-student personnel.
	28-31	Total does not include 13 FTE contract and 6 FTE hourly non-student employees (totaling 19 FTE). These categories include both professional and support staff.
	38, 39	The UMCP Libraries cooperatively charge and deliver materials between the libraries of the other campuses in the University of Maryland System. These transactions are counted in (36) as direct patron loans, not interlibrary loans.
MASSACHUSETTS	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents received since 1976.
	15	Audio-visual department was detached from the library and reassigned to another administrative unit.
	23, 29	Decreases in support staff were largely the result of the reorganization of the audio-visual department.
	24	Includes \$136,268 in federal work study grant funds.
	40	Excudes 91 Ed.D. degrees.
MIT	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	19	Includes bibliographic utilities (\$309,420) and literature searching (\$285,413).
MIAMI		All figures are as of May 31, 1995.
	11	Includes 3,425 linear feet in the Law library.
	22	Excludes director's salary.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	NOTES
MICHIGAN		Includes Bentlay Historical Library, William L. Clements Library, Kresge Business Library, and Law library. Excludes Dearborn Campus library and the University of Michigan-Flint library.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	5-6	Figures for Law library are estimated.
	11	1993-94 figure for Film and Video materials mistakenly included materials not owned by the library.
	16-20	Figures for the William L. Clements Library are estimated.
	17	Includes microform serials.
	22	Figure includes wages for librarians and Professional/Administrative category.
	26	1993-94 figure for Other operating expenditures revised to \$4,439,071.
	27	1993-94 figure for Total library expenditures revised to \$28,843,028.
	40	Includes Ph.D. fields only; professional degrees and individualized program degrees are excluded.
MICHIGAN STATE	5-7	Includes monographic series that cannot be disaggregated. Includes Government documents.
	17	Includes expenditures for monographic series that cannot be disaggregated.
	18	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
MINNESOTA		Excludes branch compus libraries at Duluth, Morris, and Cookston.
	2	Copy :ataloging operation was reorganized, resulting in approximately 17,000 more items being cataloged in 1994-95 than in 1993-94.
	5	Cance ed individual corporate report serials, which are now accessed on CD-ROM (5,887 titles).
	13-15	Individual counts unavailable. Total Audiovisual is 694,050.
	34	Figure represents a combination of actual counting and sampling.
MISSOURI	17	Expenditures for serials increased due to a prepayment situation.
	22	Includes \$133,370 for UM-Wide Library Systems Office for online catalog.
·	26	Includes \$260,000 for UM-Wide Library Systems Office for online catalog.
NATL. AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
		Excludes USDA field libraries.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	2 .	Serial volumes added estimated from count of unbound issues; periodicals binding is not current.
	8	1992-93 figure for Microform units revised to 1,033,221.
	10-15	1993-94 figures are revised to: Computer files (10), 232; Manuscripts and Archives (11), 17,494; Maps (12), 872; Graphics (13), 738; Audio (14), 55; Video (15), 1,038.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
NATL. AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY (cont'd)	12-15	Figure represents title counts, not piece counts.
(cont a)	17	1993-94 figure for Serial expenditures revised to \$1,613,169.
	20	1993-94 figure for Total expenditures for library materials revised to \$1 849,271.
	22-25	Includes fringe benefits.
	32-34	1993-94 figures revised to: Presentation to groups (32), 245; Total participants in group presentations (33), 26,667; Reference transactions (34), 55,868.
NATL. LIBRARY OF CANADA		All figures are as of March 31, 1995.
	1-4	Excludes Government documents.
	4, 5	In addition to monographs purchased, two copies of documents published in Canada are received on legal deposit.
	6	Includes all active serials (non-government, Canadian federal and provincial government, and UNESCO) which are counted as copies. The concept of "copy" is equivalent to a subscription.
	11	The figure provided in 1993-94 was an estimate. A proper count of the collection was done during 1994-95. Although the figure reported this year shows a slight decrease from the previous year, there has been an increase in both the literary manuscripts and archives as well as in the music manuscripts and archives.
	16-17	Canadian monographs and serials are received on legal deposit. Excludes materials purchased for staff as working copies.
	16-27	Expendit es reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$732,549; (17) \$992,856; (18) \$670,445; (19) \$55,550; (20) \$2,451,400; (21) \$18,855; (22) \$11,322,576; (23) \$9,482,189; (24) \$307,782; (25) \$21,112,727; (26) \$11,156,354; (27) \$34,739,336.
	26	No longer includes developmental costs for the AMICUS system, which became operational in 1995.
	28-31	Utilized person-years.
	32, 33	Figures represent actual numbers; previously, only an estimate was provided.
	38	Last year's figure reported the number of items provided instead of number of Filled requests.
NATL. LIBRARY OF MEDICINE		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
		Volumes held September 30, 1994 revised to 2,103,223.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents; based on a combination of titles and volume counts.
	15	Includes filmstr.ps, slide sets, slide tapes, and audio materials.
	16-27, 28-31	Figures reflect the Library Operations component of the library: Public Services, Technical Services, Bibliographic Services, and History of Medicine Divisions, as well as the Medical Subject Headings staff, the staff of the Regional Medical Library program, and the Office of the Associate Director for a rary Operations.
	17	1993-94 figure for Serial expenditures revised to \$3,367,000.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
NEBRASKA	2	Includes volumes represented by GPO tapeload records. Includes a significant number of retrospectively converted Government documents.
	4, 10	Figures unavailable for Law library.
	6, 7	Includes Government documents.
	9	Figures not applicable for Law library.
	13	Law library reported 0. For other libraries, includes only those Government documents cataloged using OCLC.
	14-15	Includes only those Government documents cataloged using OCLC.
	26	Excludes \$39,707 for building maintenance.
	28	Includes 2 FTE on grant funds.
	29	Includes 2 FTE support staff on grant funds.
	42	1993-94 figure for number of faculty revised to 1,282.
NEW MEXICO		Volumes held June 30, 1994, revised to 1,969,449 to include other campus libraries' holdings not previously reported.
		The General library, the Law library, and the Health Sciences Center library are separately funded and administered.
		Includes the following main campus libraries: Bainbridge Bunting Memorial Slide Library, MEC/Equity Library, and Tireman Learning Materials Library.
		Statistics reported for the UNM General library include Centennial Science and Engineering Library, Fine Arts library, Parish Memorial Library, Zimmerman Library, Center for Southwest Research, and Center for Academic Program Support, all located on main campus. Titles added to the OPAC for the following other main campus libraries are included in the General library volume count: Clark Field Archive, Native American Studies Center, and U.SJapan Center.
		Excludes the following branch campus libraries: Gallup Campus, Harwood Foundation, Los Alamos Campus, Santa Fe Graduate Center, Taos Education Center, Valencia County Campus.
	2	General library multiplies number of non-government document titles by conversion factor 1.2 to estimate volumes. General library divides number of Government document pieces by 5.2 to estimate volumes.
	5	A serials' cancellation project and a serials database cleanup project resulted in a reduction in serial subscriptions purchased.
	6-7	General library includes Government documents in Current serials received. Law library and Health Sciences Center library exclude Government documents from Current serials received.
	6	General library holdings reported based on actual count by University of lowa of government depository serials currently received. A number of serials reported in 1993-94 as "received but not purchased" were found to have ceased publication.
	19	General library expenditures reported previously as Miscellaneous library materials are now being reported as Other operating expenditures.
	26	Includes appropriation from State Legislature for the General Library Center for Southwest Research.
	28-31	Includes 1 FTE professional staff and 2 FTE support staff in grant funded positions in the General library.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
NEW MEXICO (cont'd)	29	Additional staff hired for systems support and for the Center for Southwest Research.
	33	Excludes participants in individualized instruction, in compliance with ARL instructions.
	35, 37	Bainbridge Bunting Memorial Slide Library included circulations for the first time.
NEW YORK		All figures as of August 31, 1995.
		Includes Elmer Holmes Bobst Library, Institute of Fine Arts, Real Estate Institute, Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences, Kriser Dental Center, Ehrman Medical Library, and Law School library.
		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,296,766. This figure has been adjusted to reflect the reduction of the Medical library's volume count by 38,410, reflecting their now accurate reading of their system.
	8	Includes collection of business-related materials that were not included previously.
	28	Includes professionals who are not librarians.
	34	This number is down significantly from last year. 1993-94 figure for Reference transactions incorrectly included directional transactions.
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	19	Includes CD-ROM expenditures.
	22-23	Expenditures for Salaries and wages for both Professional staff and Support staff is \$20,970,023. Separate figures are unavailable.
	31	Includes number of positions authorized; does not reflect number of positions filled/vacant at any given time. Number also includes one-time only project positions.
NEW YORK STATE LIBRARY		All figures as of March 31, 1995.
		Medical and Law library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical and Law collections are an integral part of the main library.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	16-27	Includes figures for NEH and library fund, as well as State and LSCA funds.
NORTH CAROLINA		Includes Institute of Marine Sciences library.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	6	Increase from previous years reflects a more accurate count and not additional subscriptions.
	19	Miscellaneous library material expenditures include payments to LC Alert Service, Center for Research Libraries, and SOLINET.
	26	Includes one-third of expenditures, or \$57,250, for software purchased by Duke on behalf of UNC, Duke, and NCSU.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
NORTH CAROLINA (cont'd)	27	Includes \$3,251,834 in grants, trust, and other special funds; excludes \$176,171 in expenditures for the Triangle Research Libraries Network from funds contributed by Duke, North Carolina State, and North Carolina Central Universities.
	28-31	Includes 8.1 FTE on special grant funds; excludes 4 FTE paid from funds contributed by Duke, North Carolina State, and North Carolina Central Universities for support of the Triangle Research Libraries Network.
NORTH CAROLINA STATE		Includes Veterinary Medicine library.
	4	Includes some monographic standing order items paid from serials funds.
	13	Decline reflects adjustment of previous base figure.
	16-17	Some monographic series are paid from serials funds included in (17).
	18	Includes bibliographic utilities (\$109,289) and memberships (\$44,972).
	28	Includes 1 FTE grant-supported and 2.18 FTE temporary professional.
	29	Includes 1 FTE temporary non-professional.
	42	Revised fall 1994 faculty figures; fall 1995 faculty figures unavailable.
NORTHWESTERN		All figures are as of August 31, 1995.
		Includes Law and Health Sciences libraries on Chicago Campus (Medical and Dental libraries have merged to form Health Sciences library).
	1-3	Includes Government documents.
	8, 10, 11, 13-15	Excludes Health Sciences library.
	11, 33, 34	Excludes Law library.
	26	1990-93 figures for Other operating expenditures were incorrect; they should be: 1990, \$1,552,321; 1991, \$1,774,718; 1992, \$1,379,030; 1993, \$2,150,351.
	27	1990-93 figures for Total library expenditures were incorrect; they should be: 1990, \$13,617,969; 1991, \$14,470,878; 1992, \$14,515,802; 1993, \$15,926,970.
NOTRE DAME		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,396,651 to include cataloged U.S. Government documents.
	18	Represents figures for major purchases only.
	33	Based on a uniform multiplier of 15 (multiplied by 849 presentations) for the university libraries and 20 (multiplied by 150 presentations) for the Law library.
OHIO STATE	1-7	Includes Government documents.
	10	Count includes individual issues of electronic serials that are cataloged and stored on an OSU computer.
	18-19	Includes only Law library expenditures. Data for other libraries included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	26	Includes expenditures attributed in 1983-84 and earlier years to the University Computer Center.
	28-31	Includes 8.8 FTE positions funded by grants.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
OKLAHOMA	1-3, 8	Excludes Government documents.
OKLAHOMA STATE		Includes Architecture, Curriculum Materials Laboratory, Patent and Economic Development, and Veterinary Medicine libraries. Includes the OSU technical branches in Oklahoma City and Okmulgee and OSU's College of Osteopathic Medicine in Tulsa.
	17, 20	Large increase in expenditures due to special outside funding and carry forward funds from the previous year.
	18	Large increase in Other library materials due to a substantially greater amount spent on computerized databases and related resources.
OREGON		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised as 2,082,684.
	19	Miscellaneous library materials includes the University of Oregon System Computer files and search services, \$178,724; Document delivery and interlibrary loan charges, \$6,431; System maintenance and database services, \$163,768; and Bibliographic utilities, networks, and consortia, \$178,049.
	26	Includes other automated system hardware and software; all other supplies, services and equipment.
	27	Includes \$567,857 for personnel, supplies and equipment for new programs commencing in 1994-95: Orbis union catalog, \$273,467 and Information Technology Centers, \$294,390.
	42	1993-94 figure for number of faculty revised to 756 to include research faculty omitted from original report.
PENNSYLVANIA		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 4,209,747.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
PENNSYLVANIA STATE		Includes main campus and branches at Abington-Ogontz Allentown, Altoona, Beaver, Berks, Delaware, DuBois, Fayette, Hazleton, McKeesport, Mont Alto, New Kensington, Penn State Erie, Penn State Great Valley, Penn State Harrisburg, Schuylkill, Shenango Valley, Wilkes-Barre, Worthington-Scranton, and York, unless specified otherwise.
	13-14	Includes Main Campus only.
	34	Figure derived from sampling; extrapolation figure used: 412,987. Sampling for main campus only; actual numbers for branch campuses.
	37	Reserve circulation decreased due to items kept on open reserve, allowing patrons to help themselves without checking out the items, and due to our encouragement of faculty members to use course packets instead of placing items on reserve.
PITTSBURGH		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 3,536,292.
		Includes branch campus libraries at Bradford, Greensburg, Johnstown, and Titusville. $ \\$
	28-31	Three professional and three support staff are supported by grant and special project funds.
	34	The sampling statistic for number of Reference transactions includes only the Falk Library from the libraries in the Health Sciences Library System.
	36	Total circulation figure does not include the Blair Lippincott or Bergman Lit raries from the Health Sciences Library System.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
Pl îTSBURGH (cont'd)	37	Reserve circulation figure does not include the Western Psychiatric Institute and Clinic library from the Health Sciences Library System.
	38-39	Interlibrary Loan figures do not include the Blair Lippincott Library from the Health Sciences Library System.
	42	The School of Medicine's full-time instructional faculty are not included, per IPEDS definition, even though the school's data are included in the Ph.D. degrees, enrollment items, and all other sections.
PRINCETON	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	25	Figures prior to 1985-86 included fringe benefits.
	26	Figures before 1991 do not include non-salary expenditures for grant funded projects or photo-services.
PURDUE		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,200,410.
		Excludes branch campuses at Purdue North Central in Westville, Purdue Calumet in Hammond, and Purdue Fort Wayne in Ft. Wayne, IN.
	1-3	Includes cataloged Government documents.
	4	The number of monographic volumes purchased excludes volumes purchased on sponsored research programs.
	38	Filled requests provided increased due to turning over part of interlibrary loan operation to a second unit specifically designed to serve off campus commercial customers.
QUEEN'S		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.
	1-15	Excludes Government documents.
	13	Excludes Education library.
	17	Includes microforms.
	18	Includes audiovisual materials only.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,422,141; (17) \$3,489,584; (18) \$26,431; (19) \$0; (20) \$4,938,156; (21) \$188,932; (22) \$2,070,312; (23) \$4,341,670; (24) \$292,117; (25) \$6,704,099; (26) \$657,639; (27) \$12,488,826.
	28	Includes 2 FTE Librarian contract positions paid on soft money, not operating funds.
	42	All ranks combined, including deans and excluding medical and dental instructors. Data is from 1994-95 University Budget Document, FTE.
	43-46	Enrollments as of November 1, 1994.
	43, 45	1993-94 figures for full-time undergraduates and full-time graduates revised to 11,068 and 2,116, respectively.
RICE	5-7	Includes Government documents. Reduction due to recalculation of Government document and electronic serials.
	11	Manuscripts and archives are in cubic feet.
	19	Miscellaneous expenditures: Memberships for purposes of publications and access, \$41,720; ILL, \$29,229; Library system and computer software, \$204,244.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes	
RICE (cont'd)	22-25, 28, 31	Reduction due to a change in reporting lines of Information Services (computing) staff.	
	38-39	Excludes borrowing and lending activity for fee-based off-campus information delivery operation.	
ROCHESTER	1	Basic volume count for Sibley Music Library is bibliographic.	
	1, 4	Includes Government documents for River Campus libraries.	
	2, 3	Excludes Government documents for River Campus libraries.	
	4	Title count for Edward G. Miner Library.	
	5	Includes purchased duplicate subscriptions for River Campus libraries.	
	6	Not kept separately of Sibley Music Library, included in Current serials purchased (5).	
	9	Excludes Sibley Music Library.	
	10	Not kept separately of Sibley Music Library, included in Film and Video (15).	
	11	Estimated for Sibley Music Library.	
	12	1993-94 figure for Cartographic materials from the River Campus libraries was incorrect. Total figure revised to 97,712.	
	13	Edward G. Miner Library only.	
	14	Excludes Edward G. Miner Library.	
	17	River Campus libraries includes monographic series and electronic serials.	
	18	For Sibley Music Library, figure includes Audiovisual only; Microforms and MRDF's included in Monograph expenditures (16). For River Campus libraries, included in Monograph expenditures (16).	
	19	River Campus libraries only.	
	42	Faculty information as reported on IPEDS-SA(AAUP).	
	43	Includes undergraduates, graduates and M.D.s.	
	45, 46	Excludes M.D.s.	
RUTGERS		Figures include two law libraries, services to a non-Rutgers medical school, and campuses in Camden, Nowark, and New Brunswick.	
	1, 3	Includes newly cataloged Government documents.	
	12-15	Total Audiovisual materials is 105,204 items.	
	19	Includes memberships (\$120,771).	
	19, 20, 27	1993-94 figure for Miscellaneous library materials revised to \$298,025; Total library materials revised to \$6,832,251; Total library expenditures revised to \$22,670,554.	
	25, 31	Excludes staff hired for special projects and grants.	
SASKATCHEWAN		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.	
		Volumes held April 30, 1994 revised to 1,620,102.	



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
SASKATCHEWAN (cont'd)		Excludes Theological College libraries on campus which are not part of the library system.
	1-7	Includes Government documents.
	4	Titles purchased.
	6	Includes 4,326 Government publication subscriptions received on deposit and 696 gifts.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian Dollars were: (16) \$959,095; (17) \$3,701,120; (18) U/A; (19) \$22,472; (20) \$4,682,687; (21) \$96,233; (22) \$1,823,504; (23) \$3,114,395; (24) \$201,619; (25) \$5,139,518; (26) \$628,471; (27) \$10,546,909.
	37	Included in number of Initial circulations (35).
	38-39	1993-94 figure for total number of Filled requests provided (38) revised to 10,477; Total number of Filled requests received (39) revised to 13,579.
SMITHSONIAN		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
		Branches outside Washington DC include: Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA and Mt. Hopkins, AZ; Cooper-Hewitt Museum of Decorative Arts and Design, New York City; and Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute in Panama.
	1-4	As purchasing agent for all library materials for the Smithsonian Institution, Smithsonian Institution Libraries (SIL) purchases monographs and serials for some libraries which are not under SIL administration. The non-SIL libraries are located in the Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, National Museum of American Art, National Portrait Gallery, and the Gustav Heye Center of the National Museum of the American Indian. Purchases for non-SIL libraries are not added to the SIL collections and therefore are not included in these numbers.
	2	Represents volumes received in the SIL branches. Microforms are not included.
	5	In 1995, 2,987 secials were purchased for SIL collections, 693 for non-SIL. Represents the number of titles, not volumes. Includes purchases for SIL and non-SIL libraries. The cost of purchases for non-SIL libraries is included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
	16	Includes expenditures for both print and non-print items; the amount for non-print items cannot be disaggregated from the total. Includes \$345,102 for SIL collections and \$93,355 for non-SIL collections.
	17	Includes \$725,319 for SIL collections and \$87,425 for non-SIL collections.
	18	Includes \$13,765 for ILL and \$50,700 for preservation and conservation contracts.
	19	Includes \$50,565 for database searching, \$5,736 for document delivery, and \$131,881 for OCLC.
	24	During FY 1995, thirteen different students worked an estimated total of 3.5 FTE.
	25	Actual "on board" costs. Does not include any "lapsed salaries" due to vacancies. Lapsed salaries were reprogrammed for expenditures in other areas.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
SMITHSONIAN (cont'd)	26	Includes \$387,050 for the total of contract cataloging (\$383,350), and HOLLIS utility for serials check-in (\$3,700). The remaining \$305,472 includes expenditures for general, preservation, and automation supplies and equipment purchases, memberships, and miscellaneous contracts.
		Excludes \$1,233,591 for: health and medical benefits (\$974,089), travel (\$27,984), training (\$24,789), building maintenance (\$1,347), equipment maintenance and service (\$60,059), public and staff programs (\$28,111), and miscellaneous programs (\$117,212). Total funding from federal and private sources totaled \$7,938,007. \$860,229 of endowment and special purpose funds were carried forward to 1996.
	32	There is no formal bibliographic instruction program. Instruction is provided to patrons as needed.
	34	Includes any time spent on bibliographic instruction as the need arose, for individual or group.
	35-37	There is no reserve collection.
SOUTH CAROLINA		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,639,171.
	4	Includes the purchase of the second part of the Ross Roy Collection and of the F. Scott Fitzgerald Collection.
	26	Includes expenditures for a multi-media classroom and for an expansion of the student computer lab.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		Includes Law library, which is an administratively separate library located on Main Campus. Includes Health Sciences Library System, which is an administratively separate system and located on a separate Health Sciences Campus except for the Dental library, which is located on Main Campus.
		Excludes the Safety and Systems Management library.
		Basis of volume count in Main Campus and Law libraries is bibliographic; in Health Sciences library, it is physical.
	5-7	Includes 19,545 serials purchased and 3,629 serials received but not purchased for Main Campus and Health Sciences libraries. The Law library holds a total of 4,055 purchased and non-purchased serials.
	8	Increase due to purchase of large number of Serial set microfiche.
	12	Figure is unavailable for Main Campus. Figure for Law library is 33.
	15	Includes videos absorbed from collection at Cinema/TV school.
	28-30	Staff for special projects and grants totals five people.
	31	Increase in FTE is the result of opening a new library.
	32-34	Data are for Main Campus and Health Sciences libraries; Law library figures unavailable.
	35	Increase due to opening a new 24-hour library.
	36	Law library figure does not include renewals.
	40	Ph.D. figures are for 1993-94.
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS		Excludes School of Medicine library (Springfield), which is not administratively part of Library Affairs.
	1-3	Includes Government documents.
	4	Figure reflects title count.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS (cont'd)	6	Figure now includes titles in the law library not previously reported.
	40	1993-94 figure for Ph.D. degrees awarded revised to 156.
STANFORD		Figures include Hopkins Marine Station Library.
		All totals reflect 1991-92 figures for the Stanford Linear Accelerator Center, which was unable to report in 1992-93 or 1993-94.
		Medical and Law library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical and Law collections are an integral part of the main library.
	1-3, 5-8	Includes Government documents.
	16, 17	Figures are as of August 31, 1994.
	27	Includes \$116,110 in grant and contract funds.
	31	Includes 3.16 FTE paid from grant and contract funds.
SUNY-ALBANY		Includes the Dewey Graduate Library of Public Affairs and Policy on East campus.
	4	Figure reflects title count.
	19	Includes: ILL services, \$25,690; memberships, \$133,932; bibliographic utilities, \$180,646; computer-based reference services, *58,897; EAI tapes, \$19,500.
	22-23	As previously reported, salary breakdown is based on a percentage formula.
	25	Includes estimated 1.5 FTE professional, 5.3 FTF support staff, and 6.4 FTE student assistants in cost recovery positions and from grants.
SUNY-BUFFALO	7	Excludes Government documents.
	12-15	Figures are estimated.
·	19	Includes memberships (\$46,000) and bibliographic utilities and literature searching (\$165,898).
	25	Excludes federal work-study funding.
	40	Figure is as of June 30, 1995.
	42	1993-94 figure for number of faculty revised to 1,282.
SUNY-STONY BROOK	1, 3	Reflects extensive weeding project in Medical library.
	5	Includes all serials received by Medical library.
	6	Decrease reflects decline in number of print serials issued by GPO.
	9	Increase reflects change in formula used to count documents.
	13	Increase reflects 8,000 previously uncounted items from Special Collections.
	15	Includes 1,500 previously uncounted 16mm films.
	17, 20	Expenditure from base budget. Excludes \$276,480 paid by credit memos as result of previous year's cancellation project.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes	
SUNY-STONY BROOK (cont'd)	19	Includes some expenditures for bibliographic utilities and automation, literature searching, memberships, and binding. Excludes \$75,000 in binding reported here in previous years.	
	21	Includes \$75,000 from materials budget. In past years, this was reported in Miscellaneous materials expenditures (19).	
	25	Includes some retroactive payments and early retirement benefits.	
	27	Includes \$259,669 from income fund and grants.	
	28	Reflects early retirement and frozen personnal lines.	
	34	Includes reference statistics from branch libraries and other public service units not included in previous years.	
SYRACUSE		Total volume count is only figure that includes branch campus (the library of the Study Abroad program in Florence, Italy).	
	5, 6	Figures estimated.	
	11	Includes 15.000 linear feet of University Archives and 5,000 feet of Special Collections material in remote storage. Excludes School of Law manuscripts and archives.	
	22	Includes \$74,000 for Computing and Media Services staff.	
	26	Includes \$206,501 in one-time funding for computer hardware and \$536,503 in Computing and Media Services staff and operating expenses.	
	28	Includes 1.5 FTE professional staff in Computing and Media Services staff.	
	30	1993-94 figure for Student assistants revised to 45.	
	40	Excludes 248 J.D.s (College of Law).	
	42	1993-94 figure for Full-time instructional faculty revised to 891.	
	43	1993-94 figure for full-time students revised to 14,113.	
TEMPLE		Includes the Ambler and Tyler campuses.	
	15	Figure reflects the closing of the libraries' film collection.	
	18	Starting with FY1994-95, this figure now includes expenditures for electronic access to external online databases. It also includes Law library expenditures for other library materials, which were unavailable in FY1993-94.	
	40	Includes all academic doctoral degrees.	
TENNESSEE		Volumes held in June 30, 1994 revised to 2,072,363.	
		Includes Knoxville Campus only.	
	2	During latter part of year, cataloging concentrated on inventory of a large section of the database in preparation for system migration. This focus resulted in a substantial increase in withdrawn volumes and a related decrease in new cataloging volumes.	
	18	Figure cannot be disaggregated from Monograph expenditures (16) and Serials expenditures (17).	
	27	Includes \$448,410 from Restricted Accounts (e.g., endowed funds).	
	41	1993-94 figure for Ph.D. degrees awarded revised to 48.	



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes	
TEXAS		All figures are as of August 31, 1995 and include the General libraries, the Humanities Research Center, and the Tarlton Law Library.	
	4	Includes 42,663 monographic volumes purchased by the General libraries, 1,789 purchased by the Tarlton Law Library, and 1,069 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	5	Includes 21,031 Current serials purchased by the General libraries, 6,083 purchased by the Tarlton Law Library, and 302 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	6	Includes 21,110 serials received but not purchased by the General libraries, 3,268 received by the Tarlton Law Library, and 43 received by the Humanities Research Center.	
	16	Includes expenditures for monographs of \$2,027,571 by the General libraries, \$69,106 by the Tarlton Law Library, and \$66,850 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	17	Includes expenditures for Current serials of \$3,165,696 by the General libraries, \$673,458 by the Tarlton Law Library, and \$9,398 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	18	Includes expenditures of \$186,525 by the General libraries, \$43,287 by the Tarlton Law Library, and \$511,312 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	19	Includes expenditures of \$9,851 by the General libraries.	
	20	Includes expenditures of \$5,389,643 by the General libraries, \$785,851 by the Tarlton Law Library, and \$587,560 by the Humanities Research Center.	
	24	Includes federal work-study funds.	
	29	Includes 9.925 FTE staff hired on grant funds.	
	41	Includes Ed.D. degrees.	
	42	Budgeted FTE.	
TEXAS A&M		All figures are as of August 31, 1995.	
		Medical library is a separate academic entity.	
		Texas A&M University at Galveston is included.	
	6-7	Excludes uncataloged Government documents serials.	
	11, 13, 32, 33	Increases due to actual numbers now being reported, rather than estimates as in previous years.	
	26 *	Includes \$750,000 for Computer Services Center operation of NOTIS.	
	28-31	There was a temporary freeze in staff positions.	
	41	1993-94 figure for Ph.D. fields revised to 97.	
	42	Figure is based on nine months at 100% effort.	
TORONTO		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.	
		Includes only the libraries of the University within the President's budget; excludes those of the federated and affiliated institutions.	
	2, 3, 5	Includes monographic series and Government documents.	
	9	Included in Microform units (8).	
	18-19	Included in Monograph expenditures (16) and Serials expenditures (17).	



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes	
TORONTO (cont'd)	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$6,171,870; (17) \$7,231,458; (18) U/A; (19) U/A; (20) \$13,403,328; (21) \$368,308; (22) \$9,448,194; (23) \$13,289,069; (24) \$2,100,923; (25) \$24,838,186; (26) \$1,851,509; (27) \$40,456,331.	
TULANE	18	Includes database subscriptions and electronic materials in the law library.	
	23	Increase due to a major adjustment in support staff salaries throughout the university.	
UTAH		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,409,405.	
		Law and Medical libraries' statistics have been included with the main statistics since 1992-93.	
	1-3	Includes cataloged Government documents.	
	5-7	Includes Government documents.	
	17	1993-94 figure for Filled requests received revised to 12,753.	
VANDERBILT		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 2,276,710.	
		Main campus libraries included are: Central, Science, Divinity, Education, Management, Music, Special Collections, and University Archives.	
	2	Includes Government documents volumes not previously counted.	
	8	Reflects addition of Government documents not previously counted.	
	9	Figure has been adjusted downward to reflect the count in volumes held.	
	42	Full-time instructional faculty figure includes clinical faculty.	
VIRGINIA		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 4,068,390.	
	1	Includes 9,138 newly cataloged documents which were previously counted in Government documents (9).	
	5-7	Includes Government document serials. Includes monographic series in Health Sciences and Law libraries.	
	8	Includes Government documents in microformats.	
	9	Includes all U.S., international, and Virginia state documents in separate documents collection, excluding those represented by OPAC records.	
	17	Includes expenditures for monographic series in Health Sciences and Law libraries.	
	22-25	At Health Sciences library, some of the positions are not state-funded; in those positions, the fringe benefits are included in the expenditures.	
	33	1993-94 figure for Participants in group presentations revised to 10,967.	
VPI & SU		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 1,910,263.	
	2	1993-94 figure for Volumes added gross revised to 66,905.	
	5-7	Includes Government documents, based on ARL formula. Previously reported figures were estimates.	
	11	Figure represents an actual measurement of the collections, rather than an entire estimate as in previous years.	



INSTITUTION	QUESTION NUMBER	No'ı -s
VPI & SU (cont'd)	16	Includes firm order approval and blanket order monographs.
	19	Includes bibliographic utilities (\$120,000), literature searching, membership dues (ARL, CNI, CRL), interlibrary loans, postage and handling, and VPI dissertation filming.
	41	In addition to the reported 47 fields in which Ph.D.s can be awarded, Ed.D.s can be awarded in 6 fields and D.V.M.s can be awarded in 1 field.
WASHINGTON	4, 9-15, 32, 35-37, 40-41	Excludes Law library.
	34	Law library figure only. Excludes Main/Medical libraries.
	42-46	Excludes Medical library.
WASHINGTON STATE		Excludes branch campuses at Spokane, Tri-Cities, and Vancouver.
	12-15	Figures include Manuscripts, Archives, and Special Collection items in addition to Media Materials Services collection.
	16-27	Includes expenditures for CD-ROMs, Microforms, and Manuscripts and archives items.
	18	Media Materials Services films and videos only.
	19	CRL membership dues.
	26	Includes Friends of the Library and library development funds.
WASHINGTON UST. LOUIS	4, 6	Figures unavailable for all libraries.
	9	Separate figures are for Social Work library only.
	18	Separate figures unavailable for central library.
	19	Includes bibliographic utilities, searching, retrospective conversion, interlibrary loan, and document delivery. These expenditures could not be separated for some libraries and appear in Other operating expenditures (26).
	32-35	Figures unavailable for some departmental libraries.
	36	Circulation and reserve transactions combined for departmental libraries (online system does not separate transactions. Total departments under central administration transactions = 128,462.)
	37	Separate figures unavailable for libraries under Central Administration and are included in Total circulations (36).
WATERLOO	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,422,485; (17) \$2,753,741; (18) U/A; (19) \$249,997; (20) 4,426,223; (21) \$118,849; (22) \$2,392,281; (23) \$3,343,027; (24) \$495,131; (25) \$6,230,439; (26) \$856,615; (27) \$11,632,124.
	28	1993-94 figure for Professional staff revised to 43.
	29	1993-94 figure for Support staff revised to 121.
WAYNE STATE		All figures are as of September 30, 1995.
•		Includes Reuther Archives of Labor and Urban Affairs and College of Pharmacy and Allied Health Professionals.



Institution	QUESTION NUMBER	Notes
WAYNE STATE (cont'd)		Medical and Law library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical and Law collections are an integral part of the Main library.
	1-7	Includes Government documents, based on sampling.
	18	Figure cannot be disaggregated from Monograph expenditures (16) and Serial expenditures (17).
WESTERN ONTARIO		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.
		Medical library statistics cannot be disaggregated from the main statistics, as the Medical collection is an integral part of the Sciences library.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,661,866; (17) \$4,163,755; (18) U/A; (19) U/A; (20) \$5,825,621; (21) \$178,087; (22) U/A; (23) U/A; (24) U/A; (25) \$8,144,459; (26) \$1,002,063; (27) \$15,150,230 .
WISCONSIN		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 5,538,295.
	1	Includes maps not included in Cartographic (12).
	7-9	Some government document serials are assigned Library of Congress numbers and are in the serials count.
	12	Includes maps not included in Volumes held June 30, 1995 (1).
YALE		Volumes held June 30, 1994 revised to 9,485,823.
	16-19	1993-94 figures for Monograph expenditures (16) revised to \$3,494,000; Serials expenditures (17) revised to \$4,519,000; Other library materials (18) revised to \$3,447,000; Miscellaneous expenditures (19) revised to \$0.
YORK		All figures are as of April 30, 1995.
		Includes Glendon Campus.
	13	Additional holdings 1,137 linear feet.
	16-27	Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$1,658,218; (17) \$2,831,250; (18) \$400,681; (19) \$256,934; (20) \$5,147,083; (21) \$206,376; (22) \$3,251,578; (23) \$4,427,725; (24) \$851,449; (25) \$8,530,752; (26) \$1,571,857; (27) \$15,456,068.
	26	Includes bibliographic utilities (Can. \$112,171), online searching (Can. \$4,648), and tattletapes (Can. \$13,288).



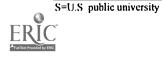
### **APPENDIX A**

## THE ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES

The Association of Research Libraries (ARL) represents the interests of 119 libraries that serve major North American research institutions. ARL operates as a forum for the exchange of ideas and as an agent for collective action to influence the forces affecting the ability of these libraries to meet the future needs of scholarship. The ARL Statistics and Measurement Program is organized around identifying, collecting, analyzing, and distributing quantifiable information describing the characteristics of research libraries. The program offers publications and special member services, and collaborates with other national and international library statistics programs. Data collected include salaries, library holdings, expenditures, staff, interlibrary lending, and preservation activities.

The members of the Association are:

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Alabama	S	University of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Alabama
Alberta	C	University of Alberta	Edmonton Alberta
Arizona	S	University of Arizona	Tucson, Arizona
Arizona State	S	Arizona Śtate University	Tempe, Arizona
Auburn	S	Auburn University	Auburn, Alabama
Boston	P	Boston University	Boston, Massachusetts
Brigham Young	P	Brigham Young Úniversity	Provo, Utah
British Columbia	C	University of British Columbia	Vancouver, British Columbia
Brown	P	Brown University	Providence, Rhode Island
California, Berkeley	S	University of California, Berkeley	Berkeley, California
California, Davis	S	University of California, Davis	Davis, California
California, Irvine	S	University of California, Irvine	Irvine, California
California, Los Angeles	S	University of California, Los Angeles	Los Angeles, California
California, Riverside	S	University of California, Riverside	Riverside, California
California, San Diego	S	University of California, San Diego	La Jolla, California
California, Santa Barbara		University of California, Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara, California
Case Western Reserve	P	Case Western Reserve University	Cleveland, Ohio
Chicago	P	University of Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Cincinnati	S	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, Ohio
Colorado	S	University of Colorado	Boulder, Colorado
Colorado State	S	Colorado State University	Fort Collins, Colorado
Columbia	P	Columbia University	New York, New York
Connecticut	S	University of Connecticut	Storrs, Connecticut
Cornell	P	Cornell University	lthaca, New York
Dartmouth	P	Dartmouth College	Hanover, New Hampshire
Delaware	S	University of Delaware	Newark, Delaware
Duke	P	Duke University	Durham, North Carolina
Emory	P	Emory University	Atlanta, Georgia
Florida	S	University of Florida	Gainesville, Florida
Florida State	S	Florida State University	Tallahassee, Florida
Georgetown	Р	Georgetown University	Washington, DC
Georgia	S	University of Georgia	Athens, Georgia
Georgia Tech	S	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta, Georgia
Guelph	<u>c</u>	University of Guelph	Guelph, Ontario
Harvard	P	Harvard University	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Hawaii	S	University of Hawaii	Honolulu, Hawaii
Houston	S	University of Houston	Houston, Texas
Howard	P	Howard University	Washington, DC
Illinois, Chicago	S	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Illinois, Urbana	S	University of Illinois at Urbana	Urbana, Illinois
Indiana	S	Indiana University	Bloomington, Indiana
Iowa	S	University of Iowa	lowa City, Iowa
lowa State	S	Iowa State University	Ames, Iowa
Johns Hopkins	P	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore, Maryland
Kansas	P	University of Kansas	Lawrence, Kansas
Kent State	S	Kent State University	Kent, Ohio
Kentucky	S	University of Kentucky	Lexington, Kentucky
Laval	C	Laval University	Quebec
Louisiana State	S	Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, Louisiana
McGill	C	McGill University	Montreal, Quebec
McMaster	C	McMaster University	Hamilton, Ontario
Manitoba	C	University of Manitoba	Winnipeg, Manitoba
Maryland	Ş	University of Maryland	College Park, Maryland
Massachusetts	S P	University of Massachusetts	Amherst, Massachusetts
MIT	l' P	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Miami	ľ	University of Miami	Coral Gables, Florida



P=U.S. private university

N=U.S. nonuniversity library

C=Canadian university

X=Canadian nonuniversity

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Michigan	S	University of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Michigan
Michigan State	S	Michigan State University	East Lansing, Michigan
Minnesota	S	University of Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Missouri	S	University of Missouri	Columbia, Missouri
Nebraska	S	University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, Nebraska
New Mexico	S	University of New Mexico	Albuquerque, New Mexico
New York	P	New York University	New York, New York Chapel Hill, North Carolina
North Carolina	S S	University of North Carolina	Raleigh, North Carolina
North Carolina State	P	North Carolina State University Northwestern University	Evanston, Illinois
Northwestern Notre Dame	P	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame, Indiana
Ohio State	Ś	Ohio State University	Columbus, Ohio
Oklahoma	S S S	University of Oklahoma	Norman, Oklahoma
Oklahoma State	Š	Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, Oklahoma
Oregon	S	University of Oregon	Eugene, Oregon
Pennsylvania	P	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania State	S	Pennsylvania State University	University Park, Pennsylvania
Pittsburgh	S	University of Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Princeton	P	Princeton University	Princeton, New Jersey
Purdue	S	Purdue University	West Lafayette, Indiana
Queen's	С	Queen's University	Kingston, Ontario
Rice	P	Rice University	Houston, Texas
Rochester	P	University of Rochester	Rochester, New York
Rutgers	S	Rutgers University	New Brunswick, New Jersey
Saskatchewan	C	University of Saskatchewan	Saskatoon, Saskatchewan Columbia, South Carolina
South Carolina	S P	University of South Carolina	Los Angeles, California
Southern California	S	University of Southern California Southern Illinois University	Carbondale, Illinois
Southern Illinois Stanford	P	Stanford University	Stanford, California
SUNY-Albany	s	State University of New York at Albany	Albany, New York
SUNY-Buffalo	Š	State University of New York at Buffalo	Buffalo, New York
SUNY-Stony Brook	Š	State University of New York at Stony Brook	Stony Brook, New York
Syracuse	P	Syracuse University	Syracuse, New York
Temple	S	Temple University	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Tennessee	S S S	University of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tennessee
Texas	S	University of Texas	Austin, Texas
Texas A&M	S	Texas A&M University	College Station, Texas
Toronto	C P	University of Toronto	Toronto, Ontario
Tulane		Tulane University	New Orleans, Louisiana
Utah	S	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, Utah
Vanderbilt	P S	Vanderbilt University	Nashville, Tennessee
Virginia	S	University of Virginia Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	Charlottesville, Virginia Blacksburg, Virginia
VPI & SU	S	University of Washington	Seattle, Washington
Washington State	S	Washington State University	Pullman, Washington
Washington State Washington USt. Louis		Washington University	St. Louis, Missouri
Waterloo	c .	University of Waterloo	Waterloo, Ontario
Wayne State	Š	Wayne State University	Detroit, Michigan
Western Ontario	C	University of Western Ontario	London, Ontario
Wisconsin	S	University of Wisconsin	Madison, Wisconsin
Yale	P	Yale University	New Haven, Connecticut
York	С	York University	North York, Ontario
Boston Public Library	N	Boston Public Library	Boston, Massachusetts
Canada Inst. for SciTec		Canada Inst. for Scientific & Technical Information	Ottawa, Ontario
Center for Research Lib		Center for Research Libraries	Chicago, Illinois
Library of Congress	N N	Library of Congress	Washington, DC
Linda Hall Library	N N	Linda Hall Library	Kansas City, Missouri Beltsville, Maryland
Natl. Agricultural Lib.	N X	National Agricultural Library National Library of Canada	Ottawa, Ontario
Natl. Library of Canada Natl. Library of Medicii		National Library of Medicine	Bethesda, Maryland
New York Public Librar		New York Public Library	New York, New York
New York State Library		New York State Library	Albany, New York
Smithsonian Institution		Smithsonian Institution	Washington, DC



S=U S. public university

ARL STATISTICS

ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES

ISSN 0147-2135

1994-95

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



